

ANNUAL REPORT 2019

hrcnz
Health Research Council
of New Zealand
Te Kaunihera Rangahau Hauora o Aotearoa

For the year ended
30 June 2019

Presented to the House of Representatives pursuant to
Section 38 of the Health

Research Council Act 1990 and Section 150(3) of the Crown
Entities Act 2004



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Foreword

From our chair

It has been another busy year for the HRC, and this report shows that we have achieved a great deal over the past 12 months. One of our key achievements has been to complete the work required to develop the New Zealand Health Research Prioritisation Framework, which will be announced later in 2019. This was done with the support of the Ministry of Health and Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment, as part of our joint efforts to implement the New Zealand Health Research Strategy (NZHRS). The two national consultation processes that we ran to underpin this work taught us a great deal about how we can improve health research delivery in this country and better involve communities in the research process. This knowledge will shape our thinking as we align with the framework in the year ahead.

I would like to thank everyone who took the time and effort to provide input into this landmark project. It is the first of ten actions under the NZHRS that will transform our health research landscape, resulting in a better, more connected health research system that meets the needs of our diverse population.

A huge thank you to the HRC's committees for their outstanding work this year running robust and impartial funding processes, advising on key policy, safety and ethical issues, and building our research workforce. Together with the scores of experts that advise on funding decisions, they are responsible for maintaining a safe and ethical health research environment in New Zealand and identifying the outstanding science and people that we support.

I must also thank two women who have made an outstanding contribution to the HRC. This year we said farewell to Council member Suzanne Snively, ONZM, who has been a committed and hardworking member of Council since 2010, as well as a member and acting chair of the HRC's Risk Management and Assurance Committee.

Suzanne's input and carefully considered advice to Council has been invaluable. Replacing Suzanne on Council is Dr Alison Dewes.

We also said goodbye to our outgoing chief executive, Professor Kath McPherson. Kath dedicated nearly five years to the Health Research Council, inspiring the team with her guidance and leadership through a time of significant change for health research. The Council thanks Kath for championing health research and the HRC both on a national and international stage, and for the numerous changes she has made that have enhanced the way the HRC operates and the impact that we can make. I speak for the entire Council when I say that we have greatly enjoyed working with her.



Dr Lester Levy, CNZM

Chair

From our acting chief executive

The HRC is a small organisation that packs a big punch, and the pages of this report are filled with examples of the impact that HRC-funded research is having.

Over the past year Dr Levy and Professor McPherson have met with leaders from health research funders nationally and internationally, sharing ideas and gaining their valuable input into the work that the HRC is doing for New Zealand.

In 2019, we held the first meeting of the HRC's newly appointed International Health Research Advisory Committee, an elite group of individuals at the forefront of health research policy around the world. Their guidance will ensure that the HRC keeps pace with international developments and reaps the benefits of greater international connectivity and dialogue.

We have made some changes to our investment processes in the past year, extending the implementation of our impact criterion to cover all contracts and introducing a Māori Health Advancement criterion for Programme applications to the 2020 round. These changes will help applicants and the HRC to better quantify and maximise the potential impact of research investments. This is crucial to addressing some of the greatest health disparities in New Zealand. We also started a cultural audit of the HRC's practices and processes in 2018/19, which will influence how we operate going forward.

Working with the Ministry of Health and MBIE, we have made a lot of progress in implementing the New Zealand Health Research Strategy 2017-2027. The New Zealand

Health Research Prioritisation Framework has been completed and will soon be announced. I would like to say a big thank you to the Development Group who brought their considerable skills and expertise to bear on the task and gave the New Zealand health research sector a unique and practical tool to guide us to 2027, and beyond.

I would also like to thank our former Chief Executive, Kath McPherson. She guided us through another busy, challenging and productive year and her leadership and wit will be missed.



Dr Vernon Choy

Acting Chief Executive and
Director Research Investments
and Contracts

About the HRC

The Health Research Council of New Zealand (HRC) is the Government's principal funder of health research. We were established through the Health Research Council Act 1990 (the Act) and have since built rigorous and equitable investment processes that ensure taxpayers' dollars are spent on the health research and people that will make a real difference to New Zealand.

Appendix 1 provides our full **statutory functions under the Act**, the principal ones are to:

1. advise the Minister of Health on **national health research policy**
2. advise on **health research priorities** for New Zealand
3. **initiate and support health research**
4. foster the **recruitment, training and retention of health researchers** in New Zealand
5. **consult widely when setting the priorities for health research**, including with our Ministers, the District Health Boards, stakeholders and consumers
6. ensure that all our committees **use appropriate assessment standards**.

As a **Crown agent**, we are answerable to the **Minister of Health, as our ownership minister**, and the **Minister of Science and Innovation, who provides most of our funding** through Vote Business, Science and Innovation.

At any one time, **we manage some 300 health research contracts, and 100 more targeted on career development**.

Our investment provides research opportunities and training for about 2000 health researchers and health professionals every year. Our contracts are mostly with universities, but also with non-government organisations, Māori and Pacific research organisations and communities, and private research institutes. We are recognised internationally as **leaders in building indigenous health research capacity** through the targeted processes we have developed to support Māori research paradigms.

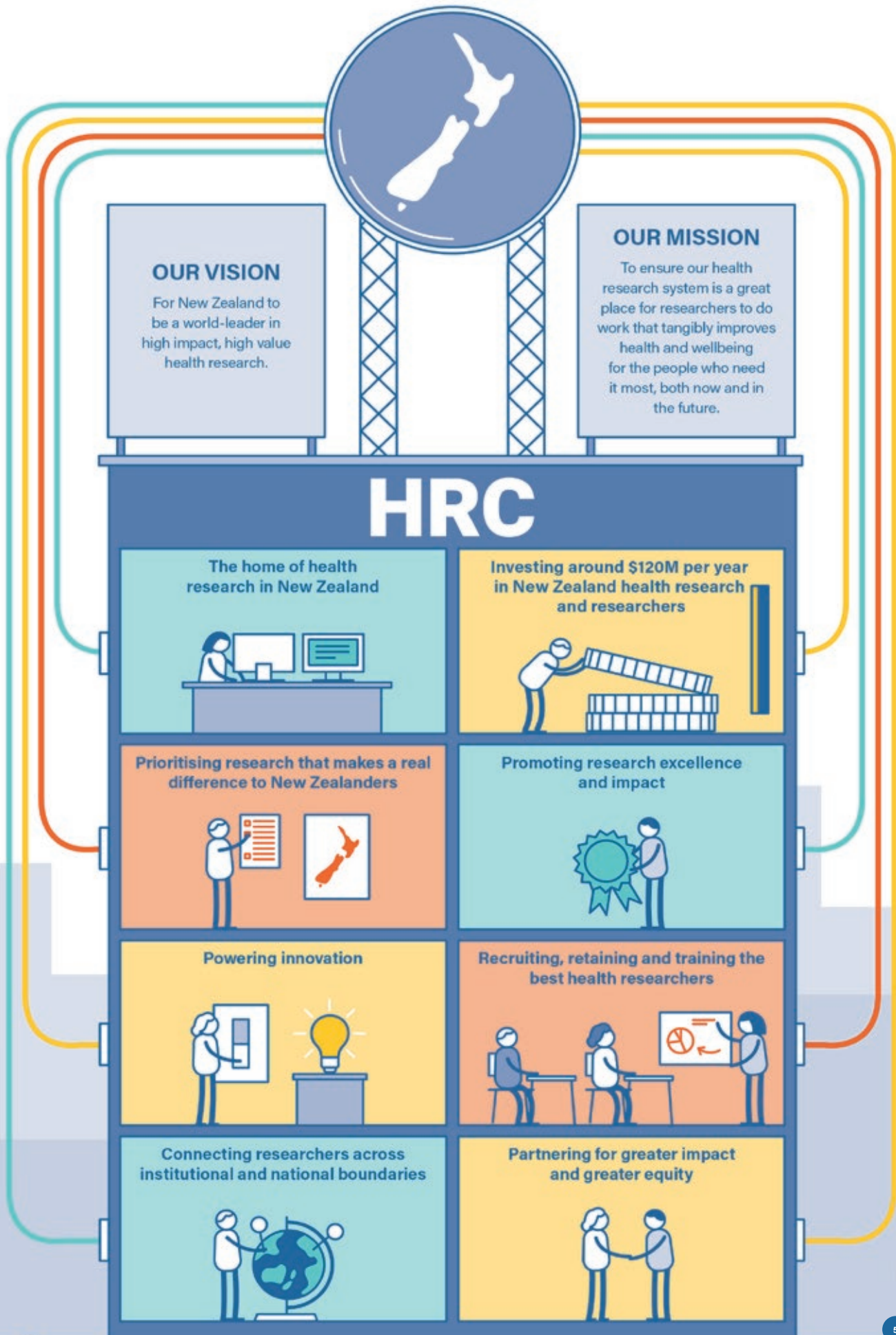
Our core activity is to invest in excellent health research that addresses the health needs of all New Zealanders, and support innovations that will boost New Zealand's economy. We also **have a crucial role in maintaining a safe and ethical health research environment** in New Zealand, **advising the Minister of Health on the uptake of new health technologies, and ensuring the safety of large clinical trials**.

The HRC is the conduit that connects health research activity in New Zealand. We anticipate the needs of our stakeholders and take every opportunity to partner with others to maximise the use of limited resources and share our investment processes and expertise for the best results possible.

Another major area of focus for the HRC is the **translation of research findings** into improvements in healthcare at every level. We do this by training and engaging clinicians in research, partnering with our stakeholders to involve them in designing knowledge solutions, and communicating our findings to our ultimate stakeholder — the New Zealand public.

We aim to serve New Zealand in the best way we can by supporting the research that will help to build a healthy future both now, and for future generations.

The HRC at a glance





Part 1: Driving impact

We named our goals 'Key Decision Drivers' because they drive everything that we do. In Part 1, we report great progress in 'making a difference', 'stimulating growth' and 'increasing engagement and connection' – the three drivers of our strategic vision. We focus our reporting on the priorities that our Ministers have set for us in 2018/19 and beyond.

Our Ministers' expectations for 2018/19

New Zealanders are concerned about the increasing unaffordability of primary health services, regional inequity of access to secondary health services, and inadequate mental health service provision nationwide.

Hon Dr David Clark and Hon Dr Megan Woods,
Letter of Expectations to the HRC 2018/19

We had clear instructions from our Ministers in 2018/19 to focus on some key areas for the Government which guide our activities and our reporting:

- Primary care
- Mental health
- Public delivery of health services
- Improving equity of outcomes.

We were also asked to:

- address climate change and health, taking a broad view of risks to human health and an ecosystem-wide approach to the interaction between humans, animals and the environment ('one health').
- maintain a team approach across government and the health sector to increase efficiency and effectiveness and ensure that existing infrastructure, platforms and systems meet the Government's priorities.
- clearly demonstrate how we are supporting the priorities, actions and outcomes of the New Zealand Health Research Strategy.

We have focused on these issues when reporting our performance in Part 1 of the report. The Health Research Council Investment Impact Report provides more information about the impact that our investment is making (available from our website: www.hrc.govt.nz).

Our drivers

The HRC's Statement of Intent 2017–2021 sets out our three strategic drivers of:

- Making a difference (new knowledge with clear pathways to impact for health and economic gain)

- Stimulating growth (building a healthy research ecosystem, with the people, capacity, skills and opportunities that we need for a healthier, more prosperous future)
- Increasing engagement and connection (adding value to realise our collective potential)

Under each driver, we set focus areas for our efforts and these provide the framework for reporting on our performance. Our Key Decision Drivers, and how they fit with our four funding outputs and funding inputs, are shown on page 11.

Our Research Investment Streams

Our investments are mapped to four Research Investment Streams (RIS). The approximate percentage budgets for these are shown in brackets.



Health and wellbeing in New Zealand

(30–35%) – Preventing illness and injury and reducing the burden on our health system. Keeping New Zealanders healthy and independent for longer is the major focus, but highly innovative research on how the human body functions in health and disease is also supported, often leading to new diagnostics, drug targets or medical technologies.



Improving outcomes for acute and chronic conditions in New Zealand

(35–40%) – Understanding, prevention, diagnosis and management of acute and chronic conditions, particularly those causing the greatest burden for New Zealand people.



New Zealand health delivery

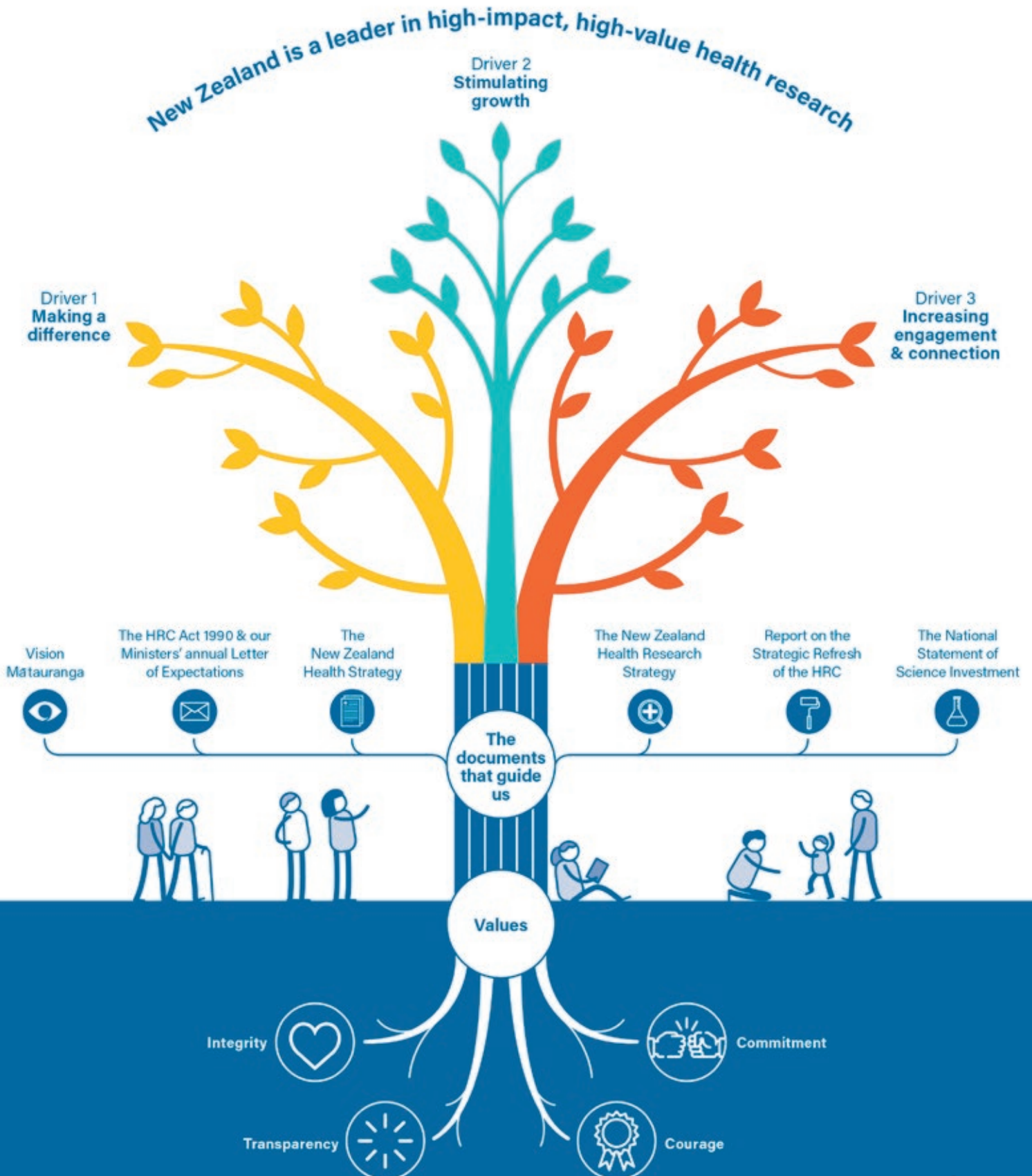
(20%) – Research to improve the health system and service delivery in the short term.



Rangahau Hauora Māori

(10%) – Improving Māori health outcomes and quality of life by building the knowledge and skills needed to reduce health disparities and realise the benefits of Māori paradigms and traditional knowledge for all New Zealanders.

The key elements of the HRC's performance framework



Our investments in 2018/19

The HRC's Statement of Performance Expectations for 2018/19 describes our funding opportunities in detail and what we aim to achieve through each. In 2018/19, we allocated a total of \$101.2 million through four Outputs:

- Output 1: Health research contracts (our main funding round)
- Output 2: Career development contracts
- Output 3: Co-funding relationships (our Partnership Programme and international relationships funding rounds)
- Output 4: Contribution to policy, regulatory and ethical frameworks (our ethics and regulatory committees)

Details about funding through these outputs is provided in the Statement of Service Performance (page 41) and the Financial Statements (page 53).

A separate fund for **Research Contract Management** supports the operations of the HRC, funding processes, assessment, committees, consultation and strategic relations, and staff salaries.

We opened 16 funding rounds in 2018/19, but our **annual funding round for Projects and Programmes, Explorer Grants, Emerging Research First Grants and Feasibility Studies** was where we allocated most of our funding from Output 1 (\$89.7 million or 89 per cent of the total).

In 2018/19, we **targeted \$10.4 million for Māori-led health research through the Rangahau Hauora Māori RIS**. This investment is made through tailored Māori investment processes, including ensuring that assessment and funding recommendations are made by Māori. The HRC does this in response to Articles 1-3 of *Te Tiriti o Waitangi* and because of the value and unique opportunities afforded by mātauranga Māori for health research in New Zealand and around the globe. The knowledge generated by this research is essential to addressing health inequity in New Zealand.

We also **targeted \$1.2 million for Pacific-led health research through Pacific Project Grants**. This is needed to help address the persistent health inequities that exist for Pacific peoples, and to learn from Pacific health paradigms, research methodologies and models of care. Assessment and funding recommendations for these grants are made by Pacific reviewers.

We continued funding four **Independent Research Organisations (IROs)** through the IRO Capability Fund. These organisations have secured seven years of funding by demonstrating significant research capabilities that support national outcomes. We have continued our longstanding support of the country's two largest **longitudinal studies** and are also contributing funds to the Growing Up in New Zealand Study and the Pacific Islands Family Study. Over the past 10 years, we have invested \$40.2 million in longitudinal research programmes.

Through our **Partnership Programme** we continued to meet the specific knowledge needs of government and non-government partners, with calls for proposals throughout the year. We contributed a total of \$1.1 million to partnership initiatives and, as our contribution was matched with almost two dollars for every dollar by funding partners, the total amount invested was \$3.2 million.

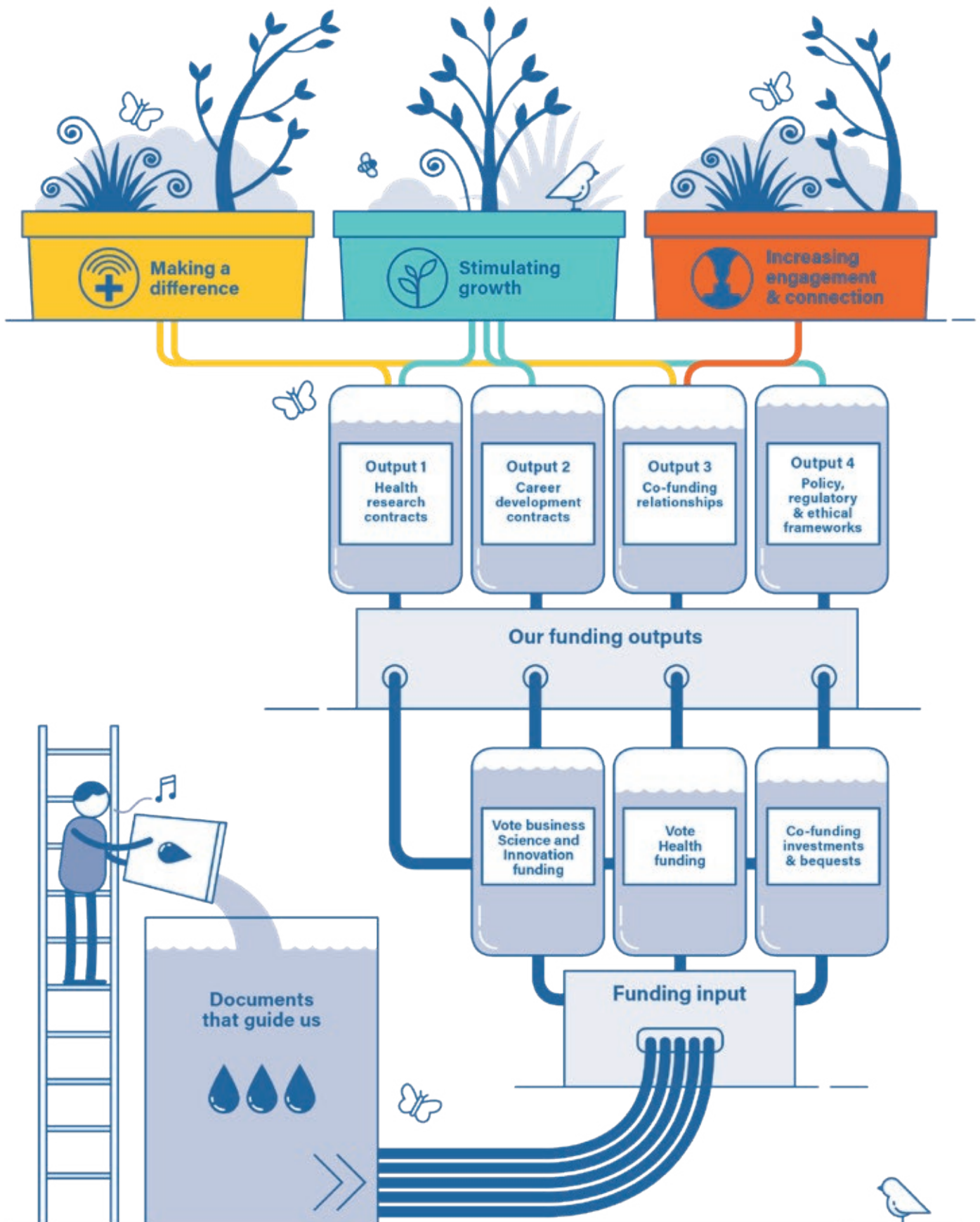
We also invested \$0.5 million through **international partnerships** to link New Zealand researchers with global health research efforts and enable them to access equipment and expertise that may not be available within our shores.

Over the past year we have allocated \$10.1 million through our comprehensive **career development programme**. Through this programme we partner with Māori to build research capacity and capability for Māori-led research and solutions. Another major focus of this programme is building the Pacific health research workforce. The programme also supports clinicians to gain research training and experience and nurture the next generation of research leaders through our prestigious postdoctoral fellowships.

Through the Vision Mātauranga Capability Fund we invested \$1.01 million, including \$0.38 million in Ngā Kanohi Kitea grants to support iwi, hapū, and Māori community groups to address community-identified health needs. We are about to embark on a redesign of this funding opportunity to grow opportunities for communities to engage in research and deliver maximum benefit and value for those communities.

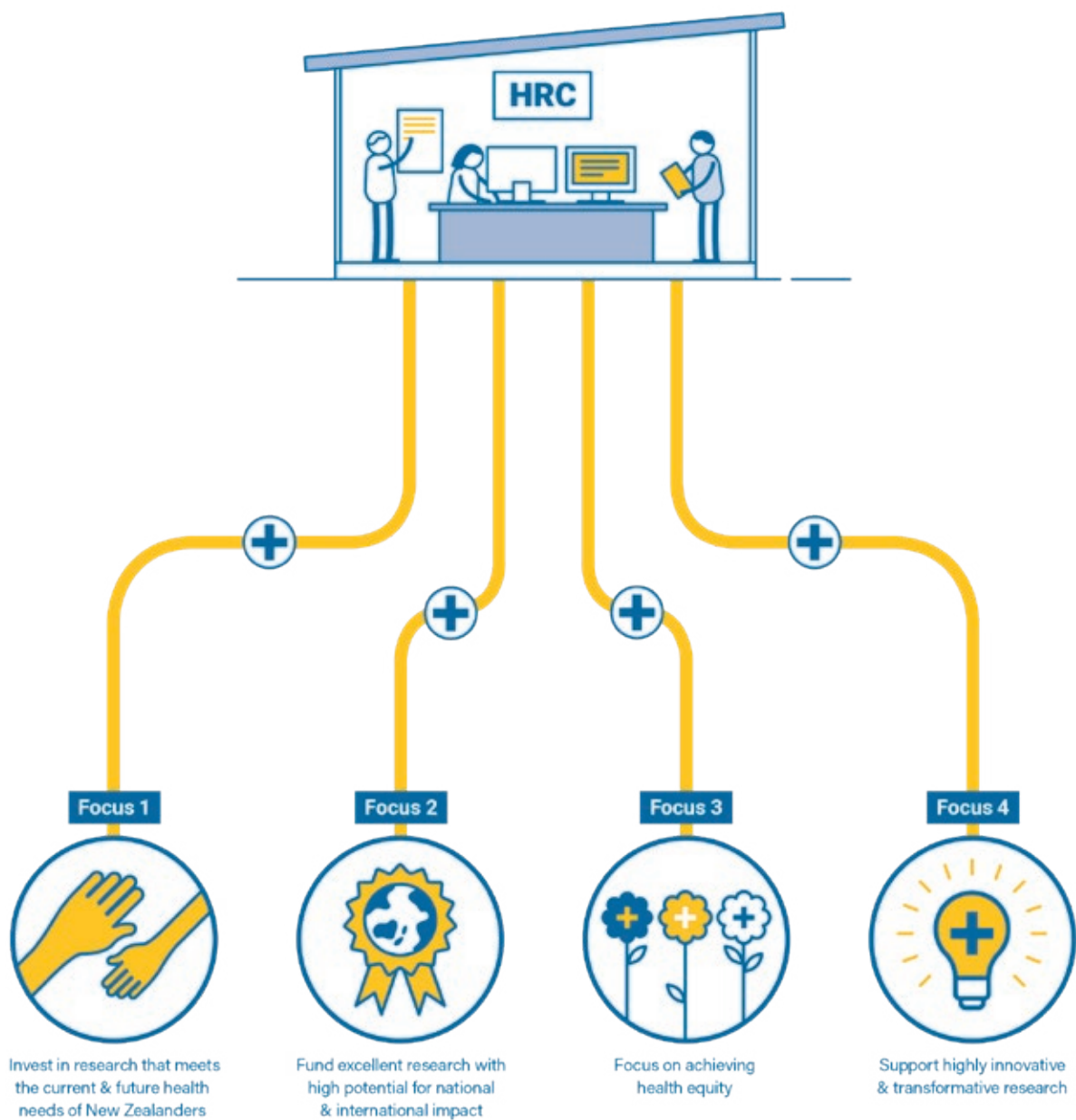
Key decision drivers

New Zealand is a leader in high-impact, high-value health research





Driver 1: Making a difference



What we set out to achieve

If we are successful, New Zealand will have a better, more cost-effective healthcare system, underpinned by the knowledge needed to provide the highest standard of care and reduce unnecessary waste. New Zealanders will be getting a bigger bang for their research buck, knowing that every dollar is addressing the issues that matter most to them. Everyone will have a means of contributing to this more focused agenda and helping to shape the research that drives it. Our top researchers will continue to operate at the frontiers of knowledge, providing hope in diseases previously thought incurable, and directly growing our economy through their remarkable innovations.

Making a difference: HRC Statement of Intent 2017-2021



Focus 1: Invest in research that meets the current and future health needs of New Zealanders

Addressing the issues that matter most to New Zealanders

Reporting in this section is focused on the issues that our Ministers' have identified as being a priority in 2018/19. In the past year, we have additionally invested in a wide range of issues important to New Zealanders, including adding to major portfolios of research focused on cancer, cardiovascular disease and diabetes.

Setting national health research priorities for New Zealand

A key tool in our efforts to ensure that every dollar invested is addressing issues that matter most to New Zealanders is the **New Zealand Health Research Prioritisation Framework, which has now been completed**, and will be announced later in 2019. We led this work with support from the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment under Action 1 of the New Zealand Health Research Strategy (NZHRS): *Prioritise investments through an inclusive priority-setting process*. A diverse committee of thirteen national experts, the independent Development Group, created the framework.

This work is the culmination of a process that involved a review of international best-practice in establishing health research priorities, three consultation processes

(two national) and the involvement of a wide range of national and international experts to advise the committees responsible for making the key decisions. In addition to health researchers, **feedback came from research funders, non-government organisations, consumers, government agencies, clinicians and allied health professionals, public health organisations, Māori health organisations and research experts and leaders from Māori communities, Pacific research experts and communities, and the disability sector**. The Development Group carefully considered all submissions, at times radically revising the framework based on the feedback received.

In accordance with accepted best practice internationally, the New Zealand Health Research Prioritisation Framework sets priorities for research and infrastructure together.

The framework focuses on how and why we do health research in New Zealand, and leaves what we research at the discretion of contributors. The health research landscape is divided into Domains, each with high-level aims for research and infrastructure to guide activities and provide a coordinated structure for reporting and tracking progress. Research attributes define how research should be done in New Zealand, setting roles and responsibilities for funders, research providers and research teams. Strong themes run throughout the framework, including reducing health inequities, putting whānau and communities at the centre of health delivery, promoting innovation, and ensuring that we are prepared for the challenges and opportunities of the future.

In the coming year, we will focus on implementing the framework as we review and align our policies, funding opportunities and investment processes. In keeping with our leadership role in implementing Action 1 of the NZHRS, we will also work with other agencies to familiarise them with the Prioritisation Framework, share information and methods, and support them in aligning their own processes.

Better mental health and wellbeing for all New Zealanders

Over the past five years we've invested over \$33 million in addressing mental health issues, building capacity to undertake research and translating knowledge into practice. Much of the research we fund is aimed at reducing the pressure on mental health services by intervening earlier to prevent serious illness and the need for intensive or residential treatment, reaching New Zealanders who are not currently accessing help, and using technology and tools that are efficient - in terms of both time to administer and cost.

The 81 contracts funded covered many important areas, from building resilience and reducing family violence, to reducing the risks of self-harm, suicide and substance abuse for our young and most vulnerable citizens, and revolutionising the way that we diagnose mental health conditions. There has also been **a strong focus on equity and embracing Māori concepts of hauora and cultural determinants when searching for solutions to New Zealand's mental health challenges.**

Partnering to addressing inequities in mental health outcomes

In 2017, we launched the first initiative as a member of the Global Alliance for Chronic Diseases (GACD) – a collaboration of 14 health research funding agencies from around the world. We partnered with the Ministry of Health to answer the GACD call for research on mental health.

The joint fund provided up to \$2 million for research to better support Māori and Pacific youth with mental health problems, including depression, anxiety, schizophrenia

and bipolar affective disorders. Some outcomes are already available from these contracts.

Professor Felicity Goodyear-Smith was supported to explore the feasibility and acceptability of YouthCHAT – an electronic screening tool - across primary care settings with large Māori populations. In designing the research, her hope was that the e-screening tool would **reach those adolescents who aren't currently accessing help.** In New Zealand, suicide is a leading cause of death for youth aged 15-24, while depression and anxiety affect one in four young people. Māori males living in deprived areas have the highest rates of suicide and disproportionate rates of depressive symptoms.

Preliminary findings for the study have now been published. **YouthCHAT appears to be easy to use and culturally safe.** The inclusion of a resource pack means the clinician can provide appropriate interventions – starting with the most effective and least resource-intensive – and stepping up the level of intervention if required. Importantly, **YouthCHAT is partially modifiable, allowing community providers, users and stakeholders to provide input and tailor it for different contexts and our unique New Zealand communities.** The study is due to be completed in 2021.

In June 2019, a Request for Proposals opened for the newly established **HRC and Ministry of Social Development Māori Mental Health Research Emerging Leader Fellowship.** This fellowship is designed to support the **development of Māori mental health research knowledge,** with a specific emphasis on equity and Māori health research processes that support improving Māori mental health and the social care delivery system. Results will be announced in December 2019.



A breakdown of 5 years of HRC investment in mental health research and capacity building (2015 to 2019 contracts)

Better diagnosis and treatments

The National Institute of Mental Health (NIMH) in the USA has responded to wide-spread criticism of symptom-based diagnosis of mental disorders with a framework for new approaches – the Research Domain Criteria (RDoC). The idea behind this is to integrate as many levels of information as possible to make a diagnosis, including biological markers, genetic information and self-reported symptoms, and draw them together to **replace current diagnostic systems based on subjective judgement of symptoms by clinicians.**

Professor Neil McNaughton and his team have used their HRC grant to address this by creating a biological diagnostic marker for anxiety – one of the most common mental illnesses in the Western world. Their marker uses electroencephalography (EEG) technology to record electrical rhythms in the brain during specific parts of the anxiety process, and these patterns can be used to identify clinical groups and test drug effectiveness. The marker is modified exactly as expected by administration of anti-anxiety drugs and demonstrates the long-suspected link between neuroticism and the risk of developing anxiety. **This is a major step towards achieving a reliable diagnostic test for individuals with anxiety,** and a valuable means to develop questionnaires and other specific, and more objective, diagnostic tools.

In 2018/19, Professor McNaughton's team used this biomarker to test their assumptions about the involvement of specific brain structures in the 'threat approach' system, improving our understanding of the underlying causes of anxiety.

Climate change and mental health

"Migration is an indirect impact of climate change. One estimate is that 75 million people from the Asia-Pacific region will be forced to migrate by 2050 because of it. Much of the health research done to date has largely focused on the physical health problems associated with climate change – the mental health impacts have only recently been recognised."

– Dr Jemaima Tiatia-Seath

New Zealand could become a potential relocation destination for many Pacific peoples displaced from their homelands by rising sea levels and other climate-change related natural disasters.

In 2018/19, Dr Jemaima Tiatia-Seath received a Pacific Project grant from the HRC to **explore how New Zealand could ready its health system to best support the mental health needs of Pacific 'climate-change migrants'.** Her study will involve research sites in New Zealand, Niue and the Cook Islands.



Dr Jemaima Tiatia-Seath

"Very few people in the Pacific region will be unaffected by climate change, particularly as half the population live within 1.5 kilometres of the ocean. Rapid rises in sea level, more severe cyclones and floods, and changes to seasonal weather are all occurring in the Pacific and are attributed to climate change," says Dr Tiatia-Seath.

Dr Tiatia-Seath says Pacific peoples forced to relocate will likely be at **higher risk of negative mental health challenges due to the cultural loss and stress of climate-induced migration.**

An understanding of this issue in New Zealand's mental health sector is vital. Mental health services will need to cater to Pacific climate change migrants in culturally-inclusive ways and recognise the new challenges that migration and forced relocation will bring to the already visible barriers to mental health access for Pacific peoples.

Climate change is predicted to have a substantial negative effect on global mental health. **This study gives New Zealand the chance to get on the front-foot and prepare our health system for the mental health challenges that climate change will likely have on Pacific communities.**

Providing the evidence needed to improve public delivery of health services

Investment in research and capacity building

Over the past five years, we have invested in a large portfolio of research and career development aimed at improving the accessibility, cultural competency, cost-effectiveness and efficiency of health service delivery. **In 2018/19 alone, \$17.5 million was invested in 31 contracts** that address

New Zealand could become a potential relocation destination for many Pacific peoples displaced from their homelands by rising sea levels and other climate-change related natural disasters.



health delivery through health services research; clinical trials of better or more effective diagnostics and treatments, or research training and career development for health professionals actively engaged in providing services.

We offer four career development awards that are specifically designed to **engage and connect health professionals with the research sector** and provide opportunities to gain research training and experience: the Clinical Research Training Fellowship; the Clinical Practitioner Fellowship; the Pacific Clinical Research Training Fellowship; and the Foxley Fellowship.

Review of our funding mechanisms for health delivery research

We have dedicated funds aimed at providing the evidence needed to improve health delivery in New Zealand: the New Zealand Health Delivery Research Investment Stream (NZHD RIS) and Research Partnerships for New Zealand Health Delivery (RPNZHD). The **NZHD RIS focuses on research that will have an immediate impact on our health system** in terms of delivering greater efficiencies, improvements in treatments and services, or changes to policies. The **RPNZHD opportunities join research teams and service providers in the search for evidence, with**

Snapshot of 5 years of HRC investment in research and capacity building for health delivery in New Zealand

\$75.2 m

invested over five years in 160 contracts.

\$59.3 m

for 72 research contracts, including 2 major programmes on **evaluating primary care services and delivering better, safer maternity services for Māori.**

\$2.73 m

for 5 fellowships **developing future research leaders** in health delivery.

\$13.0 m

for 76 career development awards to **build the health delivery workforce.**

\$0.25 m

in 6 grants to **build Maori community research capacity** to address health delivery issues.

the service provider a part of the research team from the outset, and jointly investing in the outcome in partnership with the HRC. These mechanisms are in addition to other investment through our main funding round and career development awards that also contribute a significant amount of health delivery research.

In 2018/19, we decided to review these two funding tools and delay the call for proposals for 2020 by a few months.

The review will focus on the way these tools are working and lead to a new opportunity later in 2019 that will deliver better to the HRC's and our Ministers' goals for investment. The main issue has been with the lower number of successful applications for the NZHD RIS. RPNZHD is perceived to be working well, but the review will look at whether it should remain a separate mechanism. **We will work closely with the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment on the redesign** because of the relevance to work that is underway on implementing the New Zealand Health Research Strategy and strengthening the clinical research environment and health services research.

The review of our funding mechanisms also includes how we partner with others to provide evidence to improve health delivery, and how best to target investment going forward. Over the past five years we have invested \$11.6 m in research to improve health delivery in partnership with the Ministry of Health; PHARMAC; Breast Cancer Cure; and the Global Alliance for Chronic Diseases.

Evidence to improve primary care

In 2018/19, the HRC and the Ministry of Health jointly awarded **\$1.33 million to a two-year project to evaluate the effectiveness of primary care models in New Zealand.**

This will be the first comprehensive evaluation of general practice models of care since primary health organisations were introduced in 2001. The research, led by Professor Nicolette Sheridan, will explore the complexities of access to care and continuity of care, as experienced by patients and whānau. The first outcomes of this research will be released in 12 months' time following an international review, with a final report due in July 2020.

Translating evidence into practice

We offer knowledge translation grants to Māori researchers and Pacific researchers to aid in translation of findings that will be key in reducing disparities in health outcomes. In 2018, we awarded a knowledge translation grant to Siobhan Tu'akoi to **take a resource that she developed as part of her PhD research working with Rarotongan adolescents and translate it so it could be used by the Cook Islands Ministry of Health as a health promotion tool.** The resource, **'Nurturing Future Health Through Nutrition'**, currently benefits health professionals and mothers in New Zealand and **will now be used to guide community-led interventions in the Pacific.** The focus of Ms Tu'akoi's PhD research at the Liggins Institute was early-life environmental exposures and indicators of non-communicable disease risk at adolescence.

The New Zealand Health Research Strategy puts a strong focus on translating research findings into policy and practice, and tasks the Ministry of Health with leading *Action 7: Enable and embed translation across the health sector.* Over the past year, the HRC and MBIE have been working with the Ministry of Health to implement this action and the HRC is looking at what we can do differently to aid uptake of research going forward.

Nearly 10 years of HRC funding, including a Clinical Practitioner Research Fellowship and a Health Innovation Partnership Project co-funded by the Ministry of Health, supported emergency medicine clinician Dr Martin Than and his team at Canterbury District Health Board to develop and test **an accelerated diagnostic pathway (ADP) for patients with chest pain**, based on earlier blood tests in a targeted low-risk group of presenting patients.

ADP allows **early identification of those who are having a heart attack** and those whose symptoms are the result of less serious causes – such as stress. Initial translation of the ADP into practice at Christchurch Hospital was extremely successful, nearly **doubling the proportion of patients who could be discharged to outpatient care within 6 hours of arriving in the emergency department (ED)**, significantly reducing worry and stress for those patients and pressure on health services. Researchers estimated a **cost-saving of \$3 million for the Christchurch Hospital study, extrapolating to an annual saving of \$9.5 million.**

Following the success in Christchurch Hospital, the Ministry of Health requested all EDs in New Zealand implement an ADP. **HRC and Ministry of Health partnership funding supported the team to evaluate the scale-up of the project to every urban hospital in New Zealand.** The success of the national roll-out led to a further Ministry of Health initiative to implement similar pathways into all **rural hospitals, primary care and acute care centres.**

Findings suggest that after implementation of ADPs in New Zealand, **patients spend approximately 165,000 hours less in hospital per year, and there has been a 10 per cent absolute increase in the number of patients discharged home from the ED within 6 hours.** Strong collaborative links have also been developed internationally with a growing number of hospitals adopting ADPs based on the New Zealand research success, including all Queensland and many other Australian EDs, the largest provider of EDs – Kaiser Permanente in the USA, two sites in Canada, three sites in Iran and one each in Singapore, Hong Kong, UK and Ireland.

In 2018/19, we funded Dr Than to continue his important work, testing a 15-minute bedside blood test for heart attacks to replace one that took 1 to 2 hours in a central laboratory. Use of this test could markedly shorten the time needed to reassure patients that they are not having a heart attack. The team will monitor implementation in 10 diverse hospitals throughout the country.

Better, safer and culturally appropriate maternity services

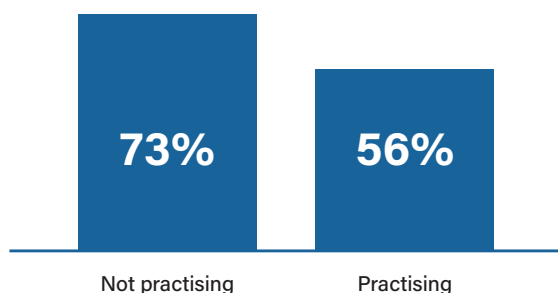
We are pooling resources with the Ministry of Health to jointly support evidence to improve maternity services.

Planning for this Partnership Programme initiative took place in early 2019 and it is scheduled for launch in the 2019/20 financial year.

Over the past decade, we have funded a series of studies led by Professor Beverly Lawton that address the stark disparities between Māori and non-Māori mothers and their newborn children, in terms of health outcomes, access to health services and mortality. These include a study of severe acute maternal morbidity events (SAMM). These 'near misses' are strongly associated with maternal mortality, stillbirth, and neonatal death and harm, particularly for Māori. Professor Lawton and her team found that **40 per cent of cases were potentially preventable** and most of these were due to clinical error. Her findings have informed reviews of the pregnancy and antenatal services by the Ministry of Health and District Health Boards. **The Ministry of Health translated the findings into practice with a \$2 million investment for the introduction of a sustainable, nationwide SAMM audit programme – led by the Health Quality and Safety Commission.**

While consulting in Te Wairoa for her research to improve infant and whānau health and wellbeing, Professor Lawton heard community concerns about the impact of methamphetamine (P) on the health of babies and young children. In 2019, we funded her to work with the Te Wairoa community on harm reduction strategies.

Involving health professionals in research and translation



Percentage of current HRC research contracts involving a health professional (2018/19 current contracts). Please note that the percentages do not add to 100 per cent because they relate to contracts, not health professionals.

Through our 2019 awards **we supported 14 health professionals to undertake research training, with an investment of \$4.74 million.** We offer Career Development Awards to support health professionals to obtain a PhD and support senior practitioners to consolidate and advance their research career. Our two New Zealand health delivery funds strongly incentivise the inclusion of health professionals or health provider organisations on the research team. HRC research contracts include a very high proportion of clinician

investigators, with our most recent workforce survey showing that **over two-thirds of our research contracts involve a health professional.**

Our Beaven Medal recognises excellence in **translational health research** that has had **high impact on clinical practice and patient health.** In 2018/19, the medal was awarded to Dr Colin McArthur.

The medal not only recognises the impact of Dr McArthur and his colleagues' work on patient care, but also in establishing the intensive care unit (ICU) as a place where much-needed research is making a difference.



Prior to 1994 and the formation of the Australia and New Zealand Intensive Care Society Clinical Trials Group (ANZICS CTG), clinical research was uncommon in New Zealand ICUs. That changed in 1996, when Dr McArthur joined this group and became the New Zealand lead on large-scale multi-centre trials across New Zealand, Australia and further afield.

The ANZICS CTG's first randomised controlled trial, published in *The Lancet* in 2000, investigated low-dose dopamine, a common treatment at the time for protection against kidney failure. **The trial found that low-dose dopamine did not influence the progression of acute kidney injury, and consequently the treatment was removed from guidelines and clinical practice in ICUs worldwide.**

From there, Dr McArthur and his colleagues at the ANZICS CTG gained their first major grant from the HRC and the Australian National Health and Medical Research Council to investigate whether the choice of resuscitation fluids for patients in ICUs affected survival. **Dr McArthur and colleagues have since gained HRC project funding for a host of trials that have been published and recognised internationally,** and in 2016 he was the first fulltime hospital clinician to successfully win an HRC-funded five-year programme grant.

One health: connecting research fields to benefit our people, animals and environment

The HRC takes a broad definition of 'one health', including all the facets where the health and wellbeing of humans intersects with that of our animals and environment. This involves identification and amelioration of health threats arising from animal or environmental sources, but also garnering the vast array of skills, methodologies and data of researchers in allied areas and bringing their combined expertise to bear on important health issues.

One health is a relatively new focus for the HRC, and our growing portfolio of investments in 2018/19 includes, for example, research on the human impact of climate change and the transmission of infections between animals and humans.

Climate change, extreme rainfall events and disease outbreaks

In 2019, we funded a team led by Dr Simon Hales **to study extreme rainfall events and waterborne infections and develop badly needed tools that can be used in early warning systems and national maps of community vulnerability** – both now, and under future climate-change scenarios.

In 2016, contaminated water led to an outbreak of *Campylobacter* infections in the town of Havelock North that affected nearly 40 per cent of the population. Forty-five people were subsequently hospitalised, and the outbreak was thought to be a factor in three deaths.

We responded by releasing an urgent call for proposals to provide answers, at the request of the Ministry of Health. Funding was subsequently awarded to the multidisciplinary research team of Dr Nicholas Jones (Medical Officer of Health at Hawkes Bay District Health Board), to identify what was behind the outbreak. **The findings of this study informed the Government inquiry into the incident,** demonstrating that contaminated drinking water was the source of the campylobacter bacterium and that **it was most likely caused by sheep faeces entering the water bore after heavy rain inundated paddocks nearby.** As a result of the findings, changes have been made to the way that drinking water is sourced, tested and protected that will greatly reduce the likelihood of this happening again. Professor Michael Baker was part of the study team and has since called for New Zealanders to understand that the majority of our drinking water is clean and safe to drink and that the lessons learned from the Havelock North outbreak have made it even more so.

Understanding how farming practices contribute to infections passing between animals and humans

We are currently supporting a team, including vets, epidemiologists and a pathologist, to look at how changing farming practices are contributing to the transmission of two bacteria from animals to humans. The two pathogens can cause severe illness, including diarrhoea, skin and bloodstream infections.

The study is **based in a dairy-farming community** and will look at the frequency of both bugs in cattle and humans, and the possible ways that they spread between animal and human 'hosts'. The team will build a mathematical model in which they can test the effect of interventions that may reduce the burden of these infections, particularly in young rural New Zealanders – and **reduce the transfer of antibiotic-resistant *Staphylococcus aureus* to humans.** The project is funded through a current Emerging Researcher First Grant to Dr Pippa Scott, an experienced vet and epidemiologist.

In 2018 we allocated funding to another vet, Dr Jackie Benschoep, to investigate how we can address the increasing

number of people contracting leptospirosis through contact with animal urine and contaminated water. Two thirds of those infected are hospitalised (91 in the first half of 2017, compared to 33 in the same period in 2016). Some continue to suffer ill effects long after infection. Initial work suggests that rodent sources and environmental pathways, such as flooding, are increasingly important in disease transmission.

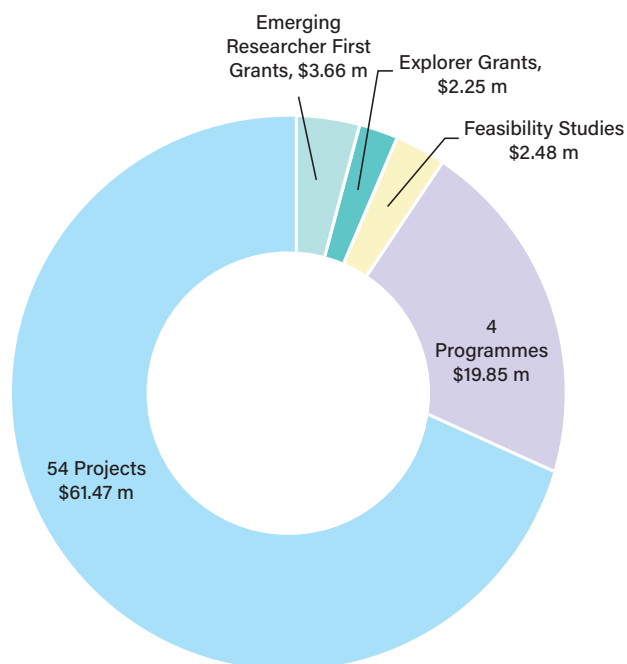


Focus 2: Fund excellent research with high potential for national and international impact

Investment in excellent new research to generate future impact

In the past year **we invested \$89.7 million in 98 contracts through our main annual funding round.** National and international experts and our assessing committees identified all these contracts as excellent research that is highly likely to make a positive difference to the health of New Zealanders.

The main funding round results were announced by the Hon Dr Megan Woods in June 2019. The newly funded Projects and Programmes received significant media attention, alerting researchers, policymakers, stakeholders and communities to the wealth of valuable evidence in the making.



Investment in health research contracts through the HRC's main 2019 annual funding round.

The research we funded through our main round will provide impacts in the future, some within a couple of years, some perhaps not fully realised for decades.

Balancing the investment to provide a mix of long and short-term opportunities for impact is part of the funding process. In our main funding round, the balance of investment across the four Research Investment Streams in 2018/19 was:



Health and Wellbeing in New Zealand: \$31.29 million; 27 contracts



Improving Outcomes for Acute and Chronic Conditions: \$40.55 million; 51 contracts



New Zealand Health Delivery: \$7.46 million, 12 contracts



Rangahau Hauora Māori: \$10.40 million; 8 contracts

Evidence in the making – highlights from Projects and Programmes funded in 2019

The four Programmes funded in 2019 will provide crucial evidence to inform treatment protocols and interventions in pregnancy and early childhood; pave the way for revolutionary new treatments for hypertension; provide the evidence needed to close smoking disparities; and trial Māori-led community initiatives to achieve better health equity for Māori.

The 54 Project contracts are addressing a wide range of important health issues, increasing engagement and connection, and building on previous findings to create impact. A few examples are provided below:

- **Reducing inequities and addressing the gap in Māori disability research:**
 - There is currently no accurate measure of the impact of disability on Māori, despite the high prevalence of 32 per cent, when adjusted for age. Using Kaupapa Māori methodologies to understand the perspectives of Māori with a disability, one team will develop culturally appropriate approaches to measuring disability.
 - Another team will focus on addressing the disparities in outcomes for Māori with injuries, collecting a wide range of data to 12 years' post injury.
- **Connecting across New Zealand to test cheaper technology for diabetes patients:** A multi-centre clinical trial will test a new insulin pump innovation that would give New Zealanders with type 1 diabetes much cheaper access to automated insulin delivery using open access technology.

- **Connecting across the globe for better health delivery:**

- **A major, multinational clinical trial of antibiotic administration in intensive care units** will show if changing the way that they are administered helps to reduce the 6 million deaths per year world-wide due to infection-induced organ failure. This builds on evidence suggesting that continuous infusions are more effective than repeated dosing.
- **A multinational trial of better, more cost-effective treatments for dialysis sufferers:** This trial will look at whether reducing phosphate levels in patients' blood improves cardiovascular health and reduces mortality.

- **Contributing to global research efforts on combating antimicrobial resistance:**

- **Shoring-up the last line of defence:** The development of a new, highly potent carbapenem (a beta-lactam antibiotic) is underway. Carbapenems are the last line of defence in drug-resistant infections, but recently bacteria have evolved that can produce enzymes that inactivate them.
- **Transdisciplinary research to develop a new class of antibiotic:** medicinal chemists, structural biologists and microbial geneticists are coming together to develop new antimicrobials targeting an essential enzyme for bacteria and using it as a scaffold for drug development.

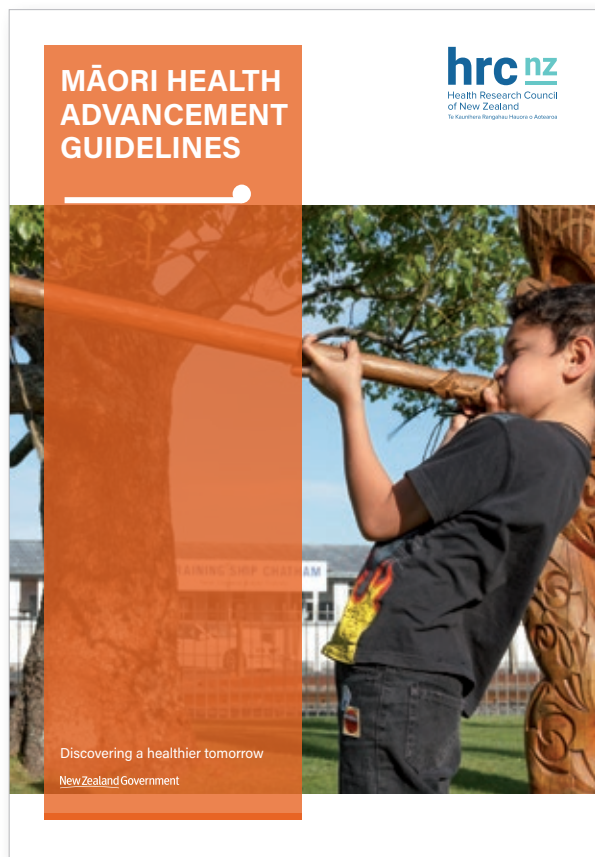
Quantifying excellence and impact for better investments

Making Māori Health Advancement a formal part of the investment process

Informing our goals and vision for excellent health research that benefits all New Zealanders is the *Te Tiriti o Waitangi*. The New Zealand Health Research Strategy 2017–2027 states that all health research should incorporate *Te Tiriti o Waitangi* principles of partnership, participation, and protection. The strategy also identifies four additional principles to achieve increased impact of government investment in health research: **research excellence; transparency; collaboration with Māori; and collaboration for impact**. In 2018/19, we have focused on ensuring that these principles are reflected in our investment processes, with the introduction of a **scored Māori Health Advancement criterion** that will initially apply to Programme applications in the 2020 round, expanding to include other proposal types in the 2021 round.

We believe that all health research in New Zealand has the opportunity to advance Māori by upholding and valuing Māori rights, worldviews and knowledge, tikanga Māori (Māori processes and protocol), and by addressing inequity.

In keeping with this, we are introducing a transparent framework for the assessment of potential Māori Health Advancement in HRC funding applications.

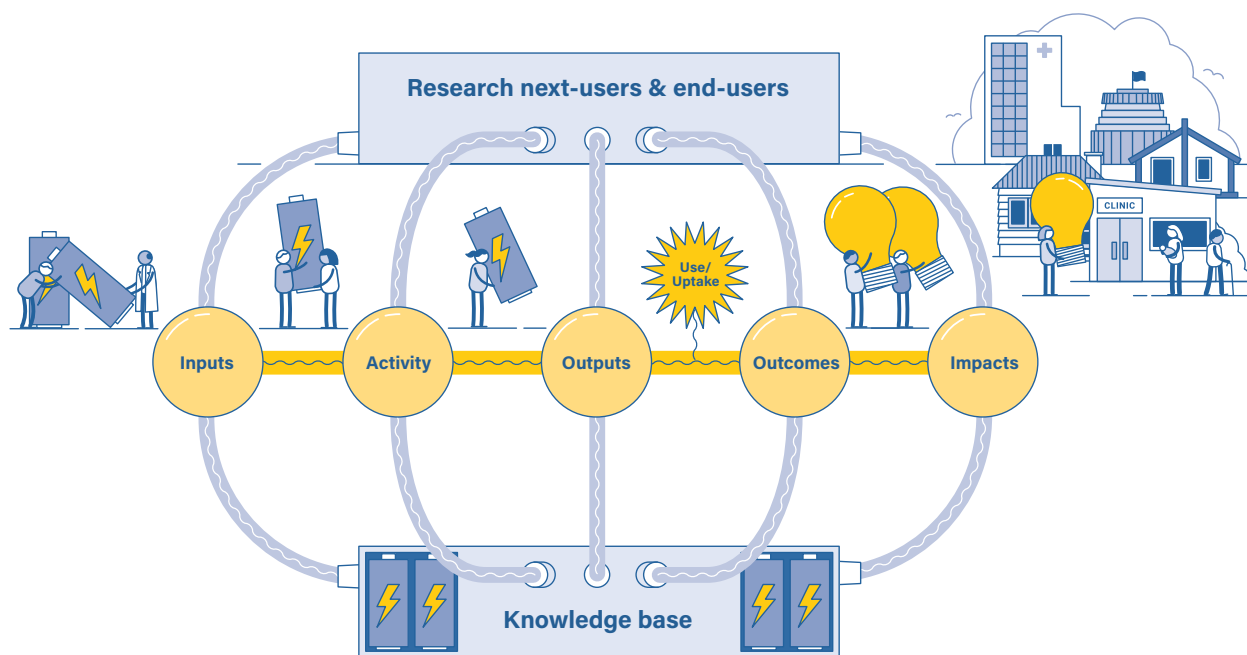


Improving assessment of the potential impacts of health research

It is critical that we show benefit to New Zealand from our investment. Asking applicants from all disciplines to **think about potential impact from the planning stages of their research** may mean that they are better placed to create and respond to opportunities to **maximise the potential for impact during the research process**. This is one way we aim to increase the collective benefits and impacts from the portfolio of research that we fund.

For our 2019 main funding round, we introduced a research impact criterion to the assessment process, which included **a description of how the research might be used and the anticipated benefits for New Zealand, and an action plan** to maximise the use and benefits of the research. The criterion was only applied in the assessment of Projects and Programmes in the Health and Wellbeing in New Zealand and Improving Outcomes in Acute and Chronic Conditions Research Investment Streams. However, the criterion will apply to proposals submitted to all four of our investment streams in the 2020 funding round.

We define research impact as “the direct and indirect influence of excellent research on individuals, communities or society as a whole, including improvements to health and equity, and other social, economic, cultural or environmental benefits for Aotearoa/New Zealand”. We have developed a **Pathway to Impact model**, which sets out a chain of linked steps to describe how impact can be generated from research inputs. When outlining their pathway to impact, applicants are encouraged to reference their line-of-sight to eventual impact but **focus on what is realistically achievable** within their sphere of influence.



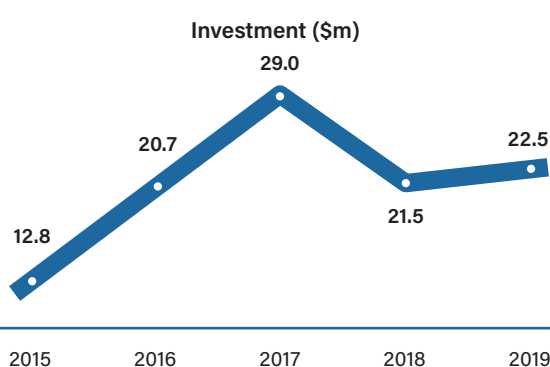
The HRC's Pathway to Impact model



Focus 3: Focus on achieving health equity

"Our Vision for the New Zealand health system is one where anyone can receive the health services they need – no matter who they are, or how much money they've got."

**Hon Dr David Clark and Hon Dr Megan Woods –
The HRC Letter of Expectations 2018/19**



Investment in research and capability building relevant to improving health equity since 2014.

We have always emphasised the importance of achieving health equity, however, **in 2014 we decided to significantly expand our efforts in this area.** HRC researchers have responded strongly to the call and are continuing to make major efforts to change the way that they design and conduct their research to make the difference that is required. We now have a growing portfolio of research addressing the myriad issues that contribute to New Zealand's health disparities.

We contribute to improving health equity in several different ways. Firstly, through research focused on health issues for which there are disparities in outcomes across New Zealand communities. This **includes targeting approximately 10 per cent of investment in our main funding round to research that is led by Māori**, for Māori, through our Rangahau Hauora Māori Research Investment Stream. We also target funding for Pacific-led research, with **funds reserved for Pacific Projects doubling to \$2.4 million** in April 2019 for our 2020 funding round. Secondly, by **investing in an extensive career development programme for Māori health researchers** designed to engage Māori researchers and their communities in health research. Thirdly, by adopting the successful model used to build Māori research capacity and adapting it to **grow the Pacific health research workforce.**

Our policies and strategies look beyond specific health inequities to **focus on addressing the genesis of disparities by embracing diversity and promoting an inclusive society.** This ethos shapes both our career development initiatives and our Partnership Programme.

\$106 m

invested over the past
5 years to improve
health equity

Research to
improve health
equity

\$84.49 m

Training and
nurturing emerging
researchers

\$16.42 m

Developing community
research capacity

\$3.21 m

Creating future leaders

\$2.45 m



Breakdown of five years of HRC research and career development grants contributing to improving health equity in New Zealand (2015 – 2019 contracts)

A growing portfolio of research addressing health equity

Over the past five years, we have invested \$106.4 million in 322 research and career development contracts that contribute to improving health equity. Over that period 39 per cent of all contracts funded fulfilled that goal, as a specified purpose of the research or through targeted capacity building. This does not include the many HRC contracts focused on health issues for which disparities exist and where the outcomes will benefit the New Zealanders that are most affected.

In addition to the **80 research contracts aimed at reducing disparities**, an additional **187 Career Development Awards were granted to emerging researchers** who chose to focus on improving health equity to launch their research careers – building future capacity and capability to address major issues and generating valuable knowledge. We also supported **seven prestigious fellowships** for future research leaders that had made addressing health inequities their focus. A further **48 grants were given to Māori active in their community**, and with no prior research training, to undertake practical research training on a large research project.

The successful candidates will collectively contribute a wealth of badly needed knowledge across some key areas, just some of which are listed below:

- A Feasibility Study for an intervention to **eliminate dormant tuberculosis (TB) infections in older Māori** and address the disproportionately high burden that Māori bear for this life-threatening infection, which is increasingly difficult to treat due to antimicrobial resistance. **Fifty per cent of the 300 new cases of TB diagnosed in New Zealand annually occur in Māori.**
- Evaluation of a **primary care screening tool for atrial fibrillation (AF) in Pacific peoples**. Pacific peoples have an increased risk of AF, which is **strongly associated with the risk of having a stroke**. Using blood pressure monitors that measure pulse variability can detect AF sooner and **improve stroke prevention**.
- A study of the inequities that exist in postoperative mortality between Māori and non-Māori to **identify the key system- and patient-level factors that contribute to Māori patients being 62 per cent more likely to die within 30 days of a surgical procedure** than non-Māori patients.
- Developing a **water safety programme** that will address the disproportionately high rates of Māori drowning and **contribute to Water Safety New Zealand's goal of zero drowning for Māori and all New Zealanders**. The national collective undertaking the study is comprised of Māori water safety practitioners, Māori researchers and three Māori communities.

- Identifying **Pacific adolescents most at risk of the harmful effects of sugar** (fructose) by testing how they absorb sugar from their gut. The high-fructose absorbers may be more at risk of obesity and the health consequences of this, and interventions can be targeted directly to them.

Partnerships for equity

In 2018, we partnered with the Ministry of Social Development to fund high-quality research that will identify innovative approaches for case management services to help achieve **improved employment outcomes for people with health conditions or disabilities**. The research projects awarded were titled 'Support for gaining employment for people with a long-term condition' led by Dr Joanna Fadyl from the Auckland University of Technology and 'Development of cross-agency collaboration to improve employment outcomes' led by Ms Helen Locket from Te Pou o te Whakaaro in partnership with Work Counts and Synergia.

HRC cultural audit

As we raise expectations for the research community, we must also ensure that we are demonstrating the same principles and commitment in the way that we operate and engage with Māori communities. **To help us review our performance and systems, we began an independent cultural audit in June 2019**. The Council is committed to addressing what comes out of this review and ensuring that our policies, systems and processes are appropriate to enable us to partner with Māori and deliver on our obligations and responsibilities under *Te Tiriti o Waitangi*.

Building Pacific health research capacity and capability

Pacific peoples are experiencing major inequities in health outcomes in comparison to other New Zealanders. Building Pacific health knowledge, research paradigms and capacity to undertake Pacific-led research in partnership with Pacific communities is crucial to improving Pacific health and health services.

We announced **22 Pacific Career Development Awards worth \$1.55 million** in 2018/19. These included: The Sir Thomas Davis Te Patu Kite Rangi Ariki Fellowship; the Pacific Clinical Research Training Fellowship; the Pacific Health research PhD Scholarships; the Pacific Health Research Master Scholarships; the Pacific Knowledge Translation Grant; and the Pacific Health Research Summer Studentships.

In 2018/19, we invested **\$2.40 million in four Pacific Health Projects**, which are also key in increasing research capacity and advancing the careers of Pacific researchers.



Focus 4: Support highly innovative and transformative research

In our drive to create impact, we must not forget to fuel the innovation pipeline with the stuff that impact is ultimately made of – discoveries.

The HRC's Statement of Intent 2017-2021

HRC-funded researchers are driving innovative solutions to our biggest health challenges. **Perhaps one of the greatest threats that we are currently facing is antimicrobial resistance.**

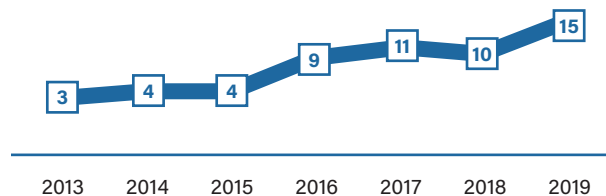
We have been supporting Professor John Fraser at the University of Auckland to address antimicrobial resistance for decades, including his ground-breaking discovery of bacterial superantigens in the 1980s.

Superantigens are toxins released by the bacteria that promote a major inflammatory response in the body and contribute to life-threatening disease, such as toxic shock syndrome. Professor Fraser's work has focused on the superbug *Staphylococcus aureus*, which the World Health Organization has named a "bacteria of international concern" because it is now resistant to most common antibiotics and is the principal cause of hospital-acquired infections worldwide.

Professor Fraser and his colleagues are now working to produce the world's first vaccine against *Streptococcus pyogenes*. Collaborating extensively with colleagues in 22 countries, they have found 290 different genetic variants of the pathogen. This highlights the challenge of developing a vaccine that will be effective around the globe. From this work, they identified 15 promising vaccine antigen candidates. Professor Fraser received funding for a new Project in the 2019 round to investigate *Staphylococcus* superantigen-like proteins as promising vaccine candidates for a single, inactive vaccine that will be tested in pre-clinical and future clinical trials.

Revolutionary ideas – our Explorer Grants

HRC Explorer Grants



The Explorer Grant has been recognised internationally for the novel approach in which assessors are not given any details about the research team and must decide purely on the strength of the ideas and the science proposed. These are higher-risk, higher-return projects and in 2018/19 we funded 15 contracts¹ – the biggest round yet.

These 15 contracts show remarkable promise, including:

- **A new technology to routinely detect early stage cancer**, regardless of the cancer type.
- The development of **an indigenous psychology framework for Māori women** based on pūrākau (legends/stories) that will provide an alternative to current conceptualisations of mental health that are not serving Māori women well.
- **A radical new approach to treat tissue swelling in the critically ill**, which can contribute to multiple organ failure.
- A study of **the use of synthetic stem cells to treat cardiovascular disease**, negating the need for major and potentially life-threatening surgery.

Dr Benjamin Compton will use his 2019 Explorer Grant to bring us a major step closer to **a vaccine for drug addiction**. Scientists have been trying to create vaccines for treating drug addiction since the 1970s but so far trials in humans have had disappointing results. He will construct a synthetic vaccine that works in a completely different way. **The end-goal is to instruct the body's immune system to recognise a specific drug when it enters the bloodstream, and to treat it like a toxin.** Importantly, **this vaccine could be manufactured en-masse and at low cost.**

¹ Please note that our KPI for this measure does not include the 2018/19 figures because it has been historically reported as contracts that commenced in the financial year, and not those for which funding was awarded.

Key performance indicators for Driver 1



Invest in research that meets the current and future needs of New Zealanders

1. Establishment of national health research priorities



Actual 2018/19: Not measured



Baseline 2017/18: We have worked with MBIE and the Ministry of Health to develop a national priority-setting process based on international best-practice and customised for our unique New Zealand environment. We have established an independent committee (appointed in April 2018) to take the work forward.



Target 2018/19: Not measured



Not measured

Target for 2020/21:

We will have established national health research priorities, communicated these priorities to the wider health research sector and aligned our investment signals to clearly reflect them.



We are **on track** to meet our target:

We have completed the development work for the Prioritisation Framework and submitted the final version for approval by the cross-agency Steering Group overseeing the venture. The Steering Group recommend that the Ministers announce the framework in late 2019.



Focus on achieving health equity

2. Number of current HRC contracts with a focus on understanding and reducing inequity in health outcomes³



Actual 2018/19: 115



Baseline 2017/18: 98



Target 2018/19: 45-65



We have **achieved** our target

Target for 2020/21:

By 2021 we will have formed a cross-sectoral government partnership aimed at gaining the evidence required to effectively tackle inequity and its adverse health consequences.



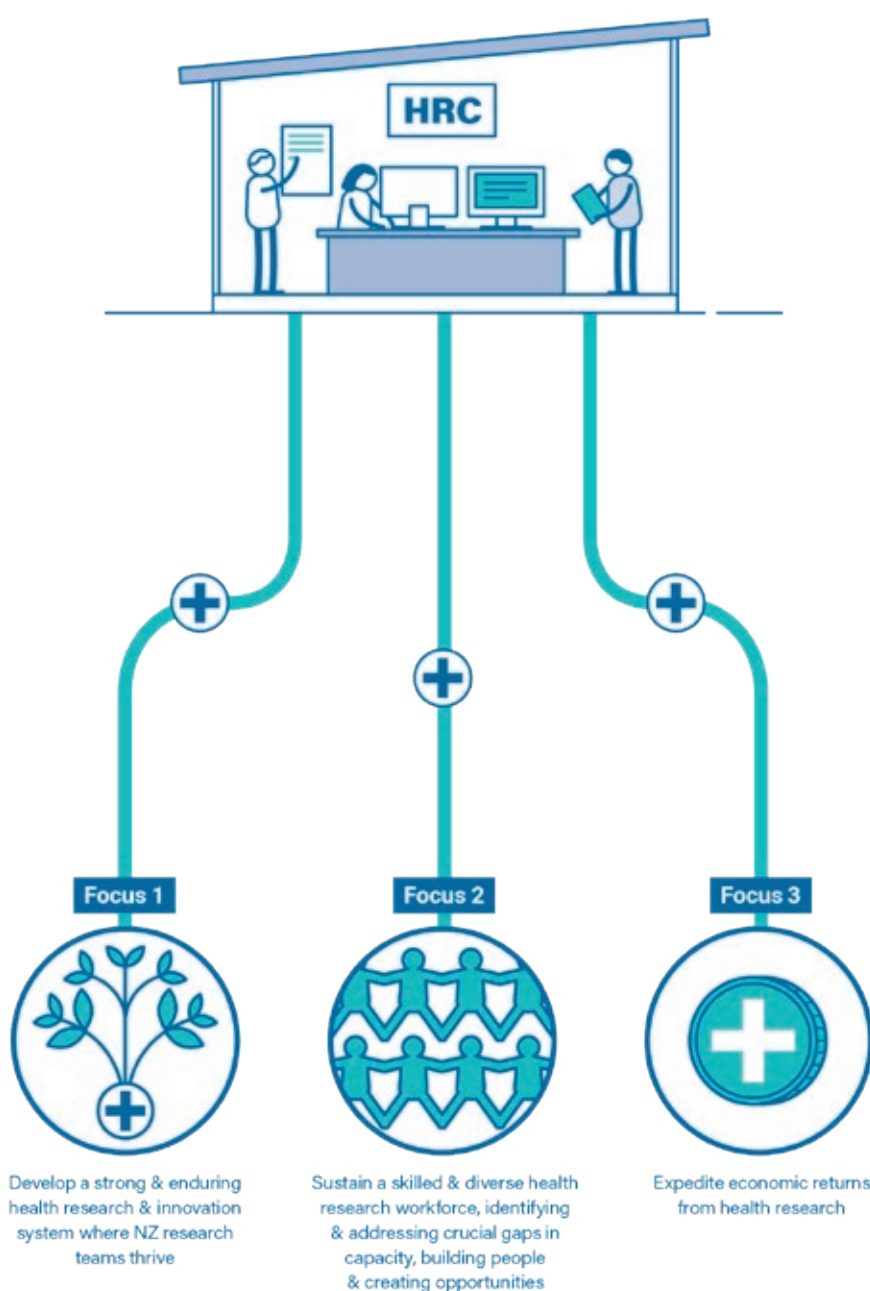
We are **on track** to meet our target.

We have already developed two funding partnerships with the Ministry of Social Development, focusing on inequities in mental health and increasing the ability of people living with a disability to access employment opportunities.

³ Please note that this measure relates to current Projects and Programmes contracts only, so the results differ from the much larger analysis presented under Focus 3, which is based on all contracts funded in the past five years, including all career development awards.



Driver 2: Stimulating growth



What we set out to achieve

If we are successful, New Zealand will have a vibrant, co-ordinated health research system. We will have the skills and competencies needed to tackle all current and future health challenges and find the solutions that are right for all our people. Gaps in crucial capacity will be filled and future leaders will be ready and waiting to step forward when our current stars are ready to step back. The New Zealand economy will grow through gains from commercialisation of health innovations driven by our investment, and revenue saved from lower health costs incurred by New Zealanders who are healthier and contributing more as a result.

Making a Difference: HRC Statement of Intent 2017-2021



Focus 1: Develop a strong and enduring health research and innovation system where NZ research teams thrive

Connecting for better systems and infrastructure

Throughout 2018/19, we engaged in a broad range of activities that contributed to a strong, ethical and stable health research system. We worked closely with the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE) and the Royal Society Te Apārangi, sharing data, funding calendars and processes to align what we do as much as possible for the benefit of the research community – and meeting quarterly to discuss developments and co-ordinate efforts.

A major focus of the work of our IT team over the past two years has been **preparation of HRC data for inclusion in MBIE's New Zealand Research Information System (NZRIS)**, so that it can become a shared resource. We were the first organisation to enter into a Memorandum of Understanding with MBIE to provide historical information into the system. **We are also playing a leadership role in this process by consulting with other research organisations as needed and are in the process of establishing an Auckland-based support structure for other organisations.** It is anticipated that the first release of information from NZRIS will be available in January 2020.

Promoting diversity

We collaborate with partners at MBIE, the Royal Society Te Apārangi and other organisations to increase diversity in science. MBIE has established a cross-agency working group to investigate and address barriers to diversity, equity and inclusion in the research, science and innovation workforce, and develop an initiative to address these barriers in the New Zealand context. To support this work, we have two representatives participating on the working group. **Priority issues of immediate need within the workforce have been identified and include increasing the representation of, and opportunities for, women, Māori and Pacific peoples in science, technology, engineering and mathematics research careers.**

Internally, we make explicit effort to uphold equity, diversity and inclusion in our investment processes. In 2018/19, we reviewed female representation on our science assessing committees and monitored female success rates in our funded grants for the past seven years. Over this period, **female representation on our science assessing committees has increased from 35 per cent to almost 50 per cent.** A moderate increase in grants awarded to female researchers has been observed, from 7 per cent in 2012 to 18 per cent in 2019. However, this trend is not yet visible across all grant types. We will continue to monitor, review and revise our practices to increase equity, diversity and inclusion in our business.

Supporting crucial capacity and capability through Independent Research Organisations

In 2014, we developed the **Independent Research Organisations (IRO) Capability Fund**, allocating up to seven years of funding to four organisations of national significance:

- Te Atawhai o Te Ao: Independent Māori Institute for Environment and Health
- Whakauae Research Services
- The Malaghan Institute of Medical Research
- The Medical Research Institute of New Zealand.

In June 2018, we provided MBIE with the results of our mid-term review of the IRO Capability Fund contracts. We also **approved funding for an additional three years to each of the four IROs, extending to June 2021. The total combined funding for the four IROs was \$17.3 million.**

We are currently considering the options for reviewing the IRO Capability Fund mechanisms and will consult with MBIE to signal their intentions about continuing this fund.

Protecting New Zealand longitudinal datasets that are a national and international resource

We invest in longitudinal studies up to a value of \$2 million per annum. Currently, we are supporting four important longitudinal studies relevant to health in New Zealand: the Dunedin Multidisciplinary Study; the Christchurch Health and Development Study; Growing up in New Zealand, and the Pacific Islands Family Study.

Over the past 10 years, we have invested \$40.2 million in longitudinal research programmes. We are currently awaiting the outcome of MBIE's National Databases and Collections review before consulting with the sector on a preferred model for investing in and managing longitudinal research.

Fostering a strong clinical trials sector

We are involved in several activities to help strengthen the clinical trials environment nationally and improve connectivity internationally. **Our funding supports the Australian New Zealand Clinical Trials Registry (ANZCTR)**, a vital tool that enables registration of clinical trials and helps New Zealand fulfil its ethical and oversight responsibility for clinical trials conducted here. The HRC works closely with ANZCTR through membership of their advisory committee.

We recently supported ANZCTR in publishing the *Clinical Trials in New Zealand (2006–2015)* report, which ranks New Zealand within the top tier internationally for clinical trials per capita, with about 2,500 clinical trials conducted during the decade. These trials ranged from single-site New Zealand-

only trials through to multinational mega-trials. **More than 50 per cent of trials in New Zealand were multinational**, and industry was involved in 55 per cent of registered clinical trials. The most frequently studied health issues were cancer, cardiovascular disease and respiratory diseases. **We alone have contributed more than \$94 million to clinical trials in New Zealand within the timeframe captured in the report.**

We have also been working with the Australian Clinical Trials Alliance (ACTA), who have facilitated the involvement of some of our clinical trialists on their work programme called *Building the capacity, efficiency and effectiveness of clinical trials networks in Australia*. This recognises that the majority of networks in New Zealand and Australia are Australasian networks.

Together with MBIE, we are supporting the Ministry of Health in leading Action 6 of the New Zealand Health Research Strategy: Strengthen the clinical research environment and health services research. In 2019, we convened a round table discussion with other government agencies and leading clinicians about clinical trials networks and this has led to further workstreams.

Ensuring that New Zealand health research is ethical and safe

We are committed to ensuring that all research involving human participants is based on good science, meets ethical standards, and complies with international best practice. We have four expert committees that contribute to the regulatory environment and play a key role in keeping New Zealand's health research ethical and safe.

The HRC Ethics Committee

The HRC's statutory Ethics Committee **approves all the Health and Disability Ethics Committees (HDECs) in New Zealand; accredits all institutional ethics committees in New Zealand; provides second opinions on ethical issues**, when requested; and provides information and advice on health research issues to the research community via an annual newsletter – *Ethics Notes*.

Dr Monique Jonas, a senior lecturer in ethics at the University of Auckland and a member of the committee, wrote a comprehensive review of **ethics and the Integrated Data Infrastructure** in the August 2018 edition of *Ethics Notes*. **She cautioned researchers that even though the data is fully de-identified and out-of-scope for ethics review, they still need to ensure that their research proposal has been reviewed by their institutional ethics committee.**

The committee supported four students to work with a research team over their summer break on a current ethical issue in health research:

- Exploring issues around using **the Integrated Data Infrastructure** database for mental health research, a study of the international literature on ethics and linked databases/'big data' showed clear support from the public for secondary use of their data for the greater good.

- Medical students' views on **euthanasia and assisted dying** were canvassed to examine the polarised views of the public and the medical profession following the introduction of the **End of Life Choice Bill**. The study showed that medical students appear to become less likely to support assisted dying as they progress through their training.
- **'Pharmacogenomics and justice'** looked at how new technologies that use genetic characteristics of patient groups to target drug treatment risk increasing inequities.
- Addressing the dilemma of whether to use **financial incentives for research participants**, one student developed three 'decision-trees' for an online tool for researchers and ethics committees to use when requests are made to pay participants.

The Data Monitoring Core Committee

The Data Monitoring Core Committee (DMCC) provides objective, independent monitoring of clinical trials in New Zealand. This year the DMCC monitored 12 clinical trials initiated by HRC researchers that focused on life-threatening disease or diseases which cause irreversible morbidity, where there were special concerns for patient safety; where the study investigators were inexperienced; or where the study integrity would be enhanced by the independence of the DMCC. For each trial that it agrees to monitor, the DMCC establishes a trial-specific Data Monitoring Committee, so twelve were established in 2018/19.

The Standing Committee on Therapeutic Trials and Gene Technology Advisory Committee

Clinical trials that involve use of a new or an unregistered medicine require approval under Section 30 of the *Medicines Act, 1981*, on the recommendation of the HRC.

The HRC maintains two standing committees to undertake a scientific assessment and make recommendations to the Director-General of Health.

The **Standing Committee on Therapeutic Trials (SCOTT)** mainly reviews clinical trials sponsored by the pharmaceutical industry. During the past year, SCOTT reviewed 117 trial applications: 66 of these trials were approved without comment; 29 approved with comment; 18 were initially not approved pending further clarification; and 4 trial applications were not approved.

The Gene Technology Advisory Committee (GTAC) considers applications for trials involving the introduction of nucleic acids, genetically manipulated micro-organisms, or viruses or cells into human subjects. During the past year, GTAC considered 2 trial applications. One application has been recommended to the Ministry of Health for approval. The second application is still under review, pending clarification provided by the applicant.



Focus 2: Sustain a skilled and diverse health research workforce, identifying and addressing crucial gaps in capacity, building people and creating opportunities

Maintaining a large and diverse health research workforce

Through our annual funding rounds, career development and partnership programmes, **we maintain and build a large and diverse health research workforce of over 2000 research positions at any given time.** We regularly conduct studies of the workforce engaged on all current contracts, using the curriculum vitae of investigators to gain a host of valuable information, such as training, engagement in healthcare, postgraduate qualifications and research experience.

Our success in funding excellent research that meets the needs of all New Zealanders is highly dependent on having a skilled health research workforce that can

generate a knowledge base specific to New Zealand's needs – both now and in the future. We offer a programme of Career Development Awards, each aimed at **addressing a gap in the health research workforce and building vital capacity.** All Career Development Awards are made after expert review of the potential and record of the applicants and their proposed research.

In 2018/19, we invested \$10.4 million in 64 Career Development Awards. The infographic on page 32 shows the different awards that we offered in 2018/19, as well as the opportunities for researchers outside academia.

Partnering with Māori to increase capacity to address Māori health issues and achieve Māori advancement

Nineteen Māori researchers received an HRC Māori Health Research Career Development Award in 2018/19.

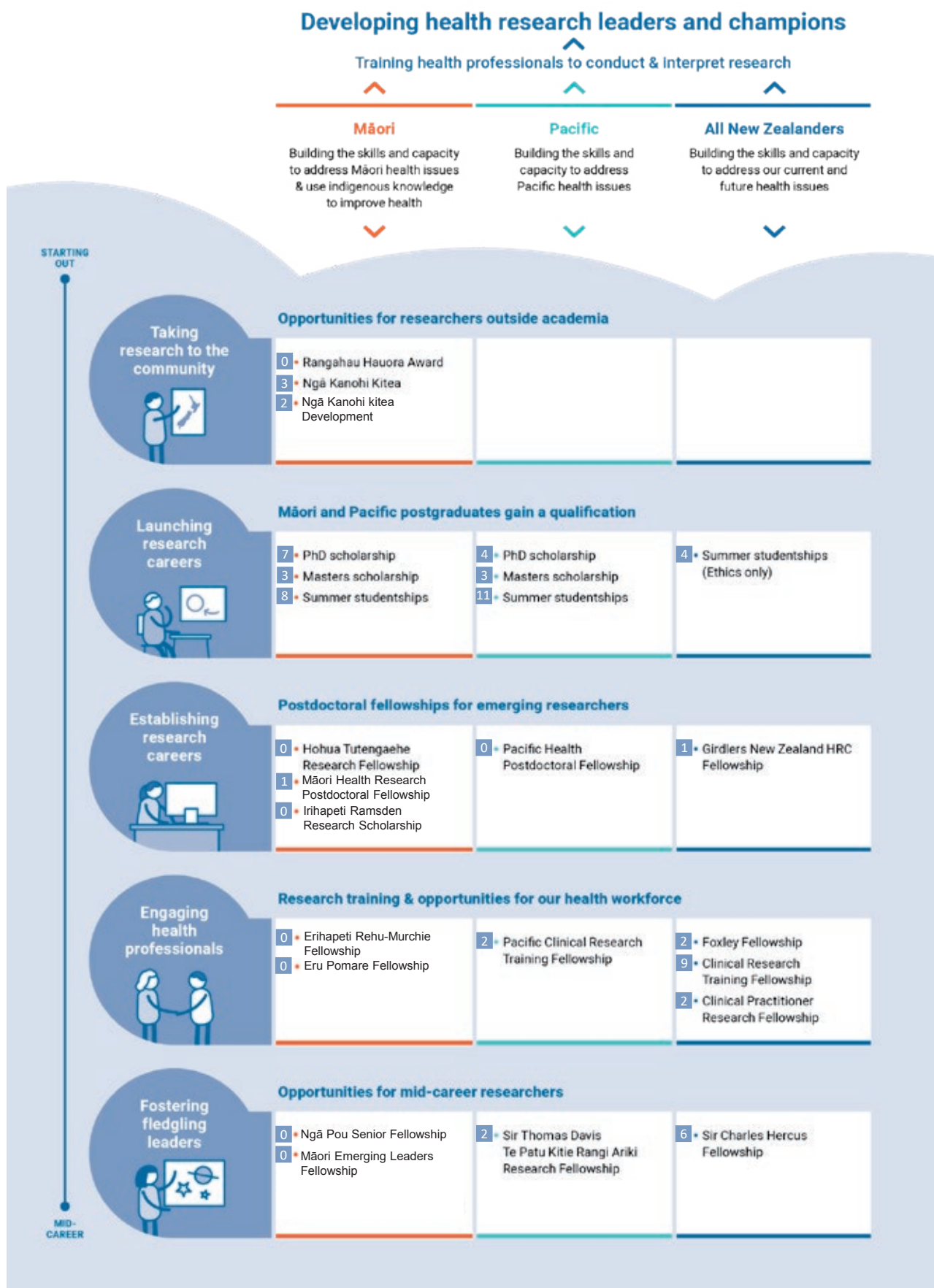
These awards are key to building capacity and capability within the Māori research workforce, and addressing issues that will improve Māori health and wellbeing and benefit New Zealand as a whole.

We also announced the results of the **Ngā Kanohi Kitea Full Project Grants.** These grants provide opportunities for iwi, hapū and other community groups to address community-identified health needs. This year, two projects were awarded with an investment value of \$0.38 million.



Members of Te Kotahi Research Institute

A breakdown of HRC Career Development Awards in 2018/19



Our **Te Tohu Rapuora award** was established to recognise the contribution to Māori health leadership of a single researcher, research team, or community group through a single piece of research, accumulated body of research, or life-time contribution. The inaugural 2018 award went to **Te Kotahi Research Institute at the University of Waikato** for showing leadership and commitment in advancing Māori health research, knowledge and wellbeing by working closing with iwi, hapu and other Māori health stakeholders.

Developing future leaders

In 2018/19, we invested \$3.61 million in nine contracts aimed at developing future health research leaders. Six prestigious Sir Charles Hercus Postdoctoral Fellowships were awarded to outstanding emerging researchers, maintaining the record high number of the previous two years.

Our **Pacific Health Sir Thomas Davis Te Patu Kite Rangi Ariki Research Fellowships** support emerging Pacific researchers who have demonstrated outstanding potential to develop into highly skilled researchers, and two were awarded in 2018/19.

Ensuring that New Zealand has the skills and competencies to tackle current and future health challenges

In 2018/19, work on the Prioritisation Framework identified key workforce goals for the HRC, the Ministry of Health and MBIE to work together to address, including a focus on **communities experiencing health inequities** in the research workforce; **Māori, Pacific peoples and persons with disabilities**; increasing **opportunities for Pacific researchers in New Zealand to connect, partner and collaborate with those in the Pacific**; and building and sustaining the **clinical health research** workforce.

Precision Driven Health and HRC Postdoctoral Fellowships

Precision Driven Health and the HRC have formed a joint funding initiative to provide Postdoctoral Fellowships that **foster the capacity to undertake data-driven precision health research. The Fellows will develop digital tools that give people the knowledge to better manage their health or the health of patients.** An objective of the fellowship is to identify and develop the best people to conduct high-quality research, **enhancing the links between research and practice, and encouraging collaboration across the health and commercial sectors.** In February 2019, Dr Rosie Dobson from the University of Auckland was awarded the fellowship, providing \$205,823 for her study on enabling self-care through personalised mobile health.



Focus 3: Identify and expedite economic returns from health research investment

Smoothing the pathway to commercialisation for HRC-funded research and innovation

We are fortunate in New Zealand to have government and tertiary agencies that are skilled at realising the commercial benefits of health research and innovation. It is our role to support discoveries with the potential to generate health and economic gains for New Zealand. We are actively increasing system connectivity and coordination with these agencies to strengthen the early stages of the innovation pipeline and further support researchers to translate their discoveries into real-world health and economic benefits.

We have canvassed views on whether closer communication and connection between the HRC and these commercialisation/technology transfer agencies would benefit our researchers and the broader innovation sector. The response has been very positive. **In the past year, we have been working with KiwiNet and Return On Science (funded by MBIE and together called the Commercialisation Partner Network, CPN) and Technology Transfer Offices (TTOs) to initiate a pilot project designed to smooth the pathway to commercialisation for HRC-funded research.**

The HRC, KiwiNet and Return on Science have collectively developed a collaborative project plan that centres the pilot on 2018/19 HRC Explorer Grant projects. The pilot will identify a process to systematically identify projects/teams with commercial potential in the health innovation space and proactively refer them to TTOs and CPN. **The pilot also seeks to identify a process for the HRC to encourage researcher engagement with commercialisation as an important pathway to impact.**

To date, 11 Explorer Grant projects have been identified as having commercial potential and been referred onto the CPN as part of the pilot. We have also begun referring projects with commercial potential to TTOs, namely UniServices, Otago Innovation and VicLink, and **we are now working with these TTOs to collaboratively explore the pilot projects and process.**

Another benefit of this process is the establishment of a reporting mechanism between the HRC and the secondary agencies. This will give us far greater visibility and understanding of the life-cycle of the product or service in development, and its future impacts.

Key performance indicators for Driver 2



Sustain a skilled and diverse health research workforce, identifying and addressing crucial gaps in capacity, building people and creating opportunities.

1. **Percentage of recipients of an HRC Māori Career Development Award who have made a career progression⁴ through an HRC-funded opportunity in the past five years**



Actual 2018/19: 55%



Baseline 2017/18: 53%



Target 2018/19: Maintain



We have **achieved** our target

Target for 2020/21:

We will have completed an in-depth survey of all recipients of an HRC Māori Health Career Development opportunity since 1990, published our findings, and used what we have learned to improve and refine our Māori health career development programme.



We are **on track** to meet our target:

This work will form part of the initiatives undertaken under Action 2 of the New Zealand Health Research Strategy: Invest in research for healthy futures for Māori (point 4: Ensure the growth and ongoing development of the Māori health research workforce).



Identify and expedite economic returns from health research

2. **Number of HRC contracts with commercial potential referred to secondary agencies**



Actual 2018/19: 11



Baseline 2017/18: Not measured



Target 2018/19: 3



We have **achieved** our target

Target for 2020/21:

We will have devised a system for alerting commercialisation entities to discoveries with potential and have referred 5 – 10 HRC contracts through this system.



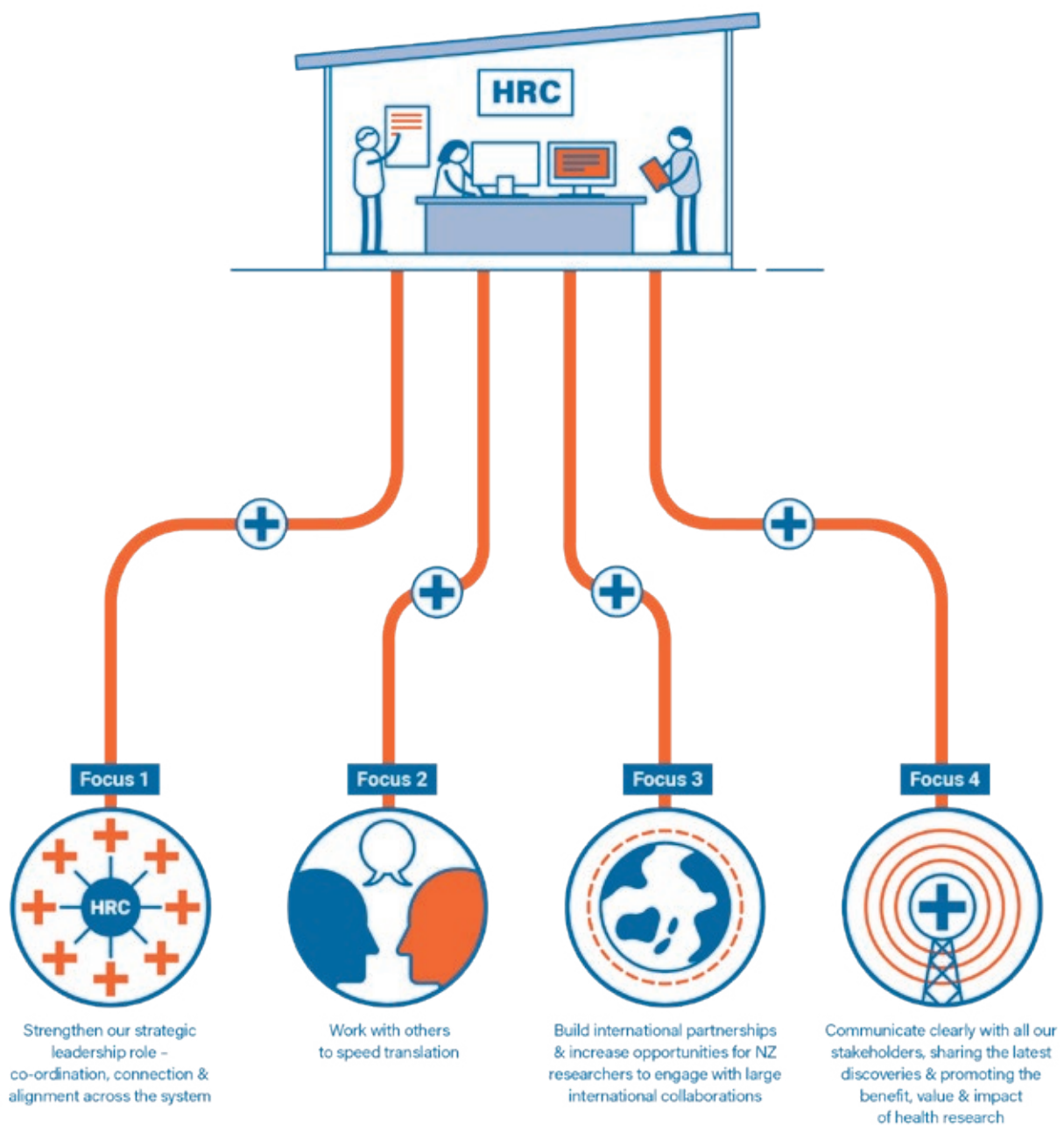
We have **already met** this target.

We have devised a system and have already exceeded the target for 2018/19 and 2021.

⁴ A career progression is defined as moving to the next level of our Career Development Awards scheme, such as from a Masters to a PhD scholarship, or attaining research funding after completing a Career Development Award. This progression may not be linear.



Driver 3: Increasing engagement & connection



What we set out to achieve

If we are successful, the many and varied organisations delivering to New Zealand's health research needs will be working towards addressing the same priority issues. We will become a united force with a shared vision supporting and facilitating common goals, rather than working in isolation. The flow of information between agencies will be continuous and efficient. We will have partnered across national agencies and government sectors to deliver crucial pieces of research that guide policy or provide urgent answers. Internationally, we will facilitate connections and garner valuable resources expertise and opportunities for our best and our brightest researchers. Communities will help to achieve our research agenda, engaging in research to an extent that has never happened before. The New Zealand public will understand the value and impact of what we do and take pride in our national health research achievements.

Making a Difference: HRC Statement of Intent 2017-2021



Focus 1: Strengthen our strategic leadership role – coordination, connection and alignment across the system

New Zealand's health research agencies work towards becoming a united force with a shared vision

Implementing the New Zealand Health Research Strategy (NZHRS)

This year **we completed the development of the New Zealand Health Research Prioritisation Framework** to guide the Government's investment in health research. In addition to this major undertaking, we have been advancing work on the other actions that we are leading and supporting the Ministry of Health and Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE) on advancing theirs.



Focus 2: Work with others to speed translation

System-wide approaches to health research and health delivery

Our work with the Ministry of Health and the Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment to implement the New Zealand National Health Strategy is making a system-wide approach to health research a reality. The strategy actions have also led the three agencies to take a system-wide approach to research in health delivery.

In collaboration with MBIE, **we are now looking beyond business as usual and working to embed research in the health sector with new approaches.** It is expected that at least one of these initiatives will be announced in the coming year.

Partnering and connecting across government, private and not-for-profit sectors

In 2018/19, we funded or approved seven research projects, one literature review and a research fellowship **through our Partnership Programme for a total investment of \$3.2 million**. Five of these contracts were funded through our **Breast Cancer New Zealand Partnership with the Breast Cancer Foundation NZ and Breast Cancer Cure**.

Research from this partnership is already making a difference, with the discovery that **a cancer-related protein can be used to predict whether a breast cancer patient will benefit most from hormone therapy or chemotherapy**, enabling doctors to decide on the best treatment option for each patient.

Our biggest partnership is with the Ministry of Health, and in 2018/19 the HRC-Ministry of Health Partnership Governance Group refreshed its Joint Funding Agreement to streamline processes and allow the **active development of five research partnership initiatives for release across the next financial year**. These partnership initiatives will strengthen the health research workforce, engage health professionals in research, and enable and embed translation across the health sector. They are specifically designed to deliver against key actions under the New Zealand Health Research Strategy.

We also have active partnerships with PHARMAC, the Ministry of Social Development, Worksafe, the Catwalk Trust and the ACC.



Focus 3: Build international partnerships and increase opportunities for New Zealand researchers to engage with large international collaborations

Our international programme is pivotal to building an environment in which New Zealand researchers can thrive. Working together across national boundaries allows researchers to overcome local barriers, such as limited funding, infrastructure or gaps in expertise, and gain from the exchange of methods and ideas. We currently have collaborative agreements with China and the European Union.

The HRC's international activities are supported through MBIE's Catalyst Fund. This also included support for New Zealand membership of the **Human Frontiers Science Program** in 2018/19. Management of the Human Frontiers Science Program transitioned from the HRC to the Royal Society Te Apārangi from 1 July 2019.

The **NZ-China Strategic Research Alliance** fund was established to develop collaboration opportunities through the creation and sharing of knowledge, insights, networks, and multi-institutional research and commercial partnerships. The three projects currently funded under this partnership include: new approaches to treating severe, acute pancreatitis to prevent the often fatal complications, led by Professor John Windsor of the University of Auckland; using Chinese medicine to treat tinnitus by targeting metabolic networks, led by Yiwen Zhang of the University of Otago; and the discovery of new drugs to treat liver cancer, led by Associate Professor Jeff Smaill of the University of Auckland.

In 2018/19, the HRC and the **National Natural Science Foundation of China (NSFC)** announced funding for one Project and three Emerging Researcher Grants through the **HRC-NSFC Biomedical Research Fund joint initiative** aimed at **establishing new or strengthening existing collaborations in biomedical sciences between Chinese and New Zealand researchers**. The HRC-NSFC Project funding awarded to Dr Robert Weinkove at the Malaghan Institute of Medical Research plays a vital role in enabling basic research to improve upon ground-breaking new technology to fight cancer by reprogramming the patient's own immune cells (CAR-T cell therapy) to increase the effectiveness for patients in the future.

The **e-ASIA Joint Research Program** is a coalition of national research funding institutions from **10 Association of Southeast Asian Nation countries and eight East Asia Summit participating countries**, including New Zealand, with membership through the HRC. The HRC and e-ASIA announced funding for research led by Professor Philip Hill at the Otago Global Health Institute to help improve the management of tuberculosis in Indonesia. This cooperative research project aims to conduct a randomised trial of a tailored intervention package to **increase notifications of tuberculosis** by private practitioners in Bandung, Indonesia.

The project will be conducted as a collaboration between researchers at the **University of Otago, the University of Padjadjaran (Indonesia) and Harvard University**. It builds on our established collaboration in Indonesia on research on private practitioners and tuberculosis.



Focus 4: Communicate clearly with all our stakeholders, sharing the latest discoveries and promoting the benefit, value and impact of health research

Making research more visible, and sharing the benefits, relevance and value of HRC-funded research is the main aim of our communication strategy. We are putting time and effort into ensuring HRC-funded research and initiatives are widely shared and better understood. As a result, our media monitoring shows that in the year ended 30 June 2019, the HRC had the following levels of mentions:

- **508 in New Zealand news media** (only print and online measured)
- **911 in global media**
- **1,930 in social media.**
- Based on our potential reach, **the HRC had media coverage with an 'advertising value equivalence' of \$1.43 million in New Zealand, and \$2.69 million internationally.**

The announcement of our 2019 Programmes and Projects received significant media attention. At the time of writing, **our newly funded research had featured in more than 60 news articles online** (e.g. Stuff and *New Zealand Herald*), as well as in radio interviews, TV news items and print articles. **The announcement had 15 global media mentions and was referenced over 300 times on social media.**

In the past year, our communications efforts have focused on bringing to life the vision of the New Zealand Health Research Strategy with examples of research excellence in action, especially that which addresses health inequities, priority health issues, and makes the leap from research lab or clinical trial through to clinical practice, services and policies.

Our communication pieces are divided into news and media releases of importance to the general public, and those which are targeted to key stakeholders (including researchers, research organisations, our Ministries, co-funders, clinicians, DHBs and NGOs). Both these audiences make up the next and end-users of health research findings, so we consider it our responsibility to share and showcase the research that matters to them, through the most effective channels, in the most engaging way.

HRC media releases on topical issues, such as climate change and mental health, medicinal cannabis usage, and racism in the health system, have generated widespread media interest and consistent coverage of our work throughout the year. **Continued interest from broadcasters, print and online media, and investigative journalists taking deeper dives into our featured topics, indicates good engagement with the research we're funding.**

In 2018/19, our researchers and the health sector were kept up to date through our *HRC Update* (an e-newsletter for the sector) and publications such as our *Statement of Performance Expectations*, our *Investment Impact Report* and our *Annual Report*. We also share targeted news and information on the HRC website and HRC and HRC Gateway (our research portal) as well as communicate directly with Research Offices, host organisations and specialist media to ensure important updates are shared widely.

Some of the key updates requiring frequent connection and engagement with stakeholders in the past year have included:

- Developing the national Prioritisation Framework for health research (in conjunction with the Ministry of Health and Ministry for Business, Innovation and Employment).
- Strengthening our Pathway to Impact model and sharing tips/guidance with researchers.
- Changing our New Zealand Health Delivery Research Investment Stream.

Key performance indicators for Driver 3



Work with others to speed translation

1. *Number of positions for practising health practitioners on current contracts*



Actual 2018/19: 546 individuals holding 1006 positions



Baseline 2017/18: 522 individuals holding 914 positions



Target 2018/19: 300 – 400



We have **achieved** our target

Target for 2020/21:

We will provide details of at least five research contracts that have led to a change in practice as a result of involvement of a health practitioner in the research.



We are **on track** to meet our target:

We already have five examples of such research in the areas of intensive care and emergency medicine.



Build international partnerships and increase opportunities for NZ researchers to engage with large international collaborations

2. *Negotiate a long-term research funding partnership between the Ministry of Health and the HRC*



Actual 2018/19: We have worked with the Steering Group (the MoH-HRC Partnership Governance Group) to develop two funding initiatives for 2019/20 that address priorities identified through the New Zealand Health Research Strategy (NZHRS). These initiatives are expected to be announced in 2019/20.



Baseline 2017/18: The HRC partnered with the Ministry of Health to provide up to \$2m in funding for research to better support Māori and Pacific youth with mental health problems, including depression, anxiety, schizophrenia and bipolar - affective disorder.



Target 2018/19: Work with the Steering Group to identify further areas that align with the priorities outlined as part of the on-going work to implement the NZHRS.



We have **achieved** our target

Target for 2020/21:

We will have established a joint research programme with the Ministry of Health in areas of strategic priority.



We are **on track** to meet our target.

The announcement of two new initiatives in 2019/20 will mean that our target for 2021 is met.



Part 2: Statement of Service Performance

Our Statement of Performance Expectations for 2018/19 set out what should be delivered under each of the four Outputs through which we allocate funding, and the key performance measures that we are reporting on in this section. Under each Output, we provide the details of our actual performance against our forecast measures, followed by our detailed financial statements, prepared in accordance with good accounting practice.







In addition to the measures provided under each Output, we are required to report against performance measures in the Estimates of Appropriations as follows:

Non-departmental Output: Health Research Fund

1. *Number of public health intervention contracts tracked by the Health Research Council.*

-  **Actual 2018/19:** 42
-  **Baseline 2017/18:** 31
-  **Target 2018/19:** 20
-  We have **achieved** our target

2. *Percentage of new Health Research Council contracts focused on discovery/development for improved detection, screening, diagnosis and treatment.*

-  **Actual 2018/19:** 26%
-  **Baseline 2017/18:** 28%
-  **Target 2018/19:** 18%
-  We have **achieved** our target

Investments through Output 1: Health research contracts

What we fund through this Output

We invest in health research contracts through contestable funding rounds and co-funding partnerships. This output covers the research contracted through our annual funding rounds of which we have one main round, closing in November, and a separate round for Explorer Grants. In 2018/19, we supported research with both long and short horizons, to build pathways to better health and wellbeing.

How our investments under Output 1 contribute to our Key Decision Drivers

Health research contracted through this Output delivers to the following Drivers:



Driver 1: Making a difference



Focus 1: Invest in research that meets the current and future health needs of New Zealanders



Focus 2: Fund excellent research with high potential for national and international impact



Focus 3: Focus on achieving health equity



Focus 4: Support highly innovative and transformative research



Driver 2: Stimulating growth



Focus 3: Identify and expedite economic returns from research

Income and expenditure in 2018/19 under Output 1: Health research contracts

	Actual 2019 \$(000)	Budget 2019 \$(000)	Actual 2018 \$(000)
Funding from Crown	97,445	97,458	89,572
Interest Received	248	295	348
Other	-	-	-
Total Revenue	97,693	97,753	89,919
Cost of Output	98,679	98,940	93,965
Surplus (Deficit)	(986)	(1,187)	(4,046)

Our key performance indicators for Output 1: Health research contracts

Output 1: Health Research Contracts

1. Number of contracts funded in the previous financial year that meet the HRC's definition of 'transformative'⁵ research

 **Actual 2018/19:** 10 (2018 contracts)

 **Baseline 2017/18:** 11 (2017 contracts)


 **Target 2018/19:** 8-10

 We have **achieved** our target

2. The average Science Assessing Committee score for funded Projects and Programme proposals is at least 70% of available score

 **Actual 2018/19:** Projects: 82%,
Programmes: 78%

 **Baseline 2017/18:** Projects: 79%,
Programmes: 78%

 **Target 2018/19:** 70% For both Projects and Programmes

 We have **achieved** our target

⁵ Research that promises extraordinary outcomes, such as: revolutionising entire disciplines; creating entirely new fields; or disrupting accepted theories and perspectives – in other words, those endeavours that have the potential to change the way we address challenges in health.

Investments through Output 2: Career development contracts

What we fund under this Output

We offer a programme of Career Development Awards, each aimed at addressing a gap in the health research workforce and building vital capacity. The programme is designed to build the Māori, Pacific and clinical workforce (which includes all allied health professionals) and foster the next generation of emerging leaders.

How our investments under Output 2 contribute to our Key Decision Drivers

Career development contracts supported through this Output deliver to the following drivers:



Driver 2: Stimulating growth



Focus 2: Sustain a skilled and diverse health research workforce

Income and expenditure in 2018/19 under Output 2: Career development research contracts

	Actual 2019 \$(000)	Budget 2019 \$(000)	Actual 2018 \$(000)
Funding from Crown	9,890	9,897	7,051
Interest Received	79	181	134
Other	-	-	-
Total Revenue	9,968	10,079	7,186
Cost of Output	9,393	10,282	8,511
Surplus (Deficit)	575	(204)	(1,325)

Our key performance indicators for Output 2: Career development contracts

Output 2: Career development contracts

1. Number of current career development contracts awarded to practising clinicians



Actual 2018/19: 41



Baseline 2017/18: 34



Target 2018/19: Maintain



We have **achieved** our target

2. Number of Māori Health Research Scholarships awarded (including, Masters, PhD and postdoctoral awards)



Actual 2018/19: 10



Baseline 2017/18: 13



Target 2018/19: 8-14



We have **achieved** our target

3. Number of Pacific Health Research Scholarships awarded (including, Masters, PhD and postdoctoral awards)



Actual 2018/19: 12



Baseline 2017/18: 17



Target 2018/19: 6-12



We have **achieved** our target

Investment through Output 3: Co-funding relationships

What we fund under this Output

The HRC co-funds research through our Partnership Programme, which delivers research that meets the needs of policymakers and those involved in healthcare delivery.

Our partnership model allows us to pool our resources with those of our funding partners to increase the scale, utility and reach of the research that we fund. We can offer expertise and processes that are not available to many of our partners, meaning that the projects commissioned are more likely to be robustly designed and deliver value for the investment.

How our investments under Output 3 contribute to our Key Decision Drivers

Health research contracted through this Output delivers to the following Drivers.



Driver 1: Making a difference



Focus 1: Invest in research that meets the current and future health needs of New Zealanders



Focus 2: Fund excellent research with high potential for national and international impact



Focus 3: Focus on achieving health equity



Driver 3: Increasing engagement and connection



Focus 1: Strengthen our strategic leadership role – coordination, connection and alignment across the system



Focus 3: Build international partnerships and increase opportunities for NZ researchers to engage with the international research community

Income and expenditure in 2018/19 under Output 3: Co-funding relationships

	Actual 2019 \$(000)	Budget 2019 \$(000)	Actual 2018 \$(000)
Funding from Crown	1,772	1,751	4,492
Interest Received	122	143	126
Other	638	252	490
Total Revenue	2,532	2,146	5,109
Cost of Output	4,032	3,340	3,314
Surplus (Deficit)	(1,500)	(1,194)	1,795

Our key performance indicators for Output 3: Co-funding relationships

Output 3: Co-funding relationships

- Number of new funding agreements negotiated with government or non-government agencies to specifically address a health research priority developed as a result of the New Zealand Health Research Strategy**



Actual 2018/19: 0



Baseline 2017/18: Not relevant



Target 2018/19: 1



We have **not achieved** our target

This work must align with The New Zealand Health Research Prioritisation Framework, which has yet to be signed-off by the Ministers. Delays in the development process beyond our control have meant that it could not be implemented in this financial year.

- Number of New Zealand based researchers named on current contracts resulting from HRC commitments to international organisations and agreements**



Actual 2018/19: 53



Baseline 2017/18: New measure



Target 2018/19: 18-30



We have **achieved** our target

Investments through Output 4: Contribution to policy, regulatory and ethical frameworks

What we fund under this Output

Under this output, the HRC undertakes regulatory activities and safety monitoring, and provides strategic advice on health research issues. These activities are provided primarily through the work of several HRC committees: the HRC Ethics Committee, the Gene Technology Advisory Committee (GTAC), the Standing Committee on Therapeutic Trials (SCOTT), and the Data Monitoring Core Committee (DMCC).

Alignment with the HRC's Key Decision Drivers

Activities supported through this Output deliver to the following Driver:



Driver 2: Stimulating growth



Focus 1: Develop a strong and enduring health research & innovation system where NZ research teams thrive

Income and expenditure in 2018/19 under Output 4: Contribution to policy, regulatory and ethical frameworks

	Actual 2019 \$(000)	Budget 2019 \$(000)	Actual 2018 \$(000)
Funding from Crown	285	285	285
Interest Received	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-
Total Revenue	285	285	285
Cost of Output	247	371	303
Surplus (Deficit)	38	(86)	(18)

Our key performance indicators for Output 4: Contribution to policy, regulatory and ethical frameworks

Output 4: Contribution to policy, regulatory, and ethical frameworks

1. Number of Ethics Notes published to inform researchers of issues on ethics in health research



Actual 2018/19: 1



Baseline 2017/18: 1



Target 2018/19: 1



We have **achieved** our target

2. Number of Health and Disability Ethics Committees (HDECs) reviewed & approved by the HRC annually



Actual 2018/19: 4



Baseline 2017/18: 4



Target 2018/19: 4



We have **achieved** our target





Part 3: Our team and organisation

Our key strength is our people. Our staff is diverse in every way and know and live our organisational values. We value our people and aim to provide a safe, flexible and fair working environment.

Our team

Employee numbers have stayed relatively steady with **31.21 full-time equivalent staff** at the end June of 2019.

A high proportion of our team have a PhD, some research training or a tertiary-level qualification. Some have no tertiary education. All have skills, attributes and experience that we highly value.

Our staff know and demonstrate **our company values of integrity, commitment, transparency and courage.**

An accessible workplace

We ensure that our workplace is accessible for everyone.

We have engaged with an independent organisation (Be Accessible) and disabled academics, who provide feedback on how to facilitate the accessibility of our organisation as an employer of choice for disabled people.

Where members of our team have specific health and disability needs, we address them, whether that means more flexible working hours or modifications to their workspace and equipment.

Leadership and accountability

Our Chief Executive, **Professor Kath McPherson, resigned and stepped down in August 2019.** The Council has initiated the selection process for her successor and Dr Vernon Choy has been appointed as Acting Chief Executive. Professor McPherson will be available to provide support to the incoming Chief Executive.

Our Senior Leadership Team meet weekly to identify key areas of opportunity, issues of concern, and priority initiatives. Information about key activities and priorities is shared with all staff via their manager or our weekly internal e-newsletter.

Staff have opportunities to give feedback directly to the Chief Executive via a monthly meeting or one-on-one meetings. We also seek staff opinion regarding ideas for development, and feedback about the HRC as a place to work through our regular, anonymous 'Ask your team' surveys.

The Council sets goals, monitors performance, and plays a key role in ensuring accountability within the organisation. **Representation on the Council is diverse in relation to gender, background, and ethnicity.**

Joining and leaving the HRC

We follow Equal Employment Opportunities guidelines (EEO). Our emphasis is always on recruitment of the best person to do the job regardless of gender, nationality, disability or age. We receive human resources support from an approved external agency.

We have a comprehensive induction process, providing information on the organisation's policies, operations and support. Our core values are embedded into position descriptions and decision-making.

We have high staff retention rates. When staff do resign or retire, the reporting manager follows our policy designed to support the leaving staff member and address needs that arise for other staff, and the organisation.

Working for us

We offer flexible hours, glide time and opportunities for part-time employment to facilitate return to work for people on parental leave, those with other commitments, or those recovering from illness or injury. Staff can also request to work from home in special circumstances.

Workflow is monitored by managers to ensure appropriate support is given to staff at times of high pressure. Where extra support is required, we pay for counselling through the **Employee Assistance Programme.**

We support staff to keep current and upskill through in-house and external training courses and attending conferences in their field of expertise. We allocate **each staff member a training and development budget to ensure this is equitable.**

Employees are encouraged to initiate and take part in team building opportunities. During the past 12 months, **most staff voluntarily participated in kitanga and te reo workshops** to enhance our engagement with Māori in the community.

We have a formalised annual performance review system to enable staff to reach their goals and objectives, identify new goals, and find opportunities for further development within the organisation.

We take part in regular national salary surveys to ensure salaries are benchmarked against a range of public and private organisations, and our **Remuneration Strategy** guides changes.

We have **'zero tolerance' for harassment or bullying.** We have an agreed set of values and principles by which staff

work and clear and transparent communication about new initiatives or change. Risk factors are proactively addressed, such as stress, and action is taken to put appropriate support in place. In cases of bullying or harassment, our **Harassment and Bullying policy** is followed and human resources expertise engaged.

We have an active Health and Safety Committee that meets regularly to ensure a safe and healthy environment. Each member of the committee has a specific

responsibility, including a portfolio for 'health and wellbeing at work.' We encourage reporting of any issues of concern and a register of these is kept along with the committee's response or recommendation.

There is a review of health and safety at each Council meeting, and the **Risk Management and Assurance Committee, considers health and safety in detail**, including a comprehensive site visit each year.

Permission to Act Disclosure of the Council – Crown Entities Act 2004 section 68(6)

Interest/specified class of interest to which permission relates	Who gave permission to act and date	Permission to act	Conditions
Employment at the institution in the same department of a First Named Investigator submitting an application for funding	G Fraser, Chair, HRC Council 14 June 2006	Remain in the room but not participate in the discussion	As long as minimum interest and not in an administrative role
Employment at the institution which is the subject of an application for funding	G Fraser, Chair, HRC Council 14 June 2006	Take part in discussion relating to the matter	Comment on fact only
Employment at the institution which is the subject of an application for funding whose involvement is deemed to be helpful	G Fraser, Chair, HRC Council 14 June 2006	Remain in the room and participate in the discussion but not in the decision	Particular situation noted in the minutes

None of the permissions were amended or revoked.

Statement of responsibility

For the year ended 30 June 2019

In terms of the *Crown Entities Act 2004*, we hereby certify that:

- We have been responsible for the preparation of these financial statements and statement of service performance and the judgements used therein.
- We have been responsible for establishing and maintaining a system of internal control designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of financial reporting.
- We are responsible for any end-of-year performance information provided by the Health Research Council of New Zealand under section 19A of the *Public Finance Act 1989*.

- We are of the opinion that these financial statements and statement of service performance fairly reflect the financial position and operations of this Crown Entity for the year ended 30 June 2019.



Dr Lester Levy, CNZM
Chair
18 October 2019



Professor Lesley McGowan, CNZM
Council member
18 October 2019



Part 4: Financial Statements

Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the year ended 30 June 2019	Note	Actual 2019 \$000	Budget 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Revenue				
Revenue from the Crown	2	109,392	109,390	101,400
Interest revenue		448	618	609
Other revenue		638	253	490
Total income		110,478	110,261	102,499
Expense				
Research grant costs	3	106,348	106,640	100,958
Operational costs				
Assessment and Council Committee costs		1,274	1,121	1,069
Personnel costs		3,671	3,665	3,245
Depreciation and amortisation expense		129	203	123
Fees to Audit New Zealand for the audit of the financial statements		63	62	62
Other costs		866	1,240	637
Total operational costs		6,003	6,291	5,136
Total expenses		112,351	112,931	106,094
Surplus/(Deficit)		(1,873)	(2,670)	(3,595)
Other comprehensive revenue and expense		0	0	0
Total comprehensive revenue and expense		(1,873)	(2,670)	(3,595)

Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 30 June 2019	Note	Actual 2019 \$000	Budget 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Equity at the beginning of the year		11,022	11,762	14,617
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year		(1,873)	(2,670)	(3,595)
Equity at the end of the year	5	9,149	9,092	11,022
Represented by				
Public equity		7,677	7,502	9,439
Foxley Estate Reserve Fund		1,472	1,590	1,583
Total equity at 30 June	5	9,149	9,092	11,022

Statement of Financial Position as at 30 June 2019	Note	Actual 2019 \$000	Budget 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Current assets				
Cash at bank	4	828	436	1,136
Short-term deposits	4	10,763	6,996	10,942
Funds held on behalf of – Other agencies	4	18,537	17,660	19,618
Funds held on behalf of – Foxley Estate	4	1,434	1,590	1,683
Receivables		380	402	1,632
Total current assets		31,942	27,084	35,011
Non-current assets				
Property plant & equipment		139	292	217
Intangible assets		13	1,002	45
Total non-current assets		152	1,294	262
Total assets		32,094	28,378	35,273
Current liabilities				
Payables		928	192	681
Contract retentions	3	2,980	1,000	2,151
Employee entitlements		362	182	189
Rental benefit in advance		21	23	21
Unearned management fees		478	94	454
Funds held on behalf of other agencies	4	4,262	2,700	4,799
Total current liabilities		9,031	4,191	8,295
Non-current liabilities				
Funds held on behalf of other agencies	4	13,797	14,961	15,818
Rental benefit in advance		117	134	138
Total non-current liabilities		13,914	15,095	15,956
Total liabilities		22,945	19,286	24,251
Net assets		9,149	9,092	11,022
Equity				
Public equity		7,677	7,502	9,439
Foxley Estate Reserve Fund		1,472	1,590	1,583
Total equity	5	9,149	9,092	11,022

Statement of Cash Flow for the year ended 30 June 2019	Note	Actual 2019 \$000	Budget 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Cash flows from operating activities				
<i>Cash was provided from</i>				
Receipts from the Crown		109,392	109,390	101,400
Interest received		441	618	638
Other revenue		374	247	653
		110,207	110,255	102,691
<i>Cash was applied to</i>				
Payments to suppliers		(106,959)	(109,128)	(103,280)
Payments to employees		(3,500)	(3,571)	(3,218)
GST		(309)	(30)	93
		(110,768)	(112,729)	(107,405)
Net cash flow from operating activities	11	(561)	(2,474)	(4,714)
Cash flows from Investing activities				
<i>Cash was provided from</i>				
Funds held on behalf of other agencies		5,034	2,800	5,866
Maturing term deposits		91,134	106,840	96,488
		96,168	109,640	102,354
<i>Cash was applied to</i>				
Funds paid on behalf of other agencies		(6,273)	(4,800)	(4,659)
Reinvestment of term deposits		(89,623)	(101,242)	(93,341)
Purchase of property plant & equipment		(19)	(1,236)	(46)
		(95,915)	(107,278)	(98,046)
Net cash flow from investing activities		253	2,362	4,308
Net increase (decrease) in cash held		(308)	(112)	(406)
Cash at bank beginning of year		1,136	548	1,542
Cash at bank end of year		828	436	1,136

The accompanying accounting policies and notes form part of these financial statements.

Notes to the Financial Statements for the year ended 30 June 2019

Note 1 - Statement of accounting policies

Reporting entity

The Health Research Council of New Zealand (HRC) is a Crown entity as defined by the Crown Entities Act 2004 and is domiciled and operates in New Zealand. The relevant legislation governing the HRC's operations includes the Crown Entities Act 2004 and the Health Research Council Act 1990. The HRC's ultimate parent is the New Zealand Crown.

The HRC's primary objective is to benefit New Zealand through health research. The HRC does not operate to make a financial return. The HRC has designated itself as a public benefit entity (PBE) for financial reporting purposes. The financial statements for the HRC are for the year ended 30 June 2019 and were approved by Council on 18 October 2019.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been applied consistently throughout the period.

Standard early adopted

In line with the Financial Statements of the Government, the HRC has elected to early adopt PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments. PBE IFRS 9 replaces PBE IPSAS 29 Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. Information about the adoption of PBE IFRS 9 is provided in Note 16.

Standards issued and not yet effective and not early adopted

Standards and amendments, issued but not yet effective, that have not been early adopted are:

Amendment to PBE IPSAS 2 Statement of Cash Flows

An amendment to PBE IPSAS 2 Statement of Cash Flows requires entities to provide disclosures that enable users of financial statements to evaluate changes in liabilities arising from financing activities, including both changes arising from cash flows and non-cash changes. The amendment is effective for annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021, with early application permitted. The HRC does not intend to early adopt the amendment.

PBE IPSAS 34-38

PBE IPSAS 34-38 replace the existing standards for interests in other entities (PBE IPSAS 6-8). These new standards are effective for the annual periods beginning on or after 1 January 2019. The HRC will apply these new standards on preparing the 30 June 2020 financial statements. No effect is expected as a result of this change.

PBE IPSAS 41 Financial Instruments

The XRB issued PBE IPSAS 41 Financial Instruments in March 2019. This standard supersedes PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments, which was issued as an interim standard. It is effective for reporting periods beginning on or after 1 January 2022. Although the HRC has not assessed the effect of the new standard, it does not expect any significant changes because the requirements are similar to PBE IFRS 9.

PBE FRS 48 Performance Reporting

PBE FRS 48 Performance Reporting replaces the service performance requirements of PBE IPSAS 1 and is effective for periods beginning on or after 1 January 2021. The HRC has not yet determined how application of PBE FRS 48 will affect its statement of performance.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the HRC have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Crown Entities Act 2004, which includes the requirement to comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP). The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Tier 1 PBE accounting standards. These financial statements comply with PBE accounting standards.

The HRC has carried out an assessment of the impact of PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments and has concluded that there is no practical impact on the financial statement of the HRC.

Presentation currency and rounding

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars and all values are rounded to the nearest thousand dollars (\$000).

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Significant accounting policies are included under the note to which they relate. Significant accounting policies that do not relate to a specific note are outlined below.

a) Property plant & equipment (PPE) and intangible assets (IA)

All property, plant and equipment (PP&E) and intangible assets (IA) are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation and impairment losses. Cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition and development of the items. Where an asset is acquired in a non-exchange transaction for nil or nominal consideration the asset is initially measured at its fair value. Subsequent

expenditure is capitalised only if it is probable that the future economic benefits associated with the expenditure will flow to the HRC and the cost can be measured reliably. All other repair, maintenance, and costs of day-to-day servicing are recognised in surplus or deficit as incurred. The costs of self-constructed assets are recognised as work in progress and not depreciated or amortised until the assets are operating in the manner intended, at which time they are transferred to PP&E or IA. Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount of the asset and are reported net in the surplus or deficit.

Depreciation and amortisation are recognised in surplus or deficit and are calculated to write off the cost of items of PP&E and IA less their residual values using the straight-line method over their useful lives as follows. The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively, if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

PP&E	Office and computer equipment	3 to 5 years	20–33%
PP&E	Leasehold improvements	5 years	20%
IA	Acquired computer software	3 years	33%
IA	Developed computer software	5 years	20%

b) Impairment of property, plant & equipment and intangible assets

The HRC only holds non-cash-generating assets as no assets are used to generate a commercial return. PP&E and IA held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service unit approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information. If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the surplus or deficit.

c) Employee entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled within 12 months after the end of the period in which the employee renders the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries

and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned but not yet taken at balance date, and sick leave.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are due to be settled beyond 12 months after the end of period in which the employee renders the related service, such as long service leave and retirement gratuities, have been calculated on an actuarial basis. The calculations are based on likely future entitlements accruing to staff, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that staff will reach the point of entitlement, contractual entitlement information, and the present value of estimated future cash flows

Presentation of employee entitlements

Sick leave, annual leave and vested long service are classified as a current liability. Non-vested long service leave and retirement gratuities expected to be settled within 12 months of balance date are classified as a current liability.

Contributions to defined contribution schemes

Obligations for contributions to Kiwi Saver and the Government Superannuation Fund are accounted for as defined contribution superannuation schemes and are recognised as an expense in the surplus or deficit as incurred.

d) Receivables

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for credit losses. The HRC applies the simplified expected credit loss model of recognising lifetime expected credit losses for receivables. In measuring expected credit losses, short-term receivables have been assessed on a collective basis as they possess shared credit risk characteristics. They have been grouped based on the days past due. Short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. Indicators that there is no reasonable expectation of recovery include the debtor being in liquidation.

Previous accounting policy for the impairment of receivables

In the previous year, allowance for credit losses was based on the incurred loss model. An allowance for credit losses was recognised only when there was objective evidence that the amount due would not be fully collected.

e) Payables

Short-term payables are recorded at the amount payable.

f) Goods and services tax

All items in the financial statements are presented exclusive of GST, except for receivables and payables, which are presented on a GST-inclusive basis. Where GST is not recoverable as input tax, it is recognised as part of the related asset or expense.

g) Income tax

The HRC is a public authority and consequently is exempt from the payment of income tax. Accordingly, no provision has been made for income tax.

h) Budget figures

The budget figures are derived from the statement of performance expectations as approved by the Council at the beginning of the financial year. The budget figures have been prepared in accordance with NZ GAAP, using accounting policies that are consistent with those adopted by the Council in preparing these financial statements. Explanation of major variances against budget are provided in note 15.

i) Cost allocation

The HRC has determined the cost of outputs using the cost allocation system outlined below. There have been no changes to the cost allocation methodology since the date of the last audited financial statements. Direct costs are those costs directly attributed to an output. Indirect costs are those costs that cannot be identified in an economically feasible manner with a specific output.

Direct costs are charged directly to outputs. Indirect costs are charged to outputs based on cost drivers and related activity or usage information. Depreciation is charged based on asset utilisation. Personnel costs are charged based on actual time incurred. Property and other premises costs, such as maintenance, are charged based on floor area occupied to produce each output. Other indirect costs are assigned to outputs based on the proportion of direct staff costs for each output.

j) Critical accounting estimates and assumptions

In preparing these financial statements, the HRC has made estimates and assumptions concerning the future. These estimates and assumptions may differ from the subsequent actual results. Estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. There are no estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year.

k) Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgments in applying accounting policies:

Leases classification

Determining whether a lease agreement is a finance, or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the agreement transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the HRC. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value

of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. The HRC has determined no lease arrangements are finance leases.

Research grant expenditure

For purposes of making payments, the HRC applies judgement during the year when determining whether an appropriate level of progress and quality has been achieved. It also ensures that no other change events have occurred which might affect payment.

Note 2 - Revenue from the Crown

Non-exchange revenue	Actual 2019 \$000	Budget 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment (MBIE)	109,107	109,105	101,115
Ministry of Health (MoH)	285	285	285
	109,392	109,390	101,400

Accounting Policy

The specific accounting policies for significant revenue items are explained below:

Funding from the Crown

The HRC is primarily funded from the Crown. This funding is restricted in its use for the purpose of the HRC meeting the objectives specified in its founding legislation and the scope of the relevant appropriations of the funder. The HRC considers there are no conditions attached to the funding and it is recognised as revenue at the point of entitlement. The fair value of revenue from the Crown has been determined to be equivalent to the amounts due in the funding arrangements.

Grants received

Grants are recognised as revenue when they become receivable unless there is an obligation in substance to return the funds if the conditions of the grant are not met. If there is such an obligation the grants are initially recorded as revenue received in advance and recognised as revenue when the conditions of the grant are satisfied.

Interest revenue

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest method.

Provision of services

Services provided to third parties on commercial terms are exchange transactions. Revenue from these services is recognised in proportion to the stage of completion at balance date.

Restrictions attached to revenue from the Crown

The HRC has been provided with funding from the Crown for the specific purposes of the HRC as set out in its Crown Funding Agreement with MBIE and MoH. Apart from these general restrictions, there are no unfulfilled conditions or contingencies attached to government funding.

Note 3 - Research grant costs

	Actual 2019 \$000	Budget 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Research, Science and Innovation: Health Research Fund	101,902	103,647	97,307
Research, Science and Innovation: Vision Mātauranga Capability Fund	3,588	2,207	2,447
Research, Science and Innovation: Catalyst Fund	858	786	1,204
	106,348	106,640	100,958

Accounting policy

Expenditure is recognised as the obligations under the contract are performed. Provision is made for any retentions and disbursements held at the end of the contract pending a final research report.

Contract retentions

Contract retentions relate to amounts withheld equivalent to 1 month's funding for each year of the term of the health research contract until a contractor provides a final research report. The contract funding retention is recognised as a financial liability at the end of the contract term, until the funding withheld is paid when the final research report is completed and provided to the HRC.

Disbursements

Disbursements relate to amounts held for expenditure claims payable to career development applicants by the HRC upon the submission of an approved claim. Disbursements payable are recognised as a liability until the end of the contract.

Critical judgements in applying accounting policies

For purposes of making payments, the HRC applies judgement during the year when determining whether an appropriate level of progress and quality has been achieved. It also ensures that no other change events have occurred which might affect payment.

Note 4 – Cash and cash equivalents, short-term deposits and funds held on behalf of other agencies

Accounting policy

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, and deposits held on call with banks. The carrying value of short-term deposits which are invested with maturity dates of 4 months or less approximates their fair value.

While cash and cash equivalents at 30 June 2019 are subject to the expected credit loss requirements of PBE IFRS 9, no loss allowance has been recognised because the estimated loss for credit losses is immaterial.

Interest rates

In FY2019, the effective interest rates on deposited funds ranged from 2.4% pa to 3.4% pa.

Funds held on behalf of other agencies

Funds held on behalf of other agencies are the balance of funds held which have been contributed by the HRC and other parties. These funds are interest bearing. Where funds have been committed to research contracts, payment terms are dependent on the individual underlying contracts. Uncommitted funds are held with no payment terms. The release of those funds to research projects are approved jointly by the HRC and other parties.

Short-term funds held on behalf of other agencies are the contract payments to be made in the next 12 months. The

balance of funds held on behalf of other agencies are treated as long-term liabilities

Funds held on behalf of – Foxley Estate

Funds held on behalf of the Foxley Estate are pursuant to an HRC resolution to hold the bequeathed funds to support the Foxley Fellowship from the interest earned by the fund.

Note 5 - Equity

	Actual 2019 \$000	Budget 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Movements in equity			
Public equity			
Balance 1 July	9,439	10,079	12,988
Surplus/(deficit) for the year	(1,873)	(2,670)	(3,595)
Transfer of net income from/(to) Foxley Reserve Fund	111	94	46
Balance 30 June	7,677	7,503	9,439
Foxley Reserve Fund			
Balance 1 July	1,583	1,683	1,629
Transfer (to)/from public equity	(111)	(94)	(46)
Balance 30 June	1,472	1,589	1,583
Total equity at 30 June	9,149	9,092	11,022

Accounting policy

Equity is measured as the difference between total assets and total liabilities. Equity is disaggregated and classified into the following components:

- Public Equity;
- Foxley Reserve Fund.

Foxley Reserve Fund

The Foxley Estate Reserve Fund relates to the assets bequeathed to the HRC in 1998. The Council resolved to hold the bequest funds as the "Foxley Reserve Fund" and to support the Foxley Fellowship from the interest earned by the fund. Interest received on these assets is credited to the reserve. Grants made for research sabbaticals are charged against the reserve.

Note 6 - Operating lease commitments

	Actual 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Operating leases as lessee		
Not later than 1 year	277	277
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	138	415
Later than 5 years	-	-
Total non-cancellable operating leases	415	692
Operating leases as lessor		
Not later than 1 year	93	93
Later than 1 year and not later than 5 years	46	139
Later than 5 years	-	-
Total non-cancellable operating leases	139	232

Accounting policy

An operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risk and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Lease payments under an operating lease are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Lease incentives received are recognised in the surplus or deficit as a reduction of rental expense over the lease term.

Current lease arrangements

Operating leases as lessee

The HRC currently leases office premises. The lease payments recognised as an expense in the period totalled \$276,711 (2018: \$262,530). No restrictions are placed on the HRC by any of its leasing arrangements. As per the lease arrangement, reinstatement costs upon termination of the lease are at the discretion of the landlord. Reinstatement costs are the costs to reinstate the premises as they were at the commencement date.

Operating leases as lessor

Part of the office premises are sub-let to a tenant in the same building which the HRC occupies.

Note 7 - Categories of financial assets and liabilities

	Note	Actual 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Financial Assets measured at amortised cost (2018: Loans and receivables)			
Cash and cash equivalents	4	828	1,136
Short-term deposits	4	10,763	10,942
Funds held on behalf of – Other agencies	4	18,537	19,618
Funds held on behalf of – Foxley Estate	4	1,434	1,683
Receivables	1(d)	379	1,632
Total financial assets measured at amortised cost		31,941	35,011
Other financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	1(e)	928	681
Contract retentions	3	2,980	2,151
Funds held on behalf of other agencies	4	18,059	20,617
Total other financial liabilities		21,967	23,449

Note 8 - Financial Instruments Risk

Market risk

Fair value interest rate risk

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The HRC's exposure to fair value interest rate risk is limited to its short-term deposits which are held at fixed rates of interest. The HRC does not actively manage its exposure to fair value interest rate risk. The interest rates on the HRC's cash and cash equivalents are disclosed in note 4.

Cash flow interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the cash flows from a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The HRC's Investments are issued at fixed interest rates for fixed terms. The HRC is exposed to cash flow interest rate risk when investments mature and are reissued. The HRC does not actively manage its exposure to cash flow interest rate risk. The HRC currently has no variable interest rate investments.

Currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates. The HRC does not enter into transactions in foreign currency and does not hold any assets or liabilities denominated in foreign currency. The HRC is not exposed to currency risk.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that a third party will default on its obligation to the HRC, causing the HRC to incur a loss. The HRC's maximum credit exposure for each class of financial instrument is represented by the total carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents and debtors. There is no collateral held as security or other credit enhancement in respect of these amounts. None of these financial instruments are past due or impaired. The HRC has no significant concentrations of credit risk, as it has a small number of credit customers and only invests funds with registered banks with a Standard and Poor's credit rating of at least AA-.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the HRC will encounter difficulty raising liquid funds to meet commitments as they fall due. Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and cash equivalents and the availability of funding. The HRC's annual revenue from the Crown (note 2) is known at the start of each financial year. Commitments are controlled and limited to this known level and timing of revenue and available cash reserves. In the event that government funding is not continued, or the progress and or quality of research expected is not achieved, then the HRC may discontinue contracts at its discretion.

The table below analyses payables (not including employee entitlements) contract retentions, and funds held on behalf of other agencies into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period at balance date to the contractual maturity date.

	Carrying Amount \$000	Contractual Cash flows \$000	Less than 6 Months \$000	6 to 12 months \$000	More than 1 year \$000
2019					
Payables	928	928	928	0	0
Contract retentions	2,980	2,980	2,980	0	0
Funds held on behalf of other agencies	18,059	18,059	2,597	1,665	13,797
Total	21,967	21,967	6,505	1,665	13,797
2018					
Payables	681	681	681	0	0
Contract retentions	2,151	2,151	2,151	0	0
Funds held on behalf of other agencies	20,617	20,617	2,468	2,331	15,818
Total	23,449	23,449	5,300	2,331	15,818

Note 9 - Capital management

The HRC's capital is its equity, which comprises accumulated funds and other reserves. Equity is represented by net assets. The HRC is subject to the financial management and accountability provisions of the Crown Entities Act 2004, which impose restrictions in relation to borrowings, acquisition of securities, issuing guarantees and indemnities

and the use of derivatives. The HRC manages its equity as a by-product of prudently managing revenues, expenses, assets, liabilities, investments, and general financial dealings to ensure the HRC effectively achieves its objectives and purpose, whilst remaining a going concern.

Note 10 - Employee remuneration

Employees receiving over \$100,000	Actual 2019 No. of Staff	Actual 2018 No. of Staff
100,000 to 109,999	5	2
110,000 to 119,999	1	1
130,000 to 139,000	1	
170,000 to 179,999		1
180,000 to 189,999	2	2
190,000 to 199,999	1	
330,000 to 339,999		1
360,000 to 369,999	1	
Total Employees	11	7

Councillors' fees	Appointed	Retired	Actual 2019 \$	Actual 2018 \$
Dr L Levy, CNZM	Jan 16	Aug 22	24,000	24,000
Professor L McCowan, ONZM	Feb 14	Mar 19	12,000	12,000
Professor A Mercer	Nov 12	Aug 19	15,000	15,000
Associate Professor S Pitama	Jun 15	Aug 22	15,000	15,000
Ms S Snively, ONZM	Dec 10	Apr 19	10,000	12,000
Professor J Douwes	Sep 15	Aug 22	15,000	15,000
Professor P Guilford	Oct 16	Oct 19	12,000	12,000
Dr W Barker	Jun 17	Jun 20	12,455	13,000
Dr M Faleafa	Jun 17	Jun 20	12,000	13,000
Mr T Norman	Jun 17	Jun 20	12,000	13,000
Dr A Dewes	May 19	May 22	2,000	
			141,455	144,000

Note 11 - Reconciliation of Operating surplus (deficit) to net cash flow from operating activities

	Actual 2019 \$000	Budget 2019 \$000	Actual 2018 \$000
Surplus/(deficit) for year	(1,873)	(2,670)	(3,594)
Add non-cash items			
Depreciation and amortisation expense	129	203	123
Management fees earned	(272)		
Rent recovered	(21)	0	(21)
Add/(deduct) movements in working capital items			
Receivable (increase)/decrease	227	0	(3)
Payables increase/(decrease)	1,249	(7)	(1,219)
Net cash flow from operating activities	561	(2,474)	(4,714)

Note 12 - Related party information

The HRC is a Crown Entity.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are:

- Within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship, and
- On terms and conditions no more or less favourable

than those that it might be reasonable to expect the HRC would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances.

Further, transactions with other government agencies are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are on normal terms and conditions consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies.

Key management personnel compensation

	2019	2018
Council members		
Remuneration - \$000	142	144
Full-time equivalent members	0.74	0.81
Leadership team		
Remuneration - \$000	920	889
Full-time equivalent members	4.00	4.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	1,062	1,033
Total full-time equivalent personnel	4.74	4.81

Key management personnel include all Council members, the chief executive, and members of the leadership team.

Cessation, termination payments or compensation paid to those who ceased employment during the year totalled \$Nil, Staff Nil (2018: \$Nil, Staff Nil)

Note 13 - Contingencies

As at 30 June 2019, the HRC has no contingent assets or contingent liabilities (2018: Nil).

Note 14 - Post balance date events

There have been no post balance date events that could impact the financial statements for the year ended 30 June 2019 (2018: Nil).

Note 15 - Explanation of major variances against budget \$000

Statement of comprehensive revenue and expense

Revenue

Revenue was higher than budget driven by higher management fees \$(385) offset by lower interest received from short-term deposits \$(130).

Expenditure

Research grant expenditure was lower than budget \$(291) or 0.3% driven by lower contestable research round expenditure \$(1,723) offset by higher Vision Mātauranga Capability Fund expenditure \$(1,381). Lower operational costs \$(288) were driven by the slower than expected implementation of information technology improvements \$(373) offset by higher assessing committee costs \$(153).

Statement of financial position

Current assets are higher than budget \$(4,858) driven by higher levels of payables \$(736), contract retentions \$(1,980), a lower deficit \$(797) and higher funds held on behalf of other agencies \$(762).

Statement of cash flow

Cash from operating activities were higher than budget \$(1,913) driven by lower operating deficit \$(797) and higher contract retentions \$(1,980).

Note 16 - Adoption of PBE IFRS 9 Financial Instruments

In accordance with the transitional provisions of PBE IFRS 9, the HRC has elected not to restate the information for previous years to comply with PBE IFRS 9. Adjustments arising from the early adoption of PBE IFRS 9 are recognised in opening equity at 1 July 2018. Accounting policies have been updated to comply with PBE IFRS 9. The main updates are:

Note 1 Receivables: This policy has been updated to reflect that the impairment of short-term receivables is now determined by applying an expected credit loss model.

Note 4 Cash and Cash Equivalents, Short-term Deposits and Funds Held on Behalf of Other Agencies: This policy has been updated to explain that a loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised only if the estimated credit loss allowance is material.

On the date of initial application of PBE IFRS 9, being 1 July 2018, the classification of financial instruments under PBE IPSAS 29 and PBE IFRS 9 is as follows:

	Measurement Category		Carrying Amount		
	Original PBE IPSAS 29 Category	New PBE IFRS 9 Category	Closing balance 30 June 2018 (PBE IPSAS 29) \$000	Adoption of PBE IFRS 9 Adjustment \$000	Opening balance 1 July 2018 (PBE IFRS 29) \$000
Cash at bank and on hand	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	1,136	0	1,136
Receivables	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	1,632	0	1,632
Short Term Deposits	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	10,942	0	10,942
Funds held on behalf of – Other Agencies	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	19,618	0	19,618
Funds held on behalf of – Foxley Estate	Loans and receivables	Amortised cost	1,683	0	1,683
Total financial assets			35,011	0	35,011

The measurement categories and carrying amounts for financial liabilities have not changed between the closing 30 June 2018 and 1 July 2018 dates as a result of the transition to PBE IFRS 9.

Note 17 - Compliance with Crown Entities Act 2004

Section 162 of the Crown Entities Act 2004 - Restrictions on Borrowing - States that "A Crown entity must not borrow from any person, or amend the terms of any borrowing, other than as provided in section 160".

Section 160 of the Crown Entities Act 2004 further provides

that any borrowing may be given approval by the entity's responsible Minister and the Minister of Finance.

The HRC inadvertently breached these sections of the Crown Entities Act 2004 on two days in November 2018 by an unauthorised overdraft. The responsible Minister was advised of these events on 18 December 2018 and acknowledged these events the same day.

No additional costs were incurred as a result of these events.

Statement of Resources as at 30 June 2019

Operating resources

- Computer systems
- Photocopying machines
- Furniture and fittings

Accommodation

The HRC is located at the 3rd floor of 110 Stanley Street, Auckland. The lease expires on 31 December 2020. Rights of renewal with two further terms of 3 years. The annual rental cost is \$0.27m including operating costs.

Staff resources

	FTEs 2019	FTEs 2018
Operational staff		
Chief executive	1.0	1.0
Senior managers	3.0	3.0
Manager Pacific health research	1.0	1.0
Manager Māori health research	1.0	1.0
Support staff	27.8	24.5
	33.8	30.5
Research staff		
Senior research staff		1
Other research staff		1
		2

Note: An FTE is a full-time equivalent employee.

Insurance cover in respect of Council members and employees

The HRC has the following Insurance Policies in place in respect of Council members and employees

1. An Employers' Liability Policy to cover any event in which the HRC becomes legally liable to pay costs in respect of all employees who sustain injury.
2. A Directors' and Officers' Liability Policy to cover any event in which Council members find themselves personally liable to third parties.
3. A Professional Indemnity Policy to help protect professional advice and service providing individuals from bearing the full cost of defending negligence claims by third parties, and damages awarded in such a civil lawsuit.

Independent Auditor's Report

To the readers of the Health Research Council of New Zealand's financial statements and performance information for the year ended 30 June 2019

The Auditor-General is the auditor of the Health Research Council of New Zealand (Health Research Council). The Auditor-General has appointed me, JR Smaill, using the staff and resources of Audit New Zealand, to carry out the audit of the financial statements and the performance information of the Health Research Council on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited:

- the financial statements of the Health Research Council on pages 54 to 69, that comprise the statement of financial position as at 30 June 2019, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flow for the year ended on that date and the notes to the financial statements including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information; and
- the performance information of the Health Research Council on pages 26, 34, 39, and 42 to 46.

In our opinion:

- the financial statements of the Health Research Council on pages 54 to 69:
 - present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at 30 June 2019; and
- its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with Public Benefit Entity accounting standards; and
- the performance information on pages 26, 34, 39, and 42 to 46:
 - presents fairly, in all material respects, the Health Research Council's performance for the year ended 30 June 2019, including:
 - for each class of reportable outputs:
 - its standards of delivery performance achieved as compared with forecasts included in the statement of performance expectations for the financial year; and
 - its actual revenue and output expenses as compared with the forecasts included in the statement of performance expectations for the financial year; and
 - what has been achieved with the appropriations; and
 - the actual expenses or capital expenditure

- incurred compared with the appropriated or forecast expenses or capital expenditure; and
- complies with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand.

Our audit was completed on 18 October 2019. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Council and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements and the performance information, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Responsibilities of the Council for the financial statements and the performance information

The Council is responsible on behalf of the Health Research Council for preparing financial statements and performance information that are fairly presented and comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Council is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements and performance information that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements and the performance information, the Council is responsible on behalf of the Health Research Council for assessing the Health Research Council's ability to continue as a going concern. The Council is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to merge or to terminate the activities of the Health Research Council, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Council's responsibilities arise from the Crown Entities Act 2004, Health Research Council Act 1990 and the Public Finance Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements and the performance information

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements and the performance

information, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers, taken on the basis of these financial statements and the performance information.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements and the performance information, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the Health Research Council's statement of performance expectations.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements and the performance information.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements and the performance information, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Health Research Council's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Council.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of the reported performance information within the Health Research Council's framework for reporting its performance.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Council and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Health Research Council's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements and the performance information or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our

conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Health Research Council to cease to continue as a going concern.

- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements and the performance information, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements and the performance information represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Council regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arise from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Council is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on pages 2 to 25, 27 to 33, 35 to 38, 40 to 41, 47 to 53 and 72 to 108, but does not include the financial statements and the performance information, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements and the performance information does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements and the performance information, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements and the performance information or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the Health Research Council in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised): Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than in our capacity as auditor, we have no relationship with, or interests, in the Health Research Council.



JR Smail

Audit New Zealand
On behalf of the Auditor-General
Auckland, New Zealand

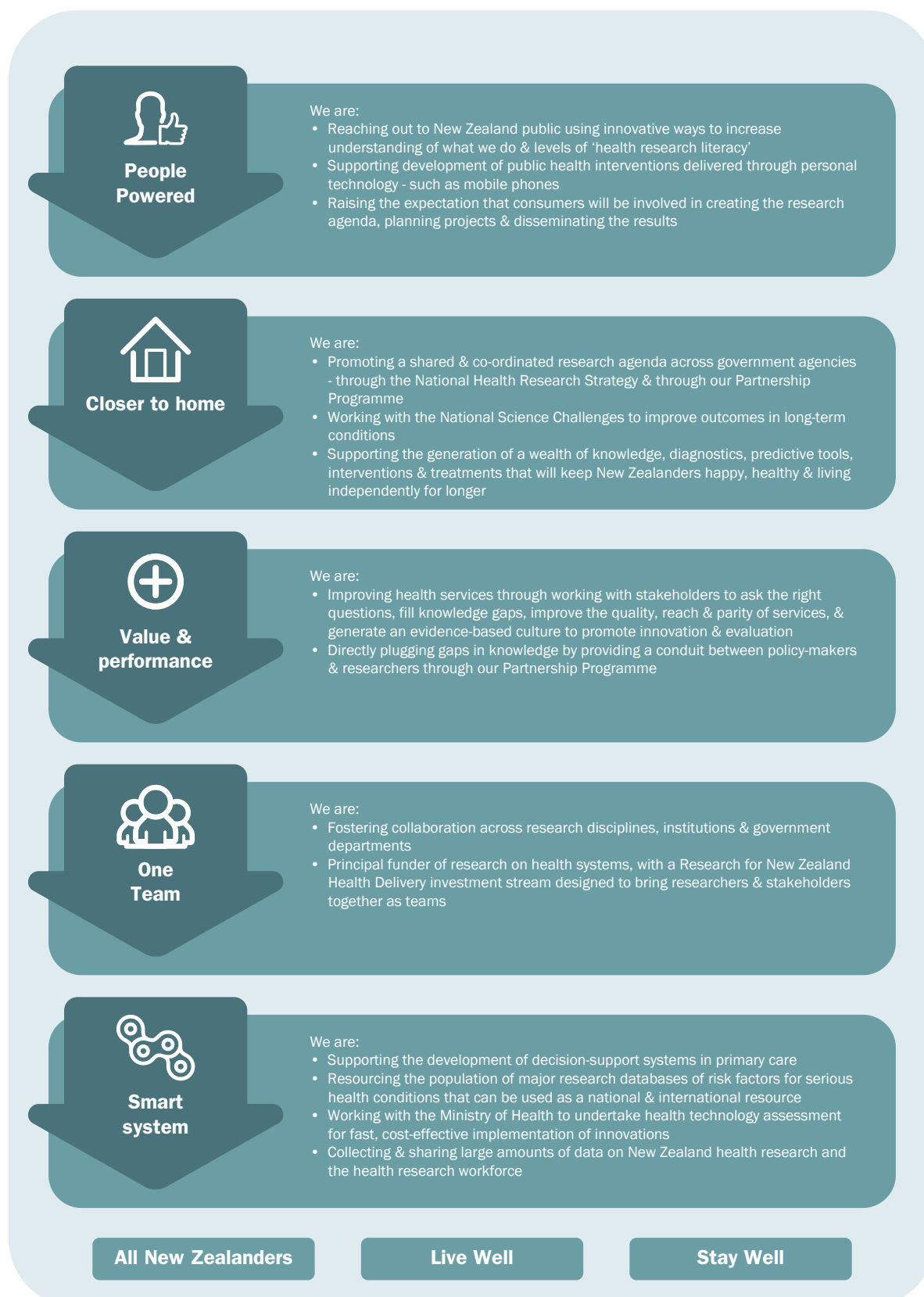


Appendices

Appendix 1: The HRC's functions under the Health Research Council Act 1990

- a) To advise the Minister on national health research policy.
- b) To administer funds granted to the Council for the purpose of implementing national health research policy.
- c) To negotiate, once every 3 years, the bulk funding allocations that may be made to the Council by the Government for the funding of health research.
- d) To foster the recruitment, education, training, and retention of those engaged in health research in New Zealand.
- e) To initiate and support health research.
- f) To encourage initiatives into health research by soliciting research proposals and applications, particularly in areas considered by the Council to have a high priority.
- g) To consult, for the purpose of establishing priorities in relation to health research, with:
 - (i) the Minister of Health;
 - (ii) the Ministry of Health;
 - (iii) District Health Boards;
 - (iv) other persons who fund or produce research, whether in the public sector or the private sector, and
 - (v) persons who have knowledge of health issues from the consumer perspective.
- h) To promote and disseminate the results of health research in ways that will be most effective in encouraging their contribution to health science, health policy, and healthcare delivery.
- i) To advertise actively for applications for grants to support proposals or personal awards in relation to health research.
- j) To appoint the members of the Biomedical Research Committee, the Public Health Research Committee, the Māori Health Committee and the Ethics Committee.
- k) To ensure the development and application of appropriate assessment standards by committees or subcommittees that assess health research proposals.
- l) To administer any additional funds that may be made available to the Council from either public or private sources for the support of health research.

Appendix 2: How the HRC is delivering to the New Zealand Health Strategy



Appendix 3: MBIE's National Statement of Science Investment 2015-2025

MBIE's National Statement of Science Investment 2015-2025 – how we build on the pillars of excellence and impact to bridge the gaps and support the vision

Showing the key components of MBIE's strategy (green text) in realising the vision for 2025, based on the pillars of impact and excellence, and the ways in which the HRC is working to bridge the gap (black text).

Gaps to bridge in 2015

We need: more good scientists; a simpler more agile funding system; a focus on excellence & impact & evidence of tangible benefits from science for NZ people

Vision for 2025

A highly dynamic science system that enriches NZ, making a more visible measurable contribution to our productivity & wellbeing through excellent science

	Excellence	Impact
The best people	The prestigious Sir Charles Hercus Health Research Fellowship , builds future research leaders	Improved population health & health status - especially for disadvantaged groups
A rigorous approach	Our investment processes involve over 700 national & international experts , doing both external & internal review of applications Health research funded by the HRC is highly cited internationally & our data suggest that the HRC outperforms other NZ funding sectors in terms of the quality & impact of publications arising from investments in the majority of fields	World-leading indigenous health research capacity-building & funding processes, only govt Pacific health research funding & career development programme in NZ, monitoring & oversight of HRC research relevant to Māori, Pacific peoples, older adults, children & youth, & people with disability. Dedicated investment for large, diverse portfolio of research on health & wellbeing - with emphasis on prevention
Optimal results	Our results contribute to improving the health of our country and our economy with new diagnostics, pharmaceuticals & vaccines coming on stream & bringing the latest treatments to our people , as well as returns from commercialisation	HRC-funded research highlights potential saving worth millions of dollars for our health system. bring researchers, clinicians & decision-makers together through our Partnership Programme activities & our dedicated funding for NZ health-delivery research Agile processes with rapid response funding for emerging health threats , large portfolio of applied biomedical research on biomarkers & diagnostics , major investment in prevention & early diagnosis of diabetes, cancer and heart disease.
	Reduction in health maintenance costs Early detection & mitigation of health risks	

Horizons of research activity

Generate new ideas
Our targeted-basic research **fuels NZ's innovation machine** with novel discoveries - with **Explorer Grants for transformational, high-risk research**

Develop emerging ideas
We have a track record of **supporting research over decades, resulting in new treatments for cancer & major breakthroughs** for cardiovascular disease patients & the understanding of dementia

Leverage proven ideas
Our investment feeds MBIE's health innovations portfolio with knowledge & **novel technologies for the global market, & adapts MBIE supported advance for direct applications in health**. We work with health decision-makers on vital **health technology**

Appendix 4: Key focus of the HRC's Research Investment Streams and their relationship to the key decision drivers

The four Research Investment Streams

 <p>Health and Wellbeing</p> <p>Understanding the human body and preventing disease</p>	 <p>Improving Outcomes for Acute and Chronic Conditions</p> <p>Better diagnosis, treatment and end-of-life care</p>
 <p>New Zealand Health Delivery</p> <p>Building a better, more efficient and cost-effective health system through research evidence</p>	 <p>Rangahau Hauora Māori</p> <p>Addressing Māori health issues and building the capacity and capability of the Māori workforce</p>

The drivers and key focus areas that all four investment streams deliver to

<p>Driver 1: Making a difference</p> <p>Focus 1: Research that meets the current and future health needs of New Zealanders</p> <p>Focus 2: Fund excellent research with high potential for national and international impact</p> <p>Focus 3: Focus on achieving health equity</p> <p>Focus 4: Support highly innovative and transformative research</p>	<p>Driver 2: Stimulating growth</p> <p>Focus 1: Identify and expedite economic returns from research</p>
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Appendix 5. HRC contracts current as of 30 June, or expired in the financial year

Health and Wellbeing in New Zealand

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
19/730	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	"Missing Women" in New Zealand: Exploring Gender Bias in Migrant Communities	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Rachel Simon-Kumar	The University of Auckland
19/647	Disability	Exploring medicinal cannabis use in New Zealand in a time of policy change	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Associate Professor Marta Rychert	Massey University
18/738	Alcohol/drugs and dependence	Towards personalised digital health services for preventable health conditions	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Melanie Tomintz	University of Canterbury
18/710	Wellness	"This is not an Intervention, It's a Movement!": reducing screen time in teens	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Samantha Marsh	The University of Auckland
18/709	Infectious disease	A universal scaffold for multivalent vaccine development	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Paul Young	The University of Auckland
18/699	Oncology / Cancer	Pinpointing Prostate Cancer: A Paradigm Shift in Diagnosis	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Associate Professor Paul Harris	The University of Auckland
18/672	Nutrition	Dietary Interventions: Evidence & Translation (DIET) Programme	\$4.90	Programme	Professor Cliona Ni Mhurchu	The University of Auckland
18/667	Wellness	Enhancing Primary Health Care Services to Improve Health in Aotearoa/New Zealand	\$4.80	Programme	Professor Jacqueline Cumming	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
18/651	Wellness	Working on Wellbeing with Young People	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Octavia Calder Dawe	Massey University
18/621	CNS/Neurological Disorders	The Role of Sleep in Healthy Ageing and Living well with Dementia	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Rosemary Gibson	Massey University
18/613	Disability	Caffeine prophylaxis to improve neurodevelopment in babies born late preterm	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Dr Jane Alsweiler	The University of Auckland
18/609	Infectious disease	Towards elimination of tuberculosis in Maori through preventive treatment	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Professor Philip Hill	University of Otago
18/608	Ageing	People with dementia and robots for independence	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Professor Ngaire Kerse	The University of Auckland
18/586	Infectious disease	Exploring immunisation inequities among refugee children in New Zealand	\$0.13	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Nadia Charania	Auckland University of Technology
18/580	Child development	Omega-3 for improvement of cardiometabolic outcomes following preterm birth	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Rebecca Dyson	University of Otago
18/579	Ageing	Caring for our Wisdom Bearers: Pacific Matua (Elder) care	\$0.60	Project	Dr Siautu Alefaio	Massey University
18/510	Immune system / allergy	Molecular characterisation of dendritic cells during immune responses	\$1.20	Project	Professor Franca Ronchese	Malaghan Institute of Medical Research
18/473	Wellness	Integrating survey and intervention research for youth health gains	\$1.19	Project	Dr Theresa Fleming	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
18/414	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Staying UpRight in Residential care	\$1.40	Project	Professor Ngaire Kerse	The University of Auckland

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
18/407	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Nutrition and Brain Development in Moderate and Late Preterm Babies	\$1.20	Project	Professor Jane Harding	The University of Auckland
18/397	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Improving CVD Risk Prediction in Primary Care: novel Arterial Waveform method	\$1.20	Project	Professor Robert Scragg	The University of Auckland
18/345	Wellness	Predictors and impact of driving cessation on older adults and whānau/families	\$1.20	Project	Dr Rebecca Brookland	University of Otago
18/245	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Mechanisms of neural network metaplasticity via astrocytes	\$1.18	Project	Professor Cliff Abraham	University of Otago
18/239	Infectious disease	Emerging Sources and Pathways for Leptospirosis - a paradigm shift	\$1.20	Project	Dr Jackie Benschop	Massey University
18/237	Gambling	Smart phone delivered CBT for gambling related harm: An RCT	\$1.20	Project	Gayl Humphrey	The University of Auckland
18/218	Obesity	How has a 'water only' and 'healthy kai' school policy impacted on child obesity	\$0.55	Project	Dr Gerhard Sundborn	The University of Auckland
18/079	Infectious disease	Developing an optimal strategy for the rheumatic fever endgame	\$1.20	Project	Professor Michael Baker	University of Otago
18/055	Mental Health	Mental health and well-being of Pacific youth in higher education	\$0.60	Project	Associate Professor Faafetai Sopoaga	University of Otago
18/023	Mental health	Assessing mental health and wellbeing among high risk Pasifika youth in Aotearoa	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Julia Ioane	Auckland University of Technology
18/011	Environmental Health	Are toxic moulds a real health hazard in New Zealand?	\$1.19	Project	Professor Julian Crane	University of Otago
17/911	Environmental Health	Havelock North Campylobacter Outbreak Study	\$0.44	Project	Dr Nicholas Jones	Hawke's Bay District Health Board
17/655	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Changing our view of tobacco dependence: the monoamine oxidase inhibitor story	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Penelope Truman	Massey University
17/652	Gastrointestinal disease	Maternal bacteria to correct abnormal gut microbiota in babies born by C-section	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Professor Wayne Cutfield	The University of Auckland
17/611	Occupational Health	Interventions to Reduce Occupational Disease (iROD)	\$5.00	Programme	Professor Jeroen Douwes	Massey University
17/590	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Omega-3 fats during obese pregnancy, for metabolic protection of the offspring	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Benjamin Albert	The University of Auckland
17/587	Mental Health	The New Zealand Transgender Health Survey: Stigma and Protective Factors	\$0.24	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Jaimie Veale	University of Waikato
17/568	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Extending brief alcohol interventions using mobile technology	\$0.23	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Damian Scarf	University of Otago
17/566	Nutrition	Optimising cognitive function: the role of dietary and lifestyle patterns	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Kathryn Beck	Massey University
17/548	Mental Health	Improving the effectiveness of lifestyle change strategies	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Simone Rodda	The University of Auckland
17/494	Health services - delivery	Pacific patient's perspectives of treatment of chronic conditions	\$0.40	Project	Dr Debbie Ryan	Pacific Perspectives
17/479	Child development	Non-Communicable Disease Risk in Rarotongan Adolescents	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD	Miss Siobhan Tu'akoi	The University of Auckland
17/478	Diabetes	Differences in Fructose Uptake in Pacific Adolescents	\$0.60	Project	Dr Ofa Dewes	The University of Auckland

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
17/461	Physical activity / exercise	Curriculum based high-intensity interval training for young adolescents	\$0.19	Feasibility Study	Dr Nigel Harris	Auckland University of Technology
17/417	Oncology / Cancer	Reducing delay and increasing access to early diagnosis for colorectal cancer	\$1.20	Project	Professor Ross Lawrenson	University of Waikato
17/405	Gastrointestinal disease	Integration of inflammatory signalling by TNF receptor associated factors	\$1.19	Project	Professor Catherine Day	University of Otago
17/367	Wellness	Integrated services to improve the health of Pacific peoples	\$1.19	Project	Professor Jacqueline Cumming	Victoria University of Wellington
17/364	Infectious disease	Evolution of an epidemic: emergence and adaptation of group B meningococci in NZ	\$1.19	Project	Dr Philip Carter	ESR Institute of Environmental Science & Research
17/333	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Assessing and comparing national policy to reduce harmful use of alcohol	\$0.87	Project	Professor Sally Casswell	Massey University
17/285	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	GnRH neuron Control of Ovulation	\$1.17	Project	Professor Allan Herbison	University of Otago
17/282	Vision / hearing / speech	Pacific Islands Families Study: Impact of hearing loss on Pacific youth	\$1.20	Project	Professor Janis Paterson	Auckland University of Technology
17/250	Respiratory disease / asthma	Child poverty: health consequences, costs, and policy interventions	\$1.18	Project	Dr Barry Milne	The University of Auckland
17/240	Endocrine disease	Mid-childhood outcomes of children born at risk of neonatal hypoglycaemia	\$1.20	Project	Professor Jane Harding	The University of Auckland
17/236	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Deciphering the Dendron for Fertility Control	\$1.09	Project	Professor Allan Herbison	University of Otago
17/189	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Curbing the tide of violence! Exploring a Pacific psychological faith-quotient	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Siautu Alefaio	Massey University
17/187	Wellness	Sleep and well-being among Pacific children and adolescents	\$0.58	Project	Dr Rosalina Richards	University of Otago
17/155	Respiratory disease / asthma	Respiratory Health of Pacific Youth: Risk and Resilience Throughout Childhood	\$1.18	Project	Dr El-Shadan Tautolo	Auckland University of Technology
17/154	Mental Health	Pacific Islands Families: Cultural Resiliency and Vulnerability in Mental Health	\$1.19	Project	Dr El-Shadan Tautolo	Auckland University of Technology
17/135	Birth defects / congenital conditions	Environmental and genetic risk factors for cleft lip and palate	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor John Thompson	The University of Auckland
17/113	Oncology / Cancer	Genetic modifiers of risk of familial breast and ovarian cancer	\$1.14	Project	Dr Logan Walker	University of Otago
17/066	Mental Health	The impact of racism on the future health of adults: a prospective cohort study	\$0.82	Project	Dr James Stanley	University of Otago
16/682	Physical activity / exercise	Designing Diagnostic and Rehabilitation Landscapes for the Disabled	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Mr Bruno Marques	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
16/679	Wellness	Intelligent Digital Environment for Wellbeing and Healthcare	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Richard Whiddett	Massey University
16/656	Obesity	Nutrition 2.0: Toward a food systems approach for public health nutrition	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Professor Boyd Swinburn	The University of Auckland
16/642	Obesity	Using principles of the 'Slow Movement' to prevent obesity from birth	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Samantha Marsh	The University of Auckland

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
16/605	Child development	Feeding preterm babies for life-long health	\$5.00	Programme	Professor Frank Bloomfield	The University of Auckland
16/604	Ageing	A lifecourse study on aging processes to inform early intervention strategies	\$4.99	Programme	Professor Richie Graham Poulton CNZM	University of Otago
16/600	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	The Christchurch Health and Development Study - Birth to 40 Years	\$4.36	Programme	Professor John Horwood	University of Otago
16/551	Health services - delivery	Utilizing a prognostic indicator to guide deprescribing in Aged Residential Care	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Claire Heppenstall	University of Otago
16/510	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Disturbed energetics in heart failure: its association with t-tubule disruption	\$0.11	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr June-Chiew Han	The University of Auckland
16/475	Infectious disease	Zoonotic disease transmission in New Zealand rural communities	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Pippa Scott	University of Otago
16/443	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	BODE3: Modelling preventive interventions to improve health and social outcomes	\$4.95	Programme	Professor Tony Blakely	University of Otago
16/402	Obesity	Role of hypothalamic beta-catenin in body weight regulation	\$1.20	Project	Professor David Grattan	University of Otago
16/351	Occupational Health	Work-related risk factors for cardiovascular disease	\$0.72	Project	Professor Jeroen Douwes	Massey University
16/329	Obesity	Communities Fighting Sugar in Soft-drinks	\$1.18	Project	Dr Gerhard Sundborn	The University of Auckland
16/294	Child development	The Next Generation Studies	\$1.20	Project	Professor Bob Hancox	University of Otago
16/289	Ageing	Towards streetscapes promoting inclusive mobility, health and wellbeing for all	\$1.19	Project	Professor Shanthi Ameratunga	The University of Auckland
16/206	Environmental Health	Community water supplies: ensuring microbial safety for disease prevention	\$1.06	Project	Dr Liping Pang	ESR Institute of Environmental Science & Research
16/185	Health services - delivery	Exploring the development and impact of changes in community pharmacy services	\$1.19	Project	Professor Jacqueline Cumming	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
16/173	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Creating safer workplaces: understanding our work related fatalities	\$1.19	Project	Dr Rebbecca Lilley	University of Otago
16/149	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Supporting informed e-cigarette use: A mixed methods study	\$1.20	Project	Professor Janet Hoek	University of Otago
16/148	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Generating pulses with KNDy neurons	\$1.12	Project	Professor Allan Herbison	University of Otago
16/096	CNS / Neurological Disorders	Targeting the RFRP neuronal system to control stress and anxiety	\$1.19	Project	Professor Greg Anderson	University of Otago
16/078	Bone disease	Zoledronic acid and fracture prevention in early postmenopausal women	\$0.96	Project	Associate Professor Mark Bolland	The University of Auckland
16/076	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	A head-to-head trial of cytisine and varenicline for smoking cessation	\$1.60	Project	Associate Professor Natalie Walker	The University of Auckland
16/066	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	No smokers left behind: A trial of adaptive smoking cessation treatment	\$1.20	Project	Professor Christopher Bullen	The University of Auckland
16/027	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Timekeeping in the neural network controlling fertility	\$1.07	Project	Dr Richard Piet	University of Otago

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
16/017	Dental / Oral health	Preventing Upper Respiratory Tract Infections in Infancy	\$1.20	Project	Professor Julian Crane	University of Otago
16/010	Infectious disease	New Generation Lipopeptide Antimicrobial Agents Using Patented CLipPA Technology	\$1.20	Project	Professor Margaret Brimble CNZM FRSNZ	The University of Auckland
16/005	Infectious disease	Understanding GAS pharyngitis and skin infections as causes of rheumatic fever	\$1.20	Project	Professor Michael Baker	University of Otago
15/599	Wellness	Citizen empowerment for creating healthy community environments in New Zealand	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Stefanie Vandevijvere	The University of Auckland
15/540	Public health – risk factor	Systematic review and meta-analyses on health effects of dietary carbohydrates	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Lisa Te Morenga	University of Otago
15/527	Occupational Health	The effectiveness of a monitor & feedback device for changing postural behaviour	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Daniel Ribeiro	University of Otago
15/510	Ageing	IL-1 signalling and developmental programming of offspring metabolic health	\$0.29	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Clare Reynolds	The University of Auckland
15/429	Environmental Health	He Kainga Oranga: translating housing research to practice for children's health	\$4.94	Programme	Professor Dr Philippa Howden-Chapman	University of Otago
15/410	Ageing	Premature celebration? The late effects of early birth.	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Max Berry	University of Otago
15/273	Obesity	The gut microbiome: a new pathway to obesity prevention and metabolic health	\$1.20	Project	Professor Bernhard Breier	Massey University
15/265	Dental / Oral health	Oral health from childhood to mid-life	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Jonathan Broadbent	University of Otago
15/261	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Older drivers, families and GPs: Navigating the path between mobility and safety	\$1.19	Project	Dr Rebecca Brookland	University of Otago
15/260	Disability	Enabling participation for children and young people with disabilities	\$0.78	Project	Professor Karen Witten	Massey University
15/216	Child development	Does preventing neonatal hypoglycaemia improve outcome at two years of age?	\$1.60	Project	Professor Jane Harding	The University of Auckland
15/202	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	The combined use of nicotine replacement therapy and e-cigarettes	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Natalie Walker	The University of Auckland
15/172	Infectious disease	TeeVax - a novel vaccine against group A streptococcus?	\$1.12	Project	Associate Professor Thomas Proft	The University of Auckland
15/165	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Aspirin harm benefit calculator to guide cardiovascular primary prevention	\$0.63	Project	Dr Vanessa Selak	The University of Auckland
15/125	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Safety on steps: a randomised controlled trial	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Michael Keall	University of Otago
15/097	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Probing novel pathways mediating Polycystic Ovarian Syndrome	\$0.91	Project	Associate Professor Rebecca Campbell	University of Otago
15/072	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	The New Zealand International Tobacco Control Project	\$1.20	Project	Professor Peter Edwards	University of Otago

Improving Outcomes of Acute and Chronic Conditions

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
19/791	Lymphoedema	Identification and monitoring of lymphoedema	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Bartosz Nowak	University of Canterbury
19/779	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Synthetic Stem Cells – a New Area for Myocardial Infarction Treatment	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Xiaolin Cui	University of Otago
19/777	Oncology / Cancer	A novel device for early cancer detection	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Professor Parry Guilford	University of Otago
19/774	Respiratory disease / asthma	Asthma - a test case for precision	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Associate Professor Justin O'Sullivan	The University of Auckland
19/771	Oncology / Cancer	Transforming the paradigm of functional genome organisation	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Tracy Hale	Massey University
19/768	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Investigating iNKT Cell-Based Vaccinology to Treat Drug Addiction	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Benjamin Compton	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
19/763	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Development of a non-invasive diagnostic test for endometriosis	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Anna Ponnampalam	The University of Auckland
19/750	Immune system / allergy	Enabling NZ biomedical research with superior targeted cell ablation models	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Professor David Ackerley	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
19/743	General critical illness states	Rebalancing fluid distribution in critical illness	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Associate Professor Anthony Phillips	The University of Auckland
19/734	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Next generation cardiac ultrasound: training echocardiography using MRI	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Sean Coffey	University of Otago
19/701	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Does energy deficiency compromise myofilament contractility in diabetes?	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Kenneth Tran	The University of Auckland
19/696	Infectious disease	Developing computational tools to design highly potent antibiotics	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Wanting Jiao	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
19/609	Respiratory disease / asthma	Treatable traits for the management of asthma: a feasibility study	\$0.24	Feasibility Study	Dr James Fingleton	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
19/603	Mortality	Hospital Operating Theatre Randomised OXYgen trial (HOT-ROX)	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Dr Paul Young	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
18/735	Biomedical - psychology	Is there a 'fourth axis' of vesicular communication?	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Associate Professor Anthony Phillips	The University of Auckland
18/714	Immune system / allergy	Using smallpox proteins to treat human inflammation	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Professor Kurt Krause	University of Otago
18/697	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Developing and validating a novel site for mobile and unobtrusive EEG recording	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Professor Neil McNaughton	University of Otago
18/693	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	A unique cellular mechanism for diabetic heart disease?	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Chris Baldi	University of Otago
18/691	Vision / hearing / speech	Ocular laser bio-meter, fast and cheap early diagnosis of vision impairment	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Ehsan Vaghefi	The University of Auckland
18/681	Diabetes	Understanding genetic risk factors for metabolic disease in Maori and Pacific	\$5.00	Programme	Professor Peter Shepherd	The University of Auckland
18/674A	Infectious disease	Targeting pathogen energetics to produce new antimicrobials	\$1.00	Project	Professor Gregory Cook	University of Otago
18/673	Gastrointestinal disease	Translational Advances in GI Surgical Recovery and Motility Disorders	\$5.00	Programme	Associate Professor Gregory O'Grady	The University of Auckland
18/671	Endocrine disease	Untangling PCOS: Understanding androgen excess and the female brain	\$5.00	Programme	Associate Professor Rebecca Campbell	University of Otago

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
18/654	Mental Health	Social rhythms therapy for bipolar disorder in routine clinical practice	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Professor Richard Porter	University of Otago
18/643	Oncology / Cancer	CRC Predict study - association of molecular subtypes and microbiome in CRC	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Rachel Purcell	University of Otago
18/637	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Role of myoregulin in cardiovascular disease	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Sarah Appleby	University of Otago
18/636	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Optimisation of pre-operative cardiovascular fitness: The heat vs. HIIT study	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Kate Thomas	University of Otago
18/632	Oncology / Cancer	Lung Cancer Screening with Scent-Detection Dogs	\$0.23	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Timothy Edwards	University of Waikato
18/627	Ageing	Can inflammation and aging modify the human epigenome?	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Aaron Stevens	University of Otago
18/623	Infectious disease	Feasibility study of vitamin C therapy in community acquired pneumonia	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Professor Stephen Chambers	University of Otago
18/602	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Automated over-ground gait rehabilitation in acute stroke: A Feasibility Study	\$0.24	Feasibility Study	Associate Professor Andrew McDauid	The University of Auckland
18/596	Rheumatology / arthritis	Anti-depressants for osteoarthritis pain: Can we predict treatment efficacy?	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr David Rice	Waitemata District Health Board
18/593	Injury – intentional and unintentional	STRIDE - Steroids To Reduce the Impact on Delirium study	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Dr Michal Kluger	Waitemata District Health Board
18/590	Ageing	Is a dementia prevalence study feasible in NZ?	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Dr Sarah Cullum	The University of Auckland
18/585	Oncology / Cancer	Circulating RNA as diagnostic and prognostic biomarkers in colorectal cancer	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Kirsty Danielson	University of Otago
18/532	Infectious disease	Repurposing the anthelmintic niclosamide to combat Gram negative superbugs	\$1.20	Project	Professor David Ackerley	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
18/513	Physical activity / exercise	Rugby Fans in Training: A Randomised controlled trial	\$1.20	Project	Professor Ralph Maddison	The University of Auckland
18/506	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Dietary Sodium Reduction to Improve Heart Failure Outcomes: The SODIUM-HF study	\$1.40	Project	Professor Richard Troughton	University of Otago
18/408	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Placental extracellular vesicles, controllers of the maternal vasculature	\$1.20	Project	Professor Larry Chamley	The University of Auckland
18/400	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Nanoscale fibrosis and loss of contractility in the failing human heart	\$1.18	Project	Dr David Crossman	The University of Auckland
18/382	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Identifying the first signs of dementia in humans	\$0.89	Project	Professor Maurice Curtis	The University of Auckland
18/323	Oncology / Cancer	Reducing Oxaliplatin Toxicity: A Randomised Dose-Finding Proof-of-Concept Trial	\$1.20	Project	Professor Mark McKeage	The University of Auckland
18/300	Oncology / Cancer	Banishing tumour hypoxia to render cancer immunotherapy curative	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Adam Patterson	The University of Auckland
18/272	Oncology / Cancer	A new combination therapy for cancer	\$1.17	Project	Professor Peter Shepherd	The University of Auckland
18/233	Oncology / Cancer	More gain, less pain from chemoradiation for rectal cancer by adding simvastatin	\$1.40	Project	Associate Professor Michael Jameson	The University of Auckland
18/232	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	A Novel Target for the Control of Arrhythmias	\$1.13	Project	Associate Professor Peter Jones	University of Otago

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18/225	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Look before we leap: strategies for treating mild neonatal encephalopathy	\$1.19	Project	Dr Joanne Davidson	The University of Auckland
18/219	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Naturally Occurring Peptaibols: "Magic Bullets" for Targeting Breast Cancer	\$1.20	Project	Professor Margaret Brimble DNZM FRSNZ	The University of Auckland
18/207	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Targeting new receptors for lipoprotein(a)	\$1.19	Project	Professor Sally McCormick	University of Otago
18/193	Mental Health	Pharmacological brain-imaging of novel rapid antidepressant medicines	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Suresh Muthukumaraswamy	The University of Auckland
18/189	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Targeting chemoreceptors in hypertension: a large animal pre-clinical trial	\$1.19	Project	Dr Rohit Ramchandra	The University of Auckland
18/183	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	New horizons for preterm brain protection: exploiting endogenous neuroprotection	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Mhoyra Fraser	The University of Auckland
18/156	Biomedical – pharmaceuticals / treatments	Towards a New Penicillin for Rheumatic Fever - the BPG Pharmacokinetic Study	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Dianne Sika-Paotonu	University of Otago
18/152	Mental Health	Treating cognitive impairment in severe depression	\$1.15	Project	Professor Richard Porter	University of Otago
18/151	Rheumatology / arthritis	Is prophylaxis required with start-low go slow dosing of allopurinol in gout?	\$1.42	Project	Professor Lisa Stamp	University of Otago
18/150	Oncology / Cancer	Understanding regulation of the polycomb-repressive deubiquitinase in malignancy	\$1.19	Project	Dr Peter Mace	University of Otago
18/147	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Reducing fatigue after stroke: A randomised controlled trial	\$1.18	Project	Dr Kelly Jones	Auckland University of Technology
18/144	Oncology / Cancer	Epigenomic profiling to predict patient response to melanoma immunotherapy	\$1.20	Project	Professor Michael Eccles	University of Otago
18/063	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Development of novel remyelination treatments for Multiple Sclerosis	\$1.17	Project	Dr Bronwyn Kivell	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
17/661	Dental / Oral health	'No Drill, No Fill' – a novel substitute to regrow teeth	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Azam Ali	University of Otago
17/649	Chemical sciences	Developing the holy grail of bioprinting: vascularization	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Jaydee Cabral	University of Otago
17/632	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Linking viruses that call uterus home and unexplained female infertility	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Anna Ponnampalam	The University of Auckland
17/625	Bioengineering	Towards bone regeneration by developing electroactive hybrid materials	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Leandro Bolzoni	University of Waikato
17/624	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Transforming women's pelvic floor health.	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Jennifer Kruger	The University of Auckland
17/622	Oncology / Cancer	A proton switch for T cell migration and activation	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Associate Professor Alexander McLellan	University of Otago
17/616	Infectious disease	Real time in situ antibiotic sensitivity testing	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Professor Sarah Hook	University of Otago
17/614	Respiratory disease / asthma	Prevention of Asthma	\$4.99	Programme	Professor Stuart Dalziel	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
17/610	Oncology / Cancer	Reducing the burden of gastric cancer in New Zealand	\$4.97	Programme	Professor Parry Guilford	University of Otago
17/608	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Biomechanics in Heart Disease	\$4.96	Programme	Professor Martyn Nash	The University of Auckland
17/601	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Pathogenesis, detection and treatment of perinatal brain injury	\$4.92	Programme	Professor Alistair Gunn	The University of Auckland

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17/586	Oncology / Cancer	IMPACT-ful resistance mechanism of cancer cells	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Petr Tomek	The University of Auckland
17/582	Child development	Functional Behavioural Sandman: Treating Sleep Disturbance in Children with ASD	\$0.16	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Laurie McLay	University of Canterbury
17/571	Diabetes	Deciphering the metabolic function of igf2 derived peptide hormones.	\$0.23	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Kate Lee	The University of Auckland
17/562	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Improving risk assessment for worsening kidney function in heart failure	\$0.17	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Moritz Lassé	University of Otago
17/561	Gastrointestinal disease	Activation to recovery mapping to predict gastric dysrhythmias	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Niranchan Paskaranandavadiel	The University of Auckland
17/558	Gastrointestinal disease	Development of targeted gastric ablation as a novel gastrointestinal therapy	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Timothy Angeli	The University of Auckland
17/542	Diabetes	Preventing progression from pre-diabetes to Type 2 Diabetes in New Zealanders	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Associate Professor Jeremy Krebs	University of Otago
17/538	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Feasibility of a smartphone-based support system for hazardous drinkers	\$0.19	Feasibility Study	Associate Professor Natalie Walker	The University of Auckland
17/536	Physical activity / exercise	The effectiveness of tailored rehabilitation versus standard exercise programme	\$0.21	Feasibility Study	Dr Daniel Ribeiro	University of Otago
17/533	Diabetes	Feasibility of a mobile game to improve diabetes self-management in young people	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Professor Ralph Maddison	The University of Auckland
17/531	Mental Health	Sensory modulation for anxiety in primary health care: A feasibility study	\$0.16	Feasibility Study	Dr Daniel Sutton	Auckland University of Technology
17/529	Diabetes	Effects of Helicobacter pylori in pre-diabetes and type 2 diabetes	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Dr Stephen Inns	University of Otago
17/522	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Mindfulness training for people after stroke: A feasibility study	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Professor Richard Siegert	Auckland University of Technology
17/521	Respiratory disease / asthma	Taking charge of COPD: A low-cost self-management intervention	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Associate Professor William Leveck	University of Otago
17/425	Renal disease / urology	Kidney organoids: Modelling kidney injury and preclinical drug testing	\$1.18	Project	Associate Professor Alan Davidson	The University of Auckland
17/414	Renal disease / urology	The BEST-Fluids study: Better Evidence for Selecting Transplant Fluids	\$0.55	Project	Dr Michael Collins	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
17/402	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	An epigenome-wide study for coronary artery disease	\$1.14	Project	Professor Greg Jones	University of Otago
17/372	Infectious disease	Unmasking genes for antibiotic resistance in a superbug	\$1.15	Project	Professor Iain Lamont	University of Otago
17/298	Obesity	Targeting the ERp44-adiponectin interaction for diabetes treatment	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Alok Mitra	The University of Auckland
17/294	Rheumatology / arthritis	Targeting crystal-driven macrophage activation to suppress gouty inflammation	\$1.19	Project	Dr Christopher Hall	The University of Auckland
17/290	Oncology / Cancer	Development of a novel and specific inhibitor of CSF1R for cancer therapy	\$1.20	Project	Professor William Denny	The University of Auckland
17/288	Birth defects / congenital conditions	Defining human specific genetic variants in brain developmental disorders	\$1.20	Project	Professor Stephen Robertson	University of Otago
17/284	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Implantable light stimulator to treat Parkinson's disease.	\$1.19	Project	Dr Louise Parr-Brownlie	University of Otago
17/271	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Reducing Heart Failure Readmission: The IMPERATIVE-HF Study	\$0.71	Project	Professor Richard Troughton	University of Otago

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
17/255	Oncology / Cancer	Development of an optimal hypoxia-selective cytotoxin for clinical use	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Adam Patterson	The University of Auckland
17/234	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Left Ventricular Remodelling in the Multi-Ethnic Study of Atherosclerosis	\$1.19	Project	Professor Alistair Young	The University of Auckland
17/232	Infectious disease	A vaccine to limit the severity of staphylococcal infections	\$1.05	Project	Professor John Fraser	The University of Auckland
17/230	Oncology / Cancer	Can pre-screening reduce the risk of life-threatening fluoropyrimidine toxicity?	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Nuala Helsby	The University of Auckland
17/226	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Are treatments for COPD increasing the risk of acute coronary syndrome?	\$0.84	Project	Dr Lianne Parkin	University of Otago
17/222	Oncology / Cancer	The molecular pathological epidemiology of NHL	\$0.49	Project	Associate Professor Brian Cox	University of Otago
17/204	Renal disease / urology	Timing of initiation of renal support in acute kidney injury (STARTR-AKI)	\$1.19	Project	Dr Shay McGuinness	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
17/194A	Mental Health	Effectiveness of Ūloa model	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Sione Vaka	Auckland University of Technology
17/194	Mental Health	Effectiveness of Ūloa model	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Sione Vaka	Massey University
17/100	Mental Health	Understanding the role of insulin in promoting fatty liver disease	\$1.18	Project	Dr Troy Merry	The University of Auckland
17/099	Ageing	Targeting PI3K to promote healthy ageing	\$1.19	Project	Dr Troy Merry	The University of Auckland
17/082	Infectious disease	Role of host exocytosis in infection of human cells by <i>Listeria monocytogenes</i>	\$0.93	Project	Associate Professor Keith Ireton	University of Otago
17/076	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Targeting IGF-1 Signalling For Repair of Preterm Brain Dysmaturation	\$1.16	Project	Dr Justin Dean	The University of Auckland
17/052	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Targetting a zinc link in the treatment of Autism Spectrum Disorders	\$1.17	Project	Associate Professor Johanna Montgomery	The University of Auckland
16/680	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	A Novel Nanosensor array for Heart Failure diagnosis	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Patrick Gladding	Waitemata District Health Board
16/670	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Can we rehabilitate a reflex? A treatment protocol for the cough reflex	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Phoebe Macrae	University of Canterbury
16/654	Vision / hearing / speech	One cell, two phenotypes: capturing pluripotency for tissue repair	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Professor Trevor Sherwin	The University of Auckland
16/646	Biomedical – pharmaceuticals / treatments	Preclinical development of non-addictive pain medications	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Bronwyn Kivell	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
16/631	Infectious disease	Platform Trial Optimising Interventions in Severe Community Acquired Pneumonia	\$4.81	Programme	Dr Colin McArthur	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
16/617	Oncology / Cancer	Chromatin Nanofibre As A Therapeutic Cancer Vaccine	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Jeong Park	Massey University
16/609	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Vascular risk Informatics using Epidemiology & the Web 2020 (VIEW2020)	\$4.98	Programme	Professor Rodney Jackson	The University of Auckland
16/608	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Vascular and inflammatory mediators of neurodegeneration	\$5.00	Programme	Professor Michael Dragunow	The University of Auckland
16/597	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Harnessing brain mechanisms to tackle Alzheimer's Disease	\$4.93	Programme	Professor Cliff Abraham	University of Otago
16/595	Gastrointestinal disease	Improving gut microbiota in IBD patients using enteral nutrition and curcumin	\$0.24	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Paul Blatchford	The New Zealand Institute for Plant & Food Research

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
16/559	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Lost in Translation: Translation Dysregulation and Parkinson's Disease	\$0.12	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Ivanhoe Leung	The University of Auckland
16/537	Diabetes	The Consequences of Type 2 Diabetes on the Cardiovascular Effects of Aging	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Graeme Carrick-Ranson	The University of Auckland
16/534	Respiratory disease / asthma	Beta-blockers in COPD: Feasibility of an RCT in Stable patients	\$0.15	Feasibility Study	Professor Bob Hancox	University of Otago
16/511	Diabetes	Corneal nerve microstructural changes in diabetes	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Stuti Misra	The University of Auckland
16/505	Vision / hearing / speech	The transition zone as corneal endothelial transplants	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Jie Zhang	The University of Auckland
16/488	Biomedical – pharmaceuticals / treatments	Paracetamol therapy in critical illness	\$0.15	Feasibility Study	Dr Paul Young	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
16/434	Oncology / Cancer	Oral Cavity Squamous Cell Carcinomas: Cancer Stem Cells and the Role of the RAS	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Tinte Itinteang	Gillies McIndoe Research Institute
16/430	CNS/Neurological Disorders	The epigenome is compromised in Huntington's disease	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Pritika Narayan	The University of Auckland
16/391	Oncology / Cancer	Intercellular mitochondrial transfer in glioblastoma	\$1.10	Project	Professor Michael Berridge	Malaghan Institute of Medical Research
16/385	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Targeting human atrial microstructure: The key to resolving atrial fibrillation	\$1.18	Project	Dr Jichao Zhao	The University of Auckland
16/361	Infectious disease	Repurposing Amiloride Derivatives as New Agents for Drug-Resistant Tuberculosis	\$1.19	Project	Professor Gregory Cook	University of Otago
16/341	Oncology / Cancer	Potential of targeted cancer therapies by statins	\$1.17	Project	Professor Peter Shepherd	The University of Auckland
16/331	Oncology / Cancer	Proliferating Tumour-Associated Macrophages in human cancers	\$1.17	Project	Professor Rod Dunbar	The University of Auckland
16/314	Oncology / Cancer	Targeting cancer vaccines to human dendritic cells via CD301	\$1.19	Project	Professor Rod Dunbar	The University of Auckland
16/300	Diabetes	Fructose & the heart: targeting novel mechanisms of diabetic cardiomyopathy	\$1.17	Project	Dr Kimberley Mellor	The University of Auckland
16/279	Gastrointestinal disease	Translational Advances in Faecal Incontinence and Anterior Resection Syndrome	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Gregory O'Grady	The University of Auckland
16/267	Respiratory disease / asthma	Smoking relapse prevention in COPD patients	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Natalie Walker	The University of Auckland
16/242	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Reducing the Burden of Atrial Fibrillation	\$1.09	Project	Professor Richard Troughton	University of Otago
16/236	Gastrointestinal disease	Targeting toxic gut lymph to treat acute disease	\$1.18	Project	Professor John Windsor	The University of Auckland
16/232	Infectious disease	Structure-directed discovery of next-generation antifungals	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Brian Monk	University of Otago
16/231	Gastrointestinal disease	Establishing drainage of thoracic duct lymph for longitudinal clinical studies	\$1.16	Project	Professor John Windsor	The University of Auckland
16/226	Biomedical – pharmaceuticals / treatments	Genomic analysis of adverse drug reactions	\$1.19	Project	Professor Martin Kennedy	University of Otago
16/172	Infectious disease	Biodiscovery and biosynthesis of new drug candidates	\$1.20	Project	Professor David Ackerley	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
16/165	Child development	Effect of early childhood ear infections on language, cognition and behaviour	\$1.19	Project	Professor Cameron Grant	The University of Auckland

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
16/155	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Physiological pacing to improve cardiac output in heart failure	\$1.12	Project	Dr Rohit Ramchandra	The University of Auckland
16/135	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Keramatrix4VLU: a trial of wool-derived keratin dressings for venous ulcers	\$1.20	Project	Professor Andrew Jull	The University of Auckland
16/120	Oncology / Cancer	Novel radiosensitisers for head and neck cancer	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Michael Hay	The University of Auckland
16/011	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Novel biomarker for Acute Coronary Syndromes	\$1.16	Project	Associate Professor Chris Pemberton	University of Otago
16/009	Intensive care	The PLUS trial: PLAsmalyte versUs Saline for intravenous fluid therapy in ICU	\$1.39	Project	Dr Paul Young	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
15/623	Rheumatology / arthritis	Discovering novel pathways for gout via functional genetics	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Associate Professor Julia Horsfield	University of Otago
15/607	Health services - clinical	Cyclic voltammetry of the critically ill: a new window on disease status	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Associate Professor Anthony Phillips	The University of Auckland
15/576	Bone disease	Mechanisms and Management of Musculoskeletal Disease	\$5.00	Programme	Ian Reid	The University of Auckland
15/573	Respiratory disease / asthma	RCT of an ICS/LABA reliever therapy regimen in mild asthma	\$4.98	Programme	Professor Richard Beasley	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
15/517	Infectious disease	Mucosal associated invariant T cells: mechanisms of bacterial control in humans	\$0.30	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr James Ussher	University of Otago
15/500	Oncology / Cancer	p53 and variants in inflammatory disease and cancer	\$4.90	Programme	Professor Antony Braithwaite	University of Otago
15/491	Ageing	Developing a diagnostic tool for myelodysplastic syndrome	\$0.14	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Euan Rodger	University of Otago
15/485	CNS/Neurological Disorders	The Nose Knows the Way: An Intranasal Approach to Treat Drug-resistant Epilepsy	\$0.14	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Shakila Rizwan	University of Otago
15/483	Ageing	Growth Factors Delivery System for Bone Regeneration and Vascularisation	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Khoon Lim	University of Otago
15/479	Infectious disease	Neutrophil oxidants in infection and inflammation	\$4.83	Programme	Professor Anthony Kettle	University of Otago
15/477	Infectious disease	Formulation of anti-tuberculosis drugs for high dose pulmonary delivery	\$0.14	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Shyamal Das	University of Otago
15/400	Respiratory disease / asthma	Anti-inflammatory effects of oral and transdermal clonidine in bronchiectasis	\$0.15	Feasibility Study	Associate Professor Conroy Wong	Middlemore Clinical Trials
15/347	Oncology / Cancer	Role of the Trib1 pseudokinase in breast cancer pathology	\$1.13	Project	Dr Peter Mace	University of Otago
15/333	Respiratory disease / asthma	Oxidative Stress in Cystic Fibrosis	\$0.80	Project	Professor Anthony Kettle	University of Otago
15/331	Diabetes	CaMKII inhibition as a novel therapy for diabetic cardiomyopathy	\$1.05	Project	Dr Jeffrey Erickson	University of Otago
15/311	Respiratory disease / asthma	Persistent airflow limitation and the airway microbiome in childhood asthma	\$1.20	Project	Professor Jeroen Douwes	Massey University
15/299	Oncology / Cancer	Mitochondrial injury and inter-cellular mitochondrial transfer	\$1.04	Project	Dr Melanie-Jane McConnell	Victoria University of Wellington
15/263	Rheumatology / arthritis	The impact and management of rising osteoarthritis burden	\$1.20	Project	Professor J. Abbott	University of Otago
15/247	Oncology / Cancer	The chemoprevention and treatment of diffuse gastric cancer	\$1.19	Project	Professor Parry Guilford	University of Otago
15/244	Respiratory disease / asthma	Carrageenan for the reduction of asthma exacerbations in adults	\$1.20	Project	Professor Julian Crane	University of Otago

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
15/229	Oncology / Cancer	Investigating a Novel Drug Target in Acute Myeloid Leukaemia	\$1.15	Project	Associate Professor Julia Horsfield	University of Otago
15/209	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	A healthy life starts with a bio-energetically healthy placenta	\$1.19	Project	Professor Larry Chamley	The University of Auckland
15/186	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Prehospital injury deaths: preventability, service accessibility and equity	\$0.60	Project	Associate Professor Bridget Kool	The University of Auckland
15/141	Nutrition	TARGET (The Augmented versus Routine approach to Giving Energy Trial)	\$1.20	Project	Dr Paul Young	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
15/103	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Cellular Reprogramming: A Unique Approach to Understanding Huntington's Disease.	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Bronwen Connor	The University of Auckland
15/086	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Hypertension after stroke - therapeutic or pathological?	\$1.06	Project	Dr Fiona McBryde	The University of Auckland
15/070	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Gene discovery in epilepsy: the building block of precision medicine	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Lynette Sadleir	University of Otago
15/057	Renal disease / urology	The role of the Pax-Notch pathway in kidney disease	\$1.07	Project	Associate Professor Alan Davidson	The University of Auckland
14/810	Infectious disease	Evolution in Action: a novel model for studying pathogen adaptation in vivo	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Siouxsie Wiles	The University of Auckland
14/584	Child development	Neurodevelopmental Outcomes of Children Exposed to Methadone during Pregnancy	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Jacqueline Henderson	University of Canterbury
14/557	Vision / hearing / speech	Digital design of therapies to combat age related nuclear cataracts	\$0.14	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Ehsan Vaghefi	The University of Auckland
14/538	Oncology / Cancer	Biomarker-guided drug targeting of the tumour microenvironment in radiotherapy	\$4.92	Programme	Professor William Wilson	The University of Auckland
14/527	Rheumatology / arthritis	Urate and gout: genetic control, environmental and drug interactions	\$5.00	Programme	Professor Tony Merriman	University of Otago
14/521	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	HEART FAILURE: markers and management	\$4.98	Programme	Professor Mark Richards	University of Otago
14/474	Respiratory disease / asthma	Non-inflammatory mechanisms in asthma	\$1.20	Project	Professor Jeroen Douwes	Massey University
14/440	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Genetics, brain imaging, and cognitive decline in Parkinson's disease	\$1.18	Project	Professor Tim Anderson	University of Otago
14/429	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Incidence Study of Status Epilepticus in the Greater Auckland Region	\$0.67	Project	Dr Peter Bergin	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
14/368	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Restoring HDL levels	\$1.04	Project	Professor Sally McCormick	University of Otago
14/281	Vision / hearing / speech	Delivering lens anti-oxidants: a strategy to develop anti-cataract therapies	\$1.20	Project	Professor Paul Donaldson	The University of Auckland
14/276	Birth defects / congenital conditions	Degradable metallic mini-plate and screw system for craniofacial osteosynthesis	\$0.69	Project	Dr Mark Staiger	University of Canterbury
14/219	Immune system / allergy	A role for p53 isoforms in inflammatory disease	\$1.18	Project	Professor Antony Braithwaite	University of Otago
14/174	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	ProViDe RCT: does better early nutrition in preterm babies improve development?	\$1.19	Project	Professor Frank Bloomfield	The University of Auckland
14/168	Birth defects / congenital conditions	Improving hydrocephalus management through an implantable device	\$1.19	Project	Professor Simon Malpas	The University of Auckland
14/158	Gastrointestinal disease	Mechanisms of Gastric Dysmotility: Advances from Cell to Clinic	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Leo Cheng	The University of Auckland

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
14/153	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Antenatal magnesium sulphate: mechanisms of fetal neuroprotection	\$1.20	Project	Professor Caroline Crowther	The University of Auckland
14/152	Rheumatology / arthritis	A randomised controlled trial of nortriptyline in knee osteoarthritis	\$1.19	Project	Dr Ben Hudson	University of Otago
14/136	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Individualised neuromodulation for motor recovery after stroke	\$1.18	Project	Professor Winston Byblow	The University of Auckland
14/129	Mental health	Clinical translation of an anxiety process biomarker	\$1.04	Project	Professor Dr Neil McNaughton	University of Otago
14/117	Renal disease / urology	CKD-FIX: trial of xanthine oxidase inhibition to slow kidney disease progression	\$0.99	Project	Dr Janak de Zoysa	Waitemata District Health Board
14/115	Intensive care	Early goal-directed sedation in mechanically ventilated intensive care patients	\$1.12	Project	Dr Colin McArthur	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
13/779	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Mapping determinants of arrhythmia in structural heart disease	\$4.99	Programme	Professor Peter Hunter	The University of Auckland
13/774	Immune system / allergy	Exploiting the therapeutic potential of viruses	\$4.94	Programme	Professor Andrew Mercer	University of Otago
13/763	Oncology / Cancer	Rational design of kinase inhibitors to target cancer	\$4.92	Programme	Professor William Denny	The University of Auckland
13/213	Intensive care	PulMoDS: Pulmonary Model-based Decision Support to Optimise ARDS/ALI Care	\$0.66	Project	Professor Geoff Chase	University of Canterbury
13/177	Respiratory disease / asthma	Can Azithromycin Prevent Bronchiectasis in Infants with Cystic Fibrosis?	\$0.71	Project	Associate Professor Catherine Byrnes	The University of Auckland
13/152	Vision / hearing / speech	Imaging the Labyrinthine-Blood Barrier in Meniere's disease	\$0.97	Project	Professor Peter Thorne	The University of Auckland
12/529	Oncology / Cancer	Molecular and hypoxia biomarkers of sensitivity to new nitroCBI anticancer drugs	\$1.19	Project	Dr Frederik Pruijn	The University of Auckland
12/308	Surgery	The Influence of Anaesthetic Depth on Patient Outcome after Major Surgery	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Timothy Short	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust

Research for New Zealand Health Delivery

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
19/741	Gastrointestinal disease	The 'Surgical Canary' : A Rapid Detector of Anastomotic Leaks	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Associate Professor Gregory O'Grady	The University of Auckland
18/739	Health services - delivery	EngageBOT: exploring chatbots for supporting patient engagement	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Gayl Humphrey	The University of Auckland
18/656	Oncology / Cancer	Prophylactic InCisional Antibiotics in Skin Surgery (PICASSo trial) feasibility	\$0.25	Feasibility Study	Dr Jon Mathy	Middlemore Clinical Trials
18/486	Injury – intentional and unintentional	How safe are our emergency departments? A national prospective cohort study	\$1.20	Project	Professor Stuart Dalziel	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
18/465	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Evaluating the impact of prehospital care on mortality following major trauma	\$1.10	Project	Associate Professor Bridget Kool	The University of Auckland
18/442	Rheumatology / arthritis	The primary care management and impact of osteoarthritis: learning from big data	\$1.20	Project	Professor J. Abbott	University of Otago
18/311	Dental / Oral health	Evaluating a sustainable model of peer mentoring in traumatic brain injury	\$1.19	Project	Associate Professor Nicola Kayes	Auckland University of Technology
18/254	Other	Co-creating a digital self-help intervention for people with persistent pain	\$1.20	Project	Professor Leigh Hale	University of Otago
18/138	Other	Do regional DHB groupings improve service integration and health outcomes?	\$0.80	Project	Professor Timothy Stokes	University of Otago

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
18/134	Mental Health	Randomised controlled trial of prescription charges	\$1.03	Project	Professor Pauline Norris	University of Otago
17/657	Health services - delivery	Developing an innovative performance measurement framework for health care	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Professor Nigel Grigg	Massey University
17/585	Vision / hearing / speech	Aniseikonia as a potential barrier to neural plasticity: Does Image Size Matter	\$0.25	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Joanna Black	The University of Auckland
17/438	Oncology / Cancer	Improving early access to lung cancer diagnosis for Maori and Rural Communities	\$1.19	Project	Professor Ross Lawrenson	University of Waikato
17/391	Birth defects / congenital conditions	Reducing inequity through timely detection of critical congenital heart disease	\$1.18	Project	Professor Frank Bloomfield	The University of Auckland
17/363	Ageing	Using the InterRAI to improve identification and management of frailty	\$1.17	Project	Dr Hamish Jamieson	University of Otago
17/330	Surgery	Development and application of a risk prediction tool for emergency laparotomy	\$1.18	Project	Professor Andrew Hill	The University of Auckland
17/323	Infectious disease	Bacteraemia Antibiotic Length Actually Needed for Clinical Effectiveness-BALANCE	\$1.19	Project	Dr Colin McArthur	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
17/233	Diabetes	Community Exercise for long-term management of diabetes and multimorbidity	\$1.18	Project	Professor Leigh Hale	University of Otago
17/164	Vision / hearing / speech	Randomized controlled trial of hearing aids to improve cognition in older NZers	\$1.15	Project	Associate Professor Grant Searchfield	The University of Auckland
17/037	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Geographic and Ethnic inequities in stroke outcomes	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Annemarei Ranta	University of Otago
16/815	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Funding pharmacist-delivered vaccination of pregnant women: effect on uptake	\$0.11	Project JRP	Dr Natalie Gauld	The University of Auckland
16/813	Ageing	Supportive Hospice Aged Residential Care Exchange: An Evaluation	\$0.08	Project JRP	Dr Rosemary Frey	Auckland UniServices
16/811	Biomedical – diagnostics	Translating ultrasound imaging of swallowing to clinical dysphagia diagnosis	\$0.20	Project JRP	Professor Maggie-Lee Huckabee	University of Canterbury
16/807	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Outpatient balloon induction of labour versus inpatient prostaglandins; an RCT	\$0.20	Project JRP	Dr Michelle Wise	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
16/521	Vision / hearing / speech	Improving children's vision screening: Are Lea symbols a better option?	\$0.14	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Associate Professor Nicola Anstice	The University of Auckland
16/425	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Pragmatic Clinical Trial of Sodium Lowering in Dialysate	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Mark Marshall	Middlemore Clinical Trials
16/405	Mortality	Self-sampling for HPV screening: a community trial	\$1.20	Project	Professor John Potter	Massey University
16/387	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Pre-hospital Anti-fibrinolytics for Traumatic Coagulopathy and Haemorrhage	\$0.94	Project	Dr Colin McArthur	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
16/353	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Transfusion Requirements in patients for Cardiac Surgery - TRiCS III	\$1.20	Project	Dr Shay McGuinness	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
16/344	Diabetes	What predicts regression from prediabetes to normal glucose regulation?	\$1.11	Project	Dr Kirsten Coppel	University of Otago
16/330	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Improving outcomes of patients with atrial fibrillation in primary care	\$1.20	Project	Professor Dr Ralph Stewart	Auckland District Health Board

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
16/229	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Me Mutu Kai Paipa - Improving the Provision of Cessation to NZ Smokers	\$0.58	Project	Professor Christopher Cunningham	Massey University
16/133	Occupational health	Implementing a science-based approach for fatigue risk management in nursing	\$0.89	Project	Professor Philippa Gander ONZM	Massey University
16/014	Intensive care	ICU-ROX: An ICU RCT of conservative vs. standard OXygen therapy	\$1.40	Project	Dr Paul Young	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
15/667	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Text4Heart: Improving adherence in people with heart disease	\$0.20	Project JRP	Professor Ralph Maddison	Auckland UniServices
15/649	Gastrointestinal disease	Stress ulcer prophylaxis in the Intensive Care Unit	\$0.20	Project JRP	Dr Paul Young	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
15/352	Liver disease	Molecular predictors of liver cancer in Maori with chronic hepatitis B	\$0.53	Project	Professor Edward Gane	Auckland District Health Board
15/297	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Self-directed rehabilitation RCT after stroke: a practical, low cost programme	\$1.20	Project	Dr Harry McNaughton	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
15/087	Oncology / Cancer	Lung cancer genetic testing in New Zealand	\$1.18	Project	Professor Mark McKeage	The University of Auckland
14/484A	Oncology / Cancer	How to improve outcomes for women with breast cancer in New Zealand	\$0.78	Project	Professor Ross Lawrenson	University of Waikato
14/160	Birth defects / congenital conditions	Quality of care and outcomes in children with cleft lip and/or palate	\$1.01	Project	Associate Professor John Thompson	The University of Auckland
13/285	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Living well with a long term neurological condition	\$1.20	Project	Dr Suzie Mudge	Auckland University of Technology
13/143	Oncology / Cancer	The conservative management of young women with CIN2	\$1.20	Project	Associate Professor Peter Sykes	University of Otago

Rangahau Hauora Māori

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
19/792	Mental health	Interpretation of anomalous experiences: Implications for wāhine Māori	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Natasha Tassell-Matamua	Massey University
18/652	Other	Bridging rongoā Māori healing and medical health treatment collaboration	\$0.22	Feasibility Study	Associate Professor Jonathan Koea	Waitemata District Health Board
18/489	Other	Te Hao Nui	\$1.20	Project	Mr Andrew Sporle	McDonald Sporle Ltd
18/474	Occupational Health	Te whakahaumaru taiao: safe environments for Māori medical practitioners	\$0.99	Project	Dr Donna Cormack	The University of Auckland
18/471	Mental health	Revealing the Realities of Racism for Rangatahi in Aotearoa - R4Aotearoa	\$1.20	Project	Dr Sarah-Jane Paine	The University of Auckland
18/127	Mental Health	Pathways to First Episode Psychosis and Outcomes In Maori	\$0.62	Project	Dr Cameron Lacey	University of Otago
18/037	Mental health	Under the knife: Why are Māori more likely to die shortly after surgery?	\$0.52	Project	Dr Jason Gurney	University of Otago
17/659	Nutrition	Transforming nutrition and food security in New Zealand: enabling communities	\$0.15	Explorer Grant	Dr Geoffrey Kira	Massey University

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
17/441	Family / whanau	Does a Whanau Ora approach improve outcomes for hospitalised tamariki?	\$0.93	Project	Dr Nina Scott	Waikato District Health Board
17/315	Wellness	Harnessing the spark of life: Maximising whānau contributors to rangatahi wellbeing	\$1.20	Project	Dr Terryann Clark	The University of Auckland
17/309	Mortality	Pae Herenga: An investigation of Māori whānau end of life cultural care customs	\$1.20	Project	Dr Tess Moeke-Maxwell	The University of Auckland
17/251	Health services - delivery	Examining Emergency Department Inequities (EEDI): do they exist?	\$0.90	Project	Dr Elana Curtis	The University of Auckland
17/193A	Oncology / Cancer	He Tapu te whare tangata	\$1.13	Project	Professor Beverley Lawton	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
17/060	Health services - delivery	D3: Data, Decision-making & Development: Using Data to Improve Health Outcomes	\$1.20	Project	Dr Amohia Boulton	Whakauae Research Services
16/587	Child development	Te Kura Mai i Tawhiti	\$0.15	Feasibility Study	Dr Mihi Ratima	Te Pou Tiringa Incorporated
16/518	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Māori experiences of antenatal care in Tamaki Makaurau	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Anneka Anderson	The University of Auckland
16/444A	Child development	Whānau Manaaki	\$3.60	Programme	Professor Beverley Lawton	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
16/415	Oncology / Cancer	Cancer support programmes for Māori whānau	\$1.04	Project	Dr Lis Ellison-Loschmann	Massey University
16/346	Mental health	He Oranga Ngākau: Māori and Trauma Informed Care	\$1.19	Project	Dr Leonie Pihama	University of Waikato
16/338	Mental health	Māori and Bipolar Disorder	\$1.18	Project	Dr Cameron Lacey	University of Otago
16/268	Wellness	Honour Project Aotearoa	\$1.19	Project	Dr Leonie Pihama	University of Waikato
16/089	Ageing	A Māori approach to the assessment and management of dementia	\$1.06	Project	Dr Margaret Dudley	The University of Auckland
16/088	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Te Ara Auahi Kore	\$1.19	Project	Mr Andrew Waa	University of Otago
15/315	Respiratory disease / asthma	Whakapai e te Ara HĀ: A health literacy approach to Tamariki Asthma	\$1.20	Project	Dr Tristram Ingham	University of Otago
15/153	Wellness	Te whakahawea tangata: decoding discrimination	\$0.33	Project	Dr Donna Cormack	University of Otago
14/845	Metabolic Disease	Nga Puna Hauora	\$0.13	NKK Project	Mr Garry Watson	Te Rangatahi o te Whenua Trust
14/608	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Maori Disability Outcomes: Pathways and experiences after injury	\$0.15	Emerging Researcher First Grant	Dr Emma Wyeth	University of Otago
14/373	CNS/Neurological Disorders	Augmenting neuroplasticity in the Huntington's disease brain	\$1.19	Project	Dr Melanie Cheung	The University of Auckland
13/394a	Mortality	Preventable Maori Mortality	\$0.09	Project	Mr Andrew Sporle	McDonald Sporle Ltd
13/099	Respiratory disease / asthma	He Kura: Asthma Support for Maori Tamariki at School	\$1.20	Project	Mrs Bernadette Jones	University of Otago

Research Contracts Not Classified by Research Investment Stream

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
19/710	Health ethics	Pharmacogenomics and justice: The implications of PGx advances in NZ	\$0.006	Ethics Summer Studentships	Mr. Omar Shahin	University of Otago
19/709	Health ethics	Examining medical student's views on euthanasia and assisted dying	\$0.006	Ethics Summer Studentships	Mr. Luke Nie	University of Otago
19/708	Health ethics	An ethical decision-tree for the use of vouchers in qualitative health research	\$0.006	Ethics Summer Studentships	Ms. Georgia Nicholls	University of Waikato
19/707	Health ethics	Ethical implications of using the IDI database for mental health research	\$0.006	Ethics Summer Studentships	Ms. Noor Aljawahiri	The University of Auckland
19/585	Wellness	Compilation of Pacific Social Work Resource	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Dr Fati Tapu	Massey University
19/583	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Rights-based approaches to Māori health: A Kaupapa Māori review	\$0.005	Māori Health Summer Studentship	Te Aomarama Anderson	Te Puawai Tapu Trust
19/582	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Māori women and abortion: A Kaupapa Māori review	\$0.005	Māori Health Summer Studentship	Rebekah Laurence	Te Puawai Tapu Trust
19/580	Rheumatology / arthritis	Pharmacokinetics of Benzathine Penicillin G in children and young people in NZ	\$0.005	Māori Health Summer Studentship	Esther Pinfold	University of Otago
19/577	Infectious disease	Kids'Cam	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Fuakava Tanginoa	University of Otago
19/533	Dental / Oral health	Can health promotion programs in schools reduce dental caries	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Miriam Sundborn	Auckland University of Technology
19/497	Oncology / Cancer	The applicability of ctDNA as a tool for early cancer detection	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Adam Faatoese	University of Otago
19/486	Mental health	Tāne Ora Alliance - Emerging Approaches to Health Gains for Māori Men	\$0.13	Māori Health PhD Scholarship	Luke Rowe	Massey University
19/472	Child development	Health-related policies in schools in the Cook Islands	\$0.13	Pacific Health PhD Scholarship	Heimata Herman	The University of Auckland
19/470	Nutrition	Mobilizing adolescents to drive health improvements in the Glen Innes community	\$0.13	Pacific Health PhD Scholarship	Alvina Pauuvale	The University of Auckland
19/430	Mental health (including sleep disorders)	Redefining the social construct of depression through Samoan views	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Leueta Mulipola	The University of Auckland
19/418	Wellness	Qualitative analysis of Māori patients' primary health care experiences	\$0.005	Award Maori Health Summer Studentship	Ellie Baxter	University of Otago
19/351	Nutrition	Vitamin and mineral supplements among Pacific People	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Meleseini Manukia	Health Research Council of New Zealand
19/341	Mental health (including sleep disorders)	Māori rangatahi suicide - informant perspectives on determinants and solutions	\$0.005	Award Maori Health Summer Studentship	Zaine Akuhata-Huntington	University of Otago
19/332	Diabetes	Reducing the burden of Metabolic disease in Maori	\$0.28	Māori Health Postdoctoral Fellowship	Dr Megan Leask	University of Otago
19/320	Wellness	Tane Māori access to and perceptions of primary care	\$0.005	Award Maori Health Summer Studentship	Manurereau Te Maunga-A-Rongo Allen	University of Otago

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19/318	Obesity	Optimising preschool obesity intervention: the Whānau Pakari preschool project	\$0.026	Māori Health Masters Scholarship	Tami Cave	The University of Auckland
19/311	Rheumatology / arthritis	What are the reformulation preferences of children and young people receiving regular BPG injections	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Bridie Laing	University of Otago
19/309	Immune system / allergy	Longitudinal quantification of unique Escherichia coli strains	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Jordan Taylor	University of Otago
19/307	Rheumatology / arthritis	The Immunogenetics of Rheumatic Fever and Rheumatic Heart Disease	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Toni Anitelea	University of Otago
19/306	Diabetes	Systematic Review and Clinical Audit of Non-Communicable Diseases in Rarotonga	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Machaela Tepai	The University of Auckland
19/294	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Is elevated cardiac fibrosis in Pacific patients associated with reduced klotho?	\$0.03	Pacific Health Masters Scholarship	Tumanu Futi	University of Otago
19/291	Wellness	Tairāwhiti waka, Tairāwhiti tāngata - Examining Tairāwhiti voyaging philosophies	\$0.14	Māori Health PhD Scholarship	Ngahua Mita	University of Otago
19/284	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Te Tino Rangatiratanga o te Mate Ikura Roro	\$0.025	Māori Health Masters Scholarship	TeWhaawhai Taki	The University of Auckland
19/276	Oncology / Cancer	The anti-cancer properties of traditional remedies	\$0.005	Pacific Health Summer Studentship	Oprah Pupi	University of Otago
19/247	Historical trauma	Ka Ora - Exploring the Healing Potential of Birth	\$0.13	Māori Health PhD Scholarship	Marnie Reinfelds	The University of Auckland
19/244	Reproduction/ fertility/sexual health	Sexing and NZ born Niuean adolescent females	\$0.005	Award Pacific Knowledge Translation	Amio Ikihele	Independent Researcher
19/209	Health equity	Racial and ethnic bias among registered nurses	\$0.13	Māori Health PhD Scholarship	Sonia Hawkins	The University of Auckland
19/195	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	An mHealth approach: Reducing CVD risk among Pacific people living in NZ	\$0.13	Pacific Health PhD Scholarship	Amio Ikihele	The University of Auckland
19/194	Mental Health	Nga kaiwhakaako, whakapakari tinana me te hauora hinengaro	\$0.11	Māori Health PhD Scholarship	Emerald Muriwai	The University of Auckland
19/193	Ageing	De-glutition (Swallowing) in Advanced Age	\$0.075	Māori Health PhD Scholarship	Marie Jardine	The University of Auckland
19/191	Mortality	Staying at home: A Qualitative Descriptive study on Pacific palliative care	\$0.03	Pacific Health Masters	Amy Henry	University of Otago
19/169	Reproductive system and disorders	The impact of micro-environment composition on oocyte developmental competency	\$0.11	Māori Health PhD Scholarship	Matire Ward	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
19/145	Diabetes	Food and diabetes: the underlying factors that determine food practices of Tongan	\$0.22	Pacific Health Clinical Training Fellowship	Soana Muimuiheata	Auckland University of Technology
19/140	Respiratory disease / asthma	Knowledge translation bronchiolitis study	\$0.20	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Libby Haskell	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
19/139	Oncology / Cancer	Development of Chimeric antigen receptor (CAR) T-Cell therapy in New Zealand	\$0.80	Clinical Practitioner Research Fellowship	Dr Robert Weinkove	Malaghan Institute of Medical Research

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19/135	Bone disease	3D Bioassembly of Functional Bone Grafts: A Lego Approach	\$0.49	Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Khoon Lim	University of Otago
19/134	Cultural Competence	Cultural Competence and Equity focussed activities in Primary Care	\$0.22	Foxley Fellowship	Dr Rawiri Keenan	University of Waikato
19/132	Dental/oral disease	An environmental scan of Indigenous oral health providers	\$0.005	Award Maori Health Summer Studentship	Maia Tapsell	University of Otago
19/128	Multimorbidity	Exploring Maori health provider workers perspectives of medication challenges	\$0.005	Award Maori Health Summer Studentship	Kathryn Hippolite	University of Otago
19/125	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Long-term pan-sector outcomes for New Zealand's NICU graduates	\$0.31	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Dr Benjamin McConchie	University of Otago
19/124	Infectious disease	The use of WGS to describe the molecular epidemiology of TB in NZ	\$0.26	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Dr Veronica Playle	The University of Auckland
19/123	Oncology / Cancer	Enhancement of T cells for use in adoptive immunotherapy protocols	\$0.002	Pacific Health PhD Scholarship	Chris Puliueva	The University of Auckland
19/110	Nutrition	Advancing opportunities for big dietary data in New Zealand	\$0.44	Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Kathryn Bradbury	The University of Auckland
19/107	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Alcohol's harm to others: impacts on children of problem/heavy drinkers	\$0.50	Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Taisia Huckle	Massey University
19/094	Endocrine disease	Development of trials with novel designs	\$0.76	Clinical Practitioner Research Fellowship	Associate Professor Mark Bolland	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
19/082	Mental Health	Enhancing Long-Term Recovery in Mood Disorders	\$0.43	Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Katie Douglas	University of Otago
19/081	Gastrointestinal disease	Refining prognostic accuracy in colorectal cancer patients	\$0.29	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Dr Janet Rhodes	University of Otago
19/078	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Optimal Medication Therapy in Indigenous Populations and specifically in Māori.	\$0.29	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Leanne Te Karu	The University of Auckland
19/053	Child development	The neurobiology of maternal care; understanding the critical role of prolactin	\$0.50	Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Rosemary Brown	University of Otago
19/038	Respiratory disease / asthma	Caffeine for the prevention of intermittent hypoxaemia in late preterm neonates	\$0.32	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Elizabeth Oliphant	The University of Auckland
19/026	Oncology / Cancer	The applicability of ctDNA as a Diagnostic tool for early Cancer Detection	\$0.20	Sir Thomas Davis Te Patu Kite Rangi Ariki Health Research Fellowship	Dr Dianne Sika-Paotonu	University of Otago
19/019	General health status	Racism and Māori health: translating research knowledge into policy action	\$0.13	Foxley Fellowship	Natalie Talamaivao	University of Otago
19/017	Respiratory disease / asthma	Māori experience of using CPAP treatment for OSA	\$0.03	Māori Health Masters Scholarship	Nicola Canter-Burgoyne	Massey University
19/016	Obesity	Te Maramataka - Improving ora through environmental mātauranga	\$0.009	Māori Health Development Grant	Dr Isaac Warbrick	Auckland University of Technology

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19/012	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Patient reported outcomes after cardiac surgery: advanced cardiac imaging study.	\$0.32	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Dr Mohammed Moharram	University of Otago
19/008	Renal disease / urology	Prevalence Chronic Kidney Disease in Samoan residents in New Zealand and Samoa	\$0.32	Pacific Health Clinical Training Fellowship	Professor Malama Tafunai	University of Otago
19/007	CNS/ Neurological Disorders	Delivering neurotrophic growth factors to stimulate and orient axonal outgrowth	\$0.50	Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Associate Professor Darren Svirskis	The University of Auckland
19/004	Surgical disease	Improving Pain After Haemorrhoidectomy	\$0.21	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Dr Weisi Xia	The University of Auckland
19/003	Respiratory disease / asthma	Effects of antipyretics on respiratory disease and eczema in infancy	\$0.32	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Dr Eunicia Tan	The University of Auckland
19/002	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Improving road safety and health: Understanding kava's impact on driver fitness	\$0.28	Sir Thomas Davis Te Patu Kite Rangi Ariki Health Research Fellowship	Dr Apo Aporosa	University of Waikato
18/829	Respiratory disease / asthma	Randomised trial of an intervention to increase tuberculosis notifications	\$0.45	Joint Research Partnership Project	Professor Philip Hill	University of Otago
18/821	Mental Health	Development of cross-agency collaboration to improve employment outcomes	\$0.47	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Helen Lockett	Te Pou Limited
18/804	Disability	Support for gaining employment for people with a long-term condition	\$0.32	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Joanna Fadyl	Auckland University of Technology
18/800	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Taurite Tū- Development of Falls Prevention exercise programme for Māori	\$0.18	Ngā Kanohi Kitea Project	Katrina Bryant	Te Runanga o Otakou
18/799	Skin disease	He iti kahikatoa pakaru rikiriki te totara: Kānuka drug discovery	\$0.10	Ngā Kanohi Kitea Project	Bella Paenga	Hikurangi Bioactives Limited Partnership
18/796	Wellness	Koeke a ko ake nei towards intergenerational positive aging for Ngati Pikiao	\$0.20	Ngā Kanohi Kitea Project	Waitiahoaho Emery	Ngati Pikiao Iwi Trust
18/794	Wellness	Whāia te Manaaki: manaakitanga and hauora for Te Atiawa ki Whakarongotai	\$0.20	Ngā Kanohi Kitea Project	Kiri Parata	Atiawa ki Whakarongotai Charitable Trust Board
18/788	Other	Evidence to guide investment in a model of primary care for all	\$1.30	Joint Research Partnership Project	Professor Nicolette Sheridan	Massey University
18/776	Rheumatology / arthritis	A decision aid to incorporate patient preferences into biologic therapies	\$0.21	Joint Research Partnership Project	Professor Carlo Marra	University of Otago
18/773	Infectious disease	Pertussis Immunisation in Pregnancy--Infant Outcomes	\$0.21	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Helen Petousis-Harris	The University of Auckland
18/766	Oncology / Cancer	Gaps in the provision of radiotherapy for early breast cancer	\$0.065	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Karen Bartholomew	Waitemata District Health Board
18/765	Oncology / Cancer	Analysis of DCIS data in the National Breast Cancer Register	\$0.12	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Annette Lasham	The University of Auckland
18/764	Oncology / Cancer	Spatial variability in breast cancer incidence, care and outcomes	\$0.20	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Sandar Tin Tin	The University of Auckland

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18/756	Oncology / Cancer	Preventing breast cancer metastasis with conjugate vaccines targeting human HER2	\$0.25	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Robert Weinkove	Malaghan Institute of Medical Research
18/753	Oncology / Cancer	Investigating Fn14 as a driver of breast cancer metastasis	\$0.13	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Heather Cunliffe	University of Otago
18/750	Oncology / Cancer	Targeting HIF-1 in Triple Negative Breast Cancer using glutaminase inhibitors	\$0.24	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Dean Singleton	The University of Auckland
18/742	Oncology / Cancer	Targeting breast cancer metastasis with heparan sulfate mimetics	\$0.10	Joint Research Partnership Project	Professor John Miller	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
18/664	Child development	Rangahau Ara Oranga	\$0.50	Māori Health Emerging Leader Fellowship	Dr Reremoana Theodore	University of Otago
18/588	Oncology / Cancer	Improving the quantity and quality of life for Māori with cancer	\$0.50	Māori Health Emerging Leader Fellowship	Dr Jason Gurney	University of Otago
18/571	Wellness	Privilege and Health Inequity, the role for Mātauranga Māori	\$0.35	Award Hohua Tutengaehe Fellowship	Dr Belinda Borell	Massey University
18/566	Obesity	Pasifika Medicinal Plants: Elucidating the Science Behind the Tradition	\$0.35	Pacific Health Postdoc Fellowship	Dr Victoria Woolner	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
18/564	Mental health	Deliberate Self Harm among Pacific	\$0.01	Award Pacific Knowledge Translation	Ms Synthia Dash	The University of Auckland
18/536	Health services - delivery	The effect of discrimination on health outcomes for Pacific people	\$0.03	Pacific Health Masters	Ms Sarah Kapeli	The University of Auckland
18/491	Mental health	Whakapiki wairua: Study of a Maori mindfulness intervention in a Wharekura	\$0.49	Award Maori Health Postdoc Fellow	Dr Marama McDonald	University of Waikato
18/469	Diabetes	Co-designing a community-based intervention programme for prediabetes	\$0.13	Pacific Health PhD Scholarship	Mrs Veisia Pulu-Lakai	Massey University
18/373	Vision / hearing / speech	Using pluripotent stem cells to determine the cellular basis of hearing loss	\$0.08	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Miss Blaise Forrester-Gauntlett	University of Waikato
18/352	Impairment	Hearing Health in Samoan and Tokelauan Populations	\$0.03	Pacific Health Masters	Latasi Koro	The University of Auckland
18/338	CNS/neurological	CHOCS and TOFU Projects: Ophthalmic Changes in Diabetes	\$0.17	Pacific Health Clinical Training Fellow	Dr James Slater	The University of Auckland
18/293	Family / whanau	The foster care-giving relationship with new-borns who have feeding difficulties	\$0.03	Award Maori Master Scholarship	Mrs Nari Hann	Massey University
18/280	Aging	Fractures and Falls Among Older Adults in New Zealand	\$0.13	Pacific Health PhD	Samuela Ofanoa	The University of Auckland
18/262	Health ethics	Whānau consent: an expression of indigenous rights	\$0.13	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Hannah Burgess	The University of Auckland
18/258	Cardiovascular/ cerebrovascular disease	Evaluation of a new screening tool for atrial fibrillation in Pacific people	\$0.29	Pacific Health Davis Award	Dr John Sluyter	The University of Auckland
18/209	Nutrition	Effects of artificial sweetener in the maternal diet on offspring fertility	\$0.12	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Pania Bridge-Comer	The University of Auckland
18/201	Infectious disease	Does inhibition of quorum sensing increase antibiotic resistance spread?	\$0.13	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Mr Howard Maxwell	University of Otago

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18/179	Physical activity/ exercise	The Effectiveness of Circuit Based Exercise in Cook Islands Communities	\$0.13	Pacific Health PhD	Troy Ruhe	University of Otago
18/114	Immune system / allergy	Impact of Microenvironment on Dendritic Cell Function	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Lisa Connor	Victoria University of Wellington
18/113	Respiratory disease / asthma	The role of a sublingual bacterial vaccine in adult bronchiectasis patients.	\$0.32	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr William Good	The University of Auckland
18/111	Health services - delivery	Process evaluation of trials: maximising the potential for implementation	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Daniel Ribeiro	University of Otago
18/1038	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Young Māori women & LARC: Identifying barriers to access in primary health care	\$0.01	Ngā Kanohi Kitea Development Grant	Dr Jane Green	Te Puawai Tapu Trust
18/1035	Other	He Maunga Pakohe Rautaki Hauora	\$0.01	Ngā Kanohi Kitea Development Grant	Mrs Victoria Thorn	Kaikaiawaro Charitable Trust
18/1030	Other	Enabling self-care through personalised mHealth	\$0.21	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Rosie Dobson	The University of Auckland
18/1005	Other	Independent Research Organisation Funding	\$2.84	Independent Research Organisation Fund	Dr Cheryl Smith	Te Atawhai o te Ao: Independent Maori Institute for Environment & Health
18/1004	Other	Independent Research Organisation Funding	\$2.10	Independent Research Organisation Fund	Dr Amohia Boulton	Whakauae Research Services
18/1003	Other	Independent Research Organisation Funding	\$10.68	Independent Research Organisation Fund	Professor Graham Le Gros CNZM	Malaghan Institute of Medical Research
18/1002	Other	Independent Research Organisation Funding	\$1.70	Independent Research Organisation Fund	Professor Richard Beasley	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
18/095	Oncology / Cancer	The prognostic significance of immune cell infiltrates in meningioma	\$0.24	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Dr Clinton Turner	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
18/086	Child development	Optimising Parent-Child Interaction Therapy for childhood conduct problems	\$0.14	Award Foxley	Dr Melanie Woodfield	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
18/073	Gastrointestinal disease	Developing a Gut Dysfunction Scoring Tool in Critical Illness	\$0.32	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Ms Varsha Asrani	The University of Auckland
18/056	Obstetrics complications / perinatal care	Long term outcomes of children born at risk of neonatal hypoglycaemia	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Rebecca Griffith	The University of Auckland
18/048	CNS/ Neurological Disorders	Genetic characterisation of the epileptic encephalopathies	\$0.32	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Gemma Poke	University of Otago
18/046	Mental health	Management of psychological factors after mild traumatic brain injury	\$0.41	Award Practitioner Research Fellowship	Dr Deborah Snell	Canterbury District Health Board
18/041	Surgery - emergency	Development and application of a risk prediction tool for emergency laparotomy	\$0.20	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Ahmed Barazanchi	The University of Auckland

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18/031	Health services - delivery	Improving Patient Safety in New Zealand General Practice	\$0.32	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Sharon Leitch	University of Otago
18/027	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Bi-modal anti-Müllerian hormone signalling in the ovary.	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Michael Pankhurst	University of Otago
18/026	Orthopaedics	Designing and using animal models to improve tendon healing	\$0.31	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Mark Zhu	The University of Auckland
18/024	Infectious disease	Combating Tuberculosis at Local and International Frontlines	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Htin Lin Aung	University of Otago
18/013	Surgery	Perioperative Local Anaesthetic	\$0.21	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Wiremu MacFater	The University of Auckland
18/006	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Big Data - Creating New Insights into Heart Failure	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Hamish Jamieson	University of Otago
18/003	Reproductive system and disorders	Pacific Women Navigating Colposcopy Services	\$0.05	Pacific Health PhD	Georgina McPherson	Auckland University of Technology
17/719	Mental Health	Indigenous Solutions: Enabling Māori & Pacific mental health resilience	\$0.79	Global Alliance for Chronic Diseases Project	Dr Kahu McClintock	Te Rau Ora
17/707	Mental Health	Pathways to First Episode Psychosis and Outcomes In Maori	\$0.54	Global Alliance for Chronic Diseases Project	Dr Cameron Lacey	University of Otago
17/705	Mental Health	Primary care e-screening for mental health among TeTai Tokerau youth	\$0.62	Global Alliance for Chronic Diseases Project	Professor Felicity Goodyear-Smith	Auckland UniServices
17/678	Infectious disease	Genetic and Molecular Basis of Drug Resistance and Drug Action in Vivax Malaria	\$0.45	Project JRP	Dr Bruce Russell	University of Otago
17/672	Oncology / Cancer	The potential of immunotherapy as a treatment for ER+ve breast cancer	\$0.20	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Anita Dunbier	University of Otago
17/671	Oncology / Cancer	Development of inhibitors of PC-PLC as anticancer therapeutics	\$0.20	Joint Research Partnership Project	Associate Professor David Barker	The University of Auckland
17/669	Oncology / Cancer	Targeting growth hormone signal transduction in breast cancer	\$0.20	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Jo Perry	The University of Auckland
17/641	Obesity	Prevention of Childhood Obesity through sugar reduction	\$0.04	International Relationship Fund	Dr Gerhard Sundborn	The University of Auckland
17/640	Obesity	Technology enabled behaviour change to reduce childhood obesity	\$0.05	International Relationship Fund	Associate Professor Robyn Whittaker	The University of Auckland
17/638	Obesity	Indigenous approaches to reducing childhood obesity	\$0.04	International Relationship Fund	Professor Boyd Swinburn	The University of Auckland
17/630	Obesity	An international collaboration to reduce infant obesity in high risk groups	\$0.06	International Relationship Fund	Professor Rachael Taylor	University of Otago
17/596	Vision / hearing / speech	Using Chinese medicine to treat tinnitus: targeting metabolic networks	\$0.40	International Relationship Fund	Dr Yiwen Zheng	University of Otago
17/515	Wellness	Attitudes, knowledge, behaviors and health in Rarotongan Adolescents	\$0.02	Pacific Health Masters	Mayor Pokino	The University of Auckland

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17/497	Health services - delivery	Senior nurses understanding of health equity.	\$0.02	Award Maori Master Scholarship	Mrs Sonia Hawkins	The University of Auckland
17/496	Child development	Key influences for bed sharing and the relationship with SUDI	\$0.11	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Mrs Melanie MacFarlane	The University of Auckland
17/495	Wellness	Indigenous approaches to family restoration and wellbeing	\$0.064	Pacific Health PhD	Sesimani Havea	Massey University
17/492	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Becoming sexual beings: Māori recommendations for sexual violence prevention	\$0.45	Award Maori Health Postdoc Fellow	Dr Jade Le Grice	The University of Auckland
17/487	Diabetes	Te reo tipu - a bittersweet quest for new anti-diabetic agents in rongoā rākau	\$0.50	Award Maori Health Postdoc Fellow	Dr Jonni Koia	University of Waikato
17/481	Mental health (including sleep disorders)	'Run it Straight!' - Pasifika Men, Mental Wellbeing and Elite Sports	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD	Caleb Marsters	The University of Auckland
17/479	Obesity	Non-Communicable Disease Risk in Rarotongan Adolescents	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD	Siobhan Tu'akoi	The University of Auckland
17/472	Other	Pacific Island Peoples Experiences of Bariatric Surgery Health Care Engagement	\$0.32	Pacific Health Postdoc Fellowship	Dr Tamasin Taylor	Auckland University of Technology
17/466	Mental health	Health implications from education for Pasifika people and their families.	\$0.38	Pacific Health Postdoc Fellowship	Dr Jesse Kokaua	University of Otago
17/465	Diabetes	Text Messaging Support for Tongan people with prediabetes	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD	Miss Julienne Faletau	The University of Auckland
17/458	Obesity	To investigate health-related behaviours of Rarotongan adolescents	\$0.02	Pacific Health Masters	Miss Heimata Herman	
17/453	Health ethics	Genetics in iwi health: A journey to understanding.	\$0.47	Award Maori Health Postdoc Fellow	Dr Julia Wilson	University of Otago
17/342	Family / whanau	Tūhono Māori: Promoting secure whānau relationships for traumatised mokopuna	\$0.49	Award Maori Health Postdoc Fellow	Dr Alayne Mikahere-Hall	Auckland University of Technology
17/265	Infectious disease	The Epidemiology of Respiratory Syncytial Virus (RSV) in New Zealand Children	\$0.1	Pacific Health PhD	Ms Namrata Prasad	The University of Auckland
17/210	Alcohol / drugs and dependence	Taiohe and whānau entering acute mental health with alcohol and drug issues	\$0.11	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Debra Gerrard	Auckland University of Technology
17/161	Intensive care	Knowledge Translation in the management of oxygen therapy in Intensive Care	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Mrs Diane Mackle	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
17/148	Intensive care	To Suction or Not to Suction - that is the question	\$0.24	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Ms Eileen Gilder	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
17/141	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Improving Outcomes after Cardiothoracic Surgery	\$0.85	Award Practitioner Research Fellowship	Dr Shay McGuinness	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
17/134	Health services - delivery	Medicine Optimisation in Older Adults in Primary Care-Multidisciplinary Approach	\$0.24	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Ms Joanna Hikaka	The University of Auckland
17/114	Mental health (including sleep disorders)	Depression in young Samoan females: The views of mental health service providers	\$0.02	Pacific Health Masters	Sarah McLean	The University of Auckland

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17/103	CNS/ Neurological Disorders	Naturally biased? Exploring neuropeptide signal pathway bias in pain.	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Christopher Walker	The University of Auckland
17/086	Child development	Korero mai: taitamariki Maori development of healthy relationships	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Ms Terry Dobbs	Auckland University of Technology
17/058	Infectious disease	Novel metabolic processes to target persistent tuberculosis	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Ghader Bashiri	The University of Auckland
17/050	Bone disease	Novel osteoprogenitor cell populations involved in bone healing	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Brya Matthews	The University of Auckland
17/039	CNS/ Neurological Disorders	Dementia and Parkinson's disease: Tau pathology and cerebrovascular health	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Tracy Melzer	University of Otago
17/035	Gastrointestinal disease	The rectosigmoid brake and its utility as a neuromodulation target	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Anthony Lin	The University of Auckland
17/018	Ageing	Improving outcomes for support workers in aged care	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Mr Karol Czuba	Auckland University of Technology
17/016	Oncology / Cancer	The effects of comorbidity on breast cancer care and outcomes	\$0.17	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Melissa Edwards	The University of Auckland
17/013	Environmental Health	Impact of built environment interventions on children's physical activity	\$0.44	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Associate Professor Melody Smith	The University of Auckland
17/011	Intensive care	Prevention and treatment of fever in the ICU	\$0.72	Award Practitioner Research Fellowship	Dr Paul Young	Capital and Coast District Health Board
17/009	Obesity	Deciphering gender and ethnic disparity in obesity and cardiometabolic disease.	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Jennifer Miles-Chan	The University of Auckland
17/007	Nutrition	Impact of sugar-sweetened beverage taxation in the Pacific	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Andrea Teng	University of Otago
17/001	Health services - delivery	Mahi Ngātahi - Culturally responsive ways of working together	\$0.11	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Zoe Tipa	Auckland University of Technology
16/785	Wellness	WellConnectedNZ – Improving individuals' health by strengthening community connectedness – a proof of concept initiative	\$1.13	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Michael Epton	Canterbury District Health Board
16/780	Diabetes	Improving metformin adherence and persistence in people with type 2 diabetes	\$0.21	Joint Research Partnership Project	Associate Professor Lianne Parkin	University of Otago
16/736	Diabetes	Mana Tū: a whānau ora approach to long term conditions	\$2.38	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Matire Harwood	National Hauora Coalition
16/726	Diabetes	Innovative management of diabetes with a comprehensive digital health programme	\$1.59	Joint Research Partnership Project	Professor Diana Sarfati	University of Otago
16/724	Diabetes	Preventing type 2 diabetes with Probiotics and Prebiotics (PDP2)	\$1.80	Joint Research Partnership Project	Professor Jeremy Krebs	University of Otago
16/713	Diabetes	The Pasifika Prediabetes Youth Empowerment Programme (PPYEP)	\$1.00	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Tupa'ilevailigi Ridvan Firestone	Massey University

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16/704	Child development	He Puna Reo He Puna Oranga Whānau: Impact of urban Puna Reo on health & wellbeing	\$0.19	NKK Project	Ms Toni Roberts	Te Puna Reo o Nga Kakano Charitable Trust
16/703	Environmental Health	Te Ohu Mo Papatuanuku: Contaminated Site Toolkit for Community Use	\$0.20	NKK Project	Ms Tracey Godfery	Te Runanga o Ngati Awa
16/697	Infectious disease	Collaborative fever etiology research in South East Asia	\$0.45	Project JRP	Professor John Crump	University of Otago
16/688	Oncology / Cancer	Targeting HP1 regulated pathways to suppress breast cell invasion	\$0.20	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Tracy Hale	Massey University
16/690	Oncology / Cancer	Using CRISPR-Cas9 to predict sensitivity to trastuzumab emtansine	\$0.14	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Francis Hunter	The University of Auckland
16/623	Gastrointestinal disease	Reducing gut dysfunction and organ dysfunction in severe acute pancreatitis	\$0.40	International Relationship Fund	Professor John Windsor	The University of Auckland
16/586	Wellness	Whakarauora Hapori	\$0.48	Award Maori Health Postdoc. Fellow	Dr Ruakere Hond	Te Pou Tiringa Incorporated
16/555	Health services - delivery	Ambulatory sensitive hospitalisations of Pacific children in New Zealand; the parents' perspectives	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD	Mrs Ellaine Ete Rasch	Victoria University of Wellington
16/550	CNS/neurological	Development of a Neural Interface for Prosthetics	\$0.11	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Mr Mahonri Owen	University of Waikato
16/541	Environmental health	Kia Maanu, Kia Ora: Examining Māori Water Safety	\$0.08	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Dr Chanel Phillips	University of Otago
16/516	Gambling	Exploring the perceptions and experiences of Tongan males towards gambling in NZ	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD Scholarship	Mr Edmond Fehoko	Auckland University of Technology
16/508	Ageing	Improving the uptake of hearing health services in older Pasifika people	\$0.29	Pacific Health Postdoc Fellowship	Dr Ravi Reddy	The University of Auckland
16/491	Reproduction/ fertility/sexual health	Investigating customary Māori philosophies regarding the whare tangata (womb)	\$0.11	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Ngahua Murphy	University of Waikato
16/477	Alcohol/drugs of dependence	Maraea - supportive solutions for indigenous children who misuse substances	\$0.54	Award Maori Health Postdoc. Fellow	Dr Lisa Chant	Auckland University of Technology
16/468	Mental health	Pacific peoples experience of mental disorder and mental health services	\$0.02	Pacific Health Masters	Mrs Acelini Hakopa	University of Otago
16/462	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Kava drink-driving: Driver safety and injury minimisation to improve health	\$0.23	Pacific Health Postdoc Fellowship	Dr Apo Aporosa	University of Waikato
16/453	Injury – intentional and unintentional	Koi Te Mata Punenga	\$0.30	Award Nga Pou Senior Fellowship	Dr Leonie Pihama	University of Waikato
16/452	Infectious disease	Inflammation or infection? The role of biomarkers after colon surgery	\$0.17	Pacific Health Clinical Training Fellow	Dr Bruce Su'a	The University of Auckland
16/450	Aging	A Qualitative Investigation of Experiences of Aged Residential Care by Māori	\$0.1	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Karen Keelan	University of Otago
16/449	Other	Optimising Post-Operative Pain Relief Following Abdominal Surgery	\$0.11	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Dr Jamie-Lee Rahiri	The University of Auckland
16/440	Wellness	Taiora Taimau	\$0.30	Award Nga Pou Senior Fellowship	Dr Mihi Ratima	Te Pou Tiringa Incorporated

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
16/125	Respiratory disease / asthma	High flow nasal cannulae therapy in COPD and Heart Failure	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Steven McKinstry	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
16/083	Child development	IL-1 signalling and developmental programming of offspring metabolic health	\$0.41	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Clare Reynolds	The University of Auckland
16/072	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Prescription Medicine Use in Pregnancy	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Sarah Donald	University of Otago
16/065	Respiratory disease / asthma	A model of care for Māori and Pacific People with chronic airways disease	\$0.24	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Sandra Hotu	The University of Auckland
16/058	Health services – knowledge resources	Ethnic differences in energy metabolism among New Zealanders	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Patricia Whitfield	University of Otago
16/054	Oncology / Cancer	Predicting brain tumour prognosis from cell immortality pathways.	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Tania Slatter	University of Otago
16/045	Health services - clinical	Serotonin agonists to prevent post-operative ileus after abdominal surgery	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Tony Milne	The University of Auckland
16/043	Child development	Can placental stem cells be used to improve fetal outcomes?	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Joanna James	The University of Auckland
16/037	Infectious disease	Vitamin C requirement and mechanisms of action in severe infection	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Associate Professor Anitra Carr	University of Otago
16/034	CNS/ Neurological Disorders	Taking Charge After Stroke (TACAS)	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Vivian Fu	Medical Research Institute of New Zealand
16/022	Rheumatology / arthritis	Osteoarthritis: a case of cellular mismanagement?	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Raewyn Poulsen	The University of Auckland
16/003	Child development	Extending the window of opportunity for saving babies brains	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Joanne Davidson	The University of Auckland
15/696	Oncology / Cancer	When is enough, enough? Margins of excision after breast conservation for BCa.	\$0.20	Joint Research Partnership Project	Associate Professor Ian Campbell	The University of Auckland
15/688	Injury (intentional and unintentional)	Kokiritia te Ora: Promoting Vitality, Enhancing Belonging for Ngatiwai Tamariki	\$0.2	NKK Project	Mr. Wi Pirihi	Ngatiwai Education
15/681	Mental Health	Te Ara Riiriki	\$0.17	NKK Project	Ms Ngaropi Cameron	Tu Tama Wahine o Taranaki
15/678	Wellness	Association between Maori cultural identity and health	\$0.19	Ngā Kanohi Kitea Project	Mrs Teresa Kirkwood	Ngati Tamaoho Trust
15/642	Oncology / Cancer	Understanding the role of aspirin in breast cancer treatment	\$0.2	Joint Research Partnership Project	Dr Anita Dunbier	University of Otago
15/476	Other	Towards medical education that addresses Indigenous rights to health	\$0.057	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Anna Fay	The University of Auckland
15/471	Reproduction / fertility / sexual health	Iho - a cord between two worlds. Traditional Maori Birthing Practices.	\$0.08	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Kelly Tikao	University of Canterbury
15/460	Obesity	Pasifika solutions to reduce sugary drink consumption	\$0.30	Pacific Health Davis Award	Dr Gerhard Sundborn	The University of Auckland
15/454	Rheumatology / arthritis	Lipid profiles as a risk factor for metabolic disease in Polynesians	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD	Miss Jaye Moors	University of Otago

HRC Ref	Focus Area	Proposal Title	\$m	Contract Type	Lead Researcher	Host Organisation
15/447	Child development	Developing a Pacific Youth Health Model	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD	Ms Hana Tuisano	Massey University
15/446	Oncology / Cancer	Teaching immune cells old tricks: an innovative strategy for treating Cancer	\$0.39	Award Maori Health Postdoc Fellow	Dr Kimiora Henare	The University of Auckland
15/428	Other	A kaupapa Maori feasibility study to improve type 2 diabetes in Whangaroa	\$0.34	Award Maori Health Postdoc. Fellow	Dr Jennifer Reid	The University of Auckland
15/426	Other	Maori participation in traditional Maori health practices	\$0.11	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Erena Wikaire	The University of Auckland
15/413	Health services - delivery	'Created Equal': Investigating health system perspectives of disparities	\$0.07	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Mrs Tania Huria	University of Otago
15/403	Wellness	Food availability for Maori children - A rights based approach	\$0.12	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Christina McKerchar	University of Otago
15/397	Wellness	Pacific students' health, wellbeing & success in higher education	\$0.1	Pacific Health PhD	Associate Professor Faafetai Sopoaga	University of Otago
15/081	Respiratory disease / asthma	Registry based clinical trials	\$0.80	Award Practitioner Research Fellowship	Professor Dr Ralph Stewart	Auckland District Health Board
15/035	Diabetes	New insights into pancreatogenic diabetes	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Associate Professor Max Petrov	The University of Auckland
15/030	Other	Towards the treatment of toxic thoracic lymph in critical illness	\$0.25	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Dr Alistair Escott	The University of Auckland
15/019	Biomedical - psychology	Chronic stress induced adaptations in hypothalamic brain circuits	\$0.49	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Karl Iremonger	University of Otago
15/008	Obesity	Better Outcomes after Bariatric Surgery: The BOBS Study	\$0.17	Clinical Research Training Fellowship	Dr Melanie Lauti	The University of Auckland
14/512	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Samoan peoples' experiences of CVD pathways of care	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD	Victoria Lesatele	Massey University
14/081	CNS/ Neurological Disorders	A kaupapa Maori intervention for stroke-related communication disorders	\$0.37	Award Maori Health Postdoc Fellow	Dr Karen Brewer	The University of Auckland
14/064	Mental health	Cook Island youth views toward positive mental wellbeing and suicide prevention.	\$0.11	Pacific Health PhD	Miss Eliza Puna	The University of Auckland
14/052	Oncology / Cancer	Testicular cancer in Maori men: what is driving the disparity?	\$0.36	Award Maori Health Postdoc Fellow	Dr Jason Gurney	University of Otago
14/047	CNS/ Neurological Disorders	Use of EpiNet platform for clinical trials & epidemiological studies in epilepsy	\$0.91	Award Practitioner Research Fellowship	Dr Peter Bergin	Auckland DHB Charitable Trust
14/031A	Oncology / Cancer	Diet and risk of colorectal cancer in UK Biobank	\$0.08	Award Girdler's	Dr Kathryn Bradbury	The University of Auckland
14/016	Child development	Pathways to healthy development in New Zealand preschool children	\$0.25	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Cordelia Russell	The University of Auckland
14/015	Vision / hearing / speech	Spatially-resolved metabolomics of cataractogenesis	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Angus Grey	The University of Auckland
14/010	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Can we predict CVD risk population-wide using only routinely collected data?	\$0.17	Award Clinical Research Training Fellow	Dr Suneela Mehta	The University of Auckland

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14/002	Vision / hearing / speech	A novel biosynthetic tissue substitute for transplantation	\$0.50	Award Practitioner Research Fellowship	Professor Dipika Patel	The University of Auckland
13/590	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Kaupapa Maori Evaluation of a Health Literacy-Appropriate CVD Intervention	\$0.11	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Dr Teah Carlson	Massey University
13/575	Oncology / Cancer	Taku aroha ki nga tai e ngunguru e ra: Transforming Maori health cancer workforce	\$0.11	Award Maori PhD Scholarship	Ms Monica Koia	Massey University
13/049	Oncology / Cancer	Switching off tumour-promoting immune cells to develop novel cancer therapies	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Associate Professor Bridget Stocker	Research Trust of Victoria University of Wellington
13/014	Cardio / cerebrovascular disease	Brainstem Hypoperfusion as a Causative Mechanism for Neurogenic Hypertension	\$0.50	Award Sir Charles Hercus Fellowship	Dr Fiona McBryde	The University of Auckland
12/850	Aging	Implementing Models of Primary Healthcare for Older Adults with Complex Needs	\$1.2	Joint Research Partnership Project	Associate Professor Timothy Kenealy	The University of Auckland

Appendix 6. Glossary of Abbreviations and Terms

Abbreviation and Term

ACC	Accident Compensation Corporation
ACTA	Australian Clinical Trials Alliance
ANZCTR	Australian New Zealand Clinical Trials Registry
Beaven Medal	Recognises excellence in translational health research that has had high impact on clinical practice and patient health
CPN	Commercialisation Partner Network
DHB	District Health Board
DMCC	Data Monitoring Core Committee
EU	European Union
GACD	Global Alliance for Chronic Diseases
GTAC	Gene Technology Advisory Committee
HDEC	Health and Disability Ethics Committee
HRC	Health Research Council of New Zealand
HRCEC	HRC Ethics Committee
HWNZ	Health and Wellbeing in New Zealand Research Investment Stream
IHRAC	International Health Research Advisory Committee
IOACC	Improving Outcomes for Acute and Chronic Conditions Research Investment Stream
IRO	Independent Research Organisation
Key Decision Drivers	Goals of the HRC because they drive everything we do
MBIE	Ministry of Business, Innovation and Employment
MoH	Ministry of Health
MSD	Ministry of Social Development
NGO	Non-Government Organisation
NIMH	National Institute of Mental Health in the USA
NKK	Ngā Kanohi Kitea
NZHD	New Zealand Health Delivery
NZHRS	New Zealand Health Research Strategy
NZRIS	New Zealand Research Information System
Outcomes	The benefits that our Impacts will ultimately bring for New Zealand society. These are not directly measurable and so we track our progress through surrogate measures against our Impacts
Output	The government allocation from which our funding is drawn – each output provides funding for a specific purpose. The HRC receives funding from four different funding Outputs
PHARMAC	Pharmaceutical Management Agency
Prioritisation Framework	New Zealand Health Research Prioritisation Framework, which is a key tool in our efforts to ensure that every dollar invested is addressing issues that matter most to New Zealanders
Research impact	The direct and indirect influence of excellent research on individuals, communities or society as a whole, including improvements to health and equity, and other social, economic, cultural or environmental benefits for Aotearoa/New Zealand
RHM	Rangahau Hauora Māori Research Investment Stream
RIS	Research Investment Streams - we have four RIS that collectively reflect the full spectrum of possible health research activities in New Zealand that HRC may support. We use these streams to signal our priorities to the research community
RPNZHD	Research Partnerships for New Zealand Health Delivery
SCHPF	Sir Charles Hercus Postdoctoral Fellowships
SCOTT	Standing Committee on Therapeutic Trials
Te Tohu Rapuora award	To recognise the contribution to Māori health leadership of a single researcher, research team, or community group through a single piece of research, accumulated body of research, or life-time contribution
TTO	Technology Transfer Office



*We invest in excellent
health research that
addresses the health needs
of all New Zealanders.*



Health Research Council
of New Zealand

Te Kaunihera Rangahau Hauora o Aotearoa

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Published by the Health Research Council of New Zealand
PO Box 5541, Victoria Street West, Auckland 1142, New Zealand
Telephone 09 303 5200, Email info@hrc.govt.nz

This document is available on the Health Research Council of New Zealand Website:
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